

NEWS Release

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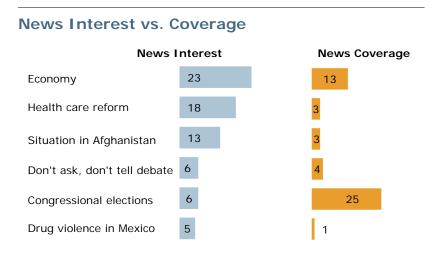
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: Wednesday, September 29, 2010

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: Andrew Kohut, Director Michael Remez, Senior Writer

Few Have Heard a Lot about GOP's "Pledge to America" Elections Dominate Coverage, Not Public Interest

While the 2010 midterm congressional elections dominated media coverage last week, the public focused more on news about the nation's struggling economy.

Nearly a quarter (23%) of the public says they followed news about the economy more closely than any other major story. Just 6% say they followed news about this year's congressional elections most closely, according to the latest News Interest Index survey of 1,010 adults



News interest shows the percentage of people who say they followed this story most closely, Pew Research Center for the People & the Press, September 23-26, 2010. News coverage shows the percentage of news coverage devoted to each story, Pew Research Center's Project for Excellence in Journalism, September 20-26, 2010.

conducted Sept. 23-26 by the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press.

The midterm election campaign accounted for 25% of news coverage, almost double the 13% given to news about the economy, according to a separate analysis by the Pew Research Center's Project for Excellence in Journalism (PEJ).

More than four-in-ten Americans (43%) say they followed economic news very closely, compared with 25% who tracked campaign news very closely. About as many Democrats (26%) as Republicans (30%) say they are following campaign news very closely; 22% of independents say the same.

Many Aware of Possible GOP Majority; Pledge Less Widely Known

Most Americans say they have heard at least a little about the possibility that Republicans will win a majority of seats in Congress on Nov. 2. About four-in-ten (42%) say they have heard a lot about this, while 35% say they have heard a little.

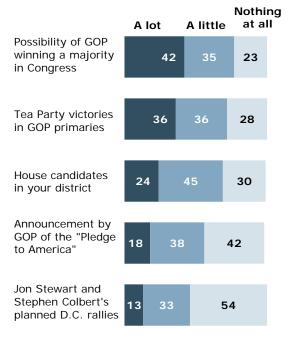
Slightly fewer people (36%) say they have heard a lot about victories by candidates associated with the Tea Party movement in recent Republican primaries; another 36% say they heard a little about victories by Tea Party-affiliated candidates.

Fewer say they have heard a lot about the House candidates in their districts (24%), while 45% say they have heard a little about this.

Just 18% say they have heard a lot about the legislative blueprint unveiled by House GOP leaders, called "A Pledge to America." Close to four-in-ten (38%) say they heard a little about this, while 42% say they heard nothing at all.

Many Aware of Possible Change in Congressional Majority

How much have you heard about ...



PEW RESEARCH CENTER September 23-26, 2010.

Still fewer (13%) say they have heard a lot about the Washington rallies planned by Comedy Central hosts Jon Stewart and Stephen Colbert. A third (33%) say they heard a little about the rallies, while just more than half (54%) say they heard nothing at all.

Modest Partisan Differences in Awareness of Campaign Events

Republicans are more likely to say they have heard a lot about the possibility that the GOP could win a majority in Congress (51%) than are Democrats or independents (both 41%). On other questions, though, the differences are slim or not significant.

More than four-in-ten Republicans (43%) say they have heard a lot about the recent Tea Party candidate victories in GOP primaries, not much different from the 34% of both Democrats and independents that say this.

Nearly a quarter of Republicans (23%) say they heard a lot about the GOP "Pledge to America"

Republicans More Aware of Talk of **Possible GOP Majority**

	Total	Rep	Dem	Ind			
% heard "a lot" about	%	%	%	%			
Possibility that GOP could win majority in Congress	42	51	41	41			
Tea Party victories in GOP primaries	36	43	34	34			
Candidates running for U.S. House in your district	24	30	27	18			
New GOP Pledge to America	18	23	15	20			
Jon Stewart and Stephen Colbert plan DC rallies	13	11	16	12			
PEW RESEARCH CENTER September 23-26, 2010.							

announced late last week, while 20% of independents and 15% of Democrats say they heard a lot about this.

Three-in-ten Republicans (30%) say they have heard a lot about the candidates for the U.S. House in their districts, about the same as the 27% of Democrats that say this.

Few in any group say they have heard a lot about the Washington rallies planned by Comedy Central stars Jon Stewart and Stephen Colbert; 16% of Democrats, 12% of independents and 11% of Republicans say they have heard a lot about this.

In general, older Americans are much more likely to have heard a lot about these developments than those under 30 – except for the rally by Stewart and Colbert. For example, nearly six-in-ten (59%) of those 65 and older say they have heard a lot about the possibility that the GOP could win a majority in Congress, while 18% of those 18-29 say they have heard a lot about this. On the other hand, 14% of those 18 to 29 have heard a lot about the Oct. 30 rallies, about the same as the older age groups.

The Week's News

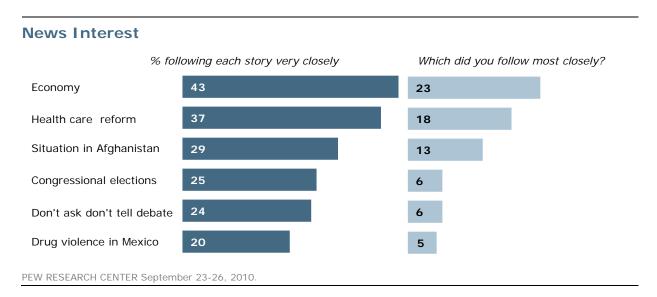
While news about the economy topped the News Interest Index (23% most closely), nearly as many (18%) say they tracked news about portions of the federal health care law taking effect more closely than other major news. Almost four-in-ten (37%) say they followed this news very closely. Reporting about the new law made up 3% of the newshole as measured by PEJ.

Republicans and Democrats are equally likely to say they followed news about the new health care law very closely (36% each), but women are more likely than men to say they followed this news very closely (40% vs. 33%).

More than one-in-ten (13%) say they followed news about the situation in Afghanistan most closely, while 29% say they followed news about the situation there very closely. News about Afghanistan made up 3% of coverage. News about Bob Woodward's new book, which delves into how the Obama administration arrived at its Afghanistan strategy, accounted for a separate 3%, according to PEJ.

Fewer than one-in-ten (6%) say they followed the debate in Congress over the Pentagon's "Don't Ask, Don't Tell" policy concerning gays in the military most closely, while 24% say they followed this debate very closely. News about the policy made up 4% of coverage.

Another 5% say they followed news about drug violence in Mexico most closely, while 20% say they followed this news very closely. News about the situation in Mexico made up 1% of coverage.



These findings are based on the most recent installment of the weekly News Interest Index, an ongoing project of the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press. The index, building on the Center's longstanding research into public attentiveness to major news stories, examines news interest as it relates to the news media's coverage. The weekly survey is conducted in conjunction with The Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, which monitors the news reported by major

newspaper, television, radio and online news outlets on an ongoing basis. In the most recent week, data relating to news coverage were collected September 20-26, and survey data measuring public interest in the top news stories of the week were collected September 23-26, from a nationally representative sample of 1,010 adults.

About the News Interest Index

The News Interest Index is a weekly survey conducted by the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press aimed at gauging the public's interest in and reaction to major news events. This project has been undertaken in conjunction with the Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, an ongoing content analysis of the news. The News Coverage Index catalogues the news from top news organizations across five major sectors of the media: newspapers, network television, cable television, radio and the internet. Each week (from Monday through Sunday) PEJ compiles this data to identify the top stories for the week. (For more information about the Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, go to www.journalism.org.) The News Interest Index survey collects data from Thursday through Sunday to gauge public interest in the most covered stories of the week.

Results for this survey are based on telephone interviews conducted under the direction of Princeton Survey Research Associates International among a national sample of 1,010 adults living in the continental United States, 18 years of age or older, from September 23-26, 2010 (675 respondents were interviewed on a landline telephone, and 335 were interviewed on a cell phone, including 148 who had no landline telephone). Both the landline and cell phone samples were provided by Survey Sampling International. Interviews were conducted in English.

The combined landline and cell phone sample are weighted using an iterative technique that matches gender, age, education, race, Hispanic origin, region, and population density to parameters from the March 2009 Census Bureau's Current Population Survey. The sample is also weighted to match current patterns of telephone status based on extrapolations from the 2009 National Health Interview Survey. The weighting procedure also accounts for the fact that respondents with both landline and cell phones have a greater probability of being included in the combined sample and adjusts for household size within the landline sample. Sampling errors and statistical tests of significance take into account the effect of weighting. The following table shows the error attributable to sampling that would be expected at the 95% level of confidence for different groups in the survey:

Group	Sample Size	Plus or minus
Total sample	1,010	4.0 percentage points
Republicans	273	7.5 percentage points
Democrats	321	7.0 percentage points
Independents	344	6.5 percentage points

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.

About the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press

The Pew Research Center for the People & the Press is an independent opinion research group that studies attitudes toward the press, politics and public policy issues. We are sponsored by The Pew Charitable Trusts and are one of seven projects that make up the Pew Research Center, a nonpartisan "fact tank" that provides information on the issues, attitudes and trends shaping America and the world.

The Center's purpose is to serve as a forum for ideas on the media and public policy through public opinion research. In this role it serves as an important information resource for political leaders, journalists, scholars, and public interest organizations. All of our current survey results are made available free of charge.

All of the Center's research and reports are collaborative products based on the input and analysis of the entire Center staff consisting of:

Andrew Kohut, Director
Scott Keeter, Director of Survey Research
Carroll Doherty and Michael Dimock, Associate Directors
Michael Remez, Senior Writer
Leah Christian and Jocelyn Kiley, Senior Researchers
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Mattie Ressler and Danielle Gewurz, Research Assistants

For more information about the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press' weekly News Interest Index, go to www.people-press.org.

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PEW RESEARCH CENTER NEWS INTEREST INDEX SEPTEMBER 23-26, 2010 OMNIBUS FINAL TOPLINE N=1010

PEW.1-PEW.3 PREVIOUSLY RELEASED

ASK ALL:

PEW.4 As I read a list of some stories covered by news organizations this past week, please tell me if you happened to follow each news story very closely, fairly closely, not too closely, or not at all closely. First, [INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE] [IF NECESSARY "Did you follow [ITEM] very closely, fairly closely, not too closely or not at all closely?"]

		Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too closely	Not at all closely	(VOL.) DK/Ref
a. Repor	ts about the condition of the U.S.	_	_	_	-	
Sep	tember 23-26, 2010	43	34	13	9	1
Sep	tember 16-19, 2010	37	30	16	16	1
Sep	tember 2-6, 2010	43	31	13	12	*
Aug	just 19-22, 2010	39	31	14	15	1
Aug	just 5-8, 2010	39	33	14	13	1
July	, 29-August 1, 2010	51	33	11	5	*
-	, 22-25, 2010	46	33	14	6	1
•	15-18, 2010	37	33	14	15	1
July	8-11, 2010	36	33	15	16	*
July	<i>,</i> 1-5, 2010	48	30	13	8	*
Jun	e 24-27, 2010	37	37	15	11	1
Jun	e 17-20, 2010	38	34	15	13	*
Jun	e 10-13, 2010	39	35	17	9	*
Jun	e 3-6, 2010	35	33	16	14	1
May	, 27-30, 2010	43	29	13	15	*
May	, 20-23, 2010	40	35	13	11	*
May	<i>,</i> 13-16, 2010	49	32	11	8	1
-	<i>,</i> 7-10, 2010	42	34	11	12	*
_	il 30-May 3, 2010	32	37	17	14	1
Apr	il 23-26, 2010	42	31	13	14	*
Apr	il 16-19, 2010	40	32	14	14	0
Apr	il 9-12, 2010	40	32	15	13	*
Apr	il 1-5, 2010	33	34	14	19	*
Mar	ch 19-22, 2010	41	32	14	13	*
Mar	ch 12-15, 2010	41	35	12	12	*
Mar	ch 5-8, 2010	40	34	12	13	*
Feb	ruary 26-March 1, 2010	31	33	17	19	*
Feb	ruary 19-22, 2010	38	34	15	12	*
Feb	ruary 12-15, 2010	35	34	15	16	*
Feb	ruary 5-8, 2010	43	36	13	9	*
Jan	uary 29-February 1, 2010	45	32	13	10	*
Jan	uary 22-25, 2010	41	34	14	10	*
Jan	uary 15-18, 2010	37	38	14	11	*
Jan	uary 8-11, 2010	39	33	15	12	*
Dec	ember 18-21, 2009	45	31	14	10	0
Dec	ember 11-14, 2009	42	31	14	13	*
Dec	ember 4-7, 2009	41	36	13	9	1
Nov	vember 13-16, 2009	38	33	14	15	*
Oct	ober 30-November 2, 2009	34	32	17	16	*
Oct	ober 23-26, 2009	44	30	15	10	1
Oct	ober 9-12, 2009	41	29	16	13	*
Oct	ober 2-5, 2009	44	30	15	11	0
Sep	tember 25-28, 2009	44	37	10	10	*
Sep	tember 18-21, 2009	44	34	15	7	*
Sep	tember 11-14, 2009	45	32	14	9	*

.4 CONTINUED	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
	closely	closely	closely	closely	DK/Ref
September 3-6, 2009	41	31	15	13	*
August 28-31, 2009	45	30	13	12	1
August 21-24, 2009	50	27	13	10	i 1
August 14-17, 2009	41	37	11	12	*
August 7-10, 2009	42	34	13	10	*
9	46	34	11	8	*
July 31-August 3, 2009	45	35	12	8	*
July 24-27, 2009	43	35 35	11	o 11	1
July 17-20, 2009					1 *
July 10-13, 2009	37 38	38 35	13 15	11 12	*
July 2-5, 2009					*
June 19-22, 2009	42	33	15 12	10 12	*
June 12-15, 2009	41	35	12		*
June 5-8, 2009	41	34	11	14	*
May 29-June 1, 2009	43	37	11	8	*
May 21-24, 2009	44	35	13	9	*
May 15-18, 2009	44	35	12	8	*
May 8-11, 2009	42	34	12	12	
May 1-4, 2009	47	36	11	5	1
April 17-20, 2009	52	30	10	7	1
April 9-13, 2009	48	29	13	10	0
March 27-30, 2009	48	32	10	10	*
March 20-23, 2009	52	34	8	6	*
March 13-16, 2009	48	33	9	10	*
February 27-March 2, 2009	56	30	8	6	*
February 13-16, 2009	55	29	10	6	*
January 30-February 2, 2009	52	31	12	5	*
January 23-26, 2009	57	30	8	5	0
January 16-19, 2009	43	35	13	9	*
January 2-4, 2009	42	36	15	7	*
December 12-15, 2008	51	33	9	7	*
December 5-8, 2008	42	38	13	7	*
November 21-24, 2008	59	24	9	8	*
November 14-17, 2008	56	29	9	6	*
November 7-10, 2008	54	31	8	7	*
October 31-November 3, 2008	63	27	6	4	*
October 24-27, 2008	52	35	7	5	1
October 17-20, 2008	62	29	6	3	*
October 10-13, 2008	65	25	7	3	*
October 3-6, 2008	69	23	5	3	*
September 26-29, 2008	70	22	5	3	*
September 19-22, 2008	56	27	12	5	*
September 5-8, 2008	44	33	16	7	*
August 29-31, 2008	41	34	13	11	1
August 15-18, 2008	39	36	15	10	*
August 8-11, 2008	39	35	16	10	*
August 1-4, 2008	47	34	11	8	0
July 25-28, 2008	46	32	10	12	*
July 18-21, 2008	45	33	13	9	*
July 11-14, 2008	44	33	12	10	1
June 27-30, 2008	49	31	12	7	1
June 13-16, 2008	42	33	14	11	*
May 9-12, 2008	45	31	13	11	*
May 2-5, 2008	43	31	15	10	1
April 18-21, 2008	41	35	13	10	1
April 4-7, 2008	39	37	12	12	*
March 28-31, 2008	42	36	14	8	*
March 20-24, 2008	42 45	33	13	9	*
February 29-March 3, 2008	38	35	15	11	1
February 15-18, 2008	36 37	36	11	16	8
1 Col daily 10-10, 2000	37	30	1 1	10	O

W.4 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
5 1 4 4 0000	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	DK/Ref
February 1-4, 2008	40	37	14	8	1 *
January 18-21, 2008	42	31	16	11	
January 11-14, 2008	36	32	15	16	1
November 2-5, 2007	27	37	16	19	1 *
October 19-22, 2007	25	34	20	21	*
August 10-13, 2007	28	36	18	18	
Mid-November, 2006	31	40	17	11	1
December, 2005	35	35	18	11	1 *
Early November, 2005	35	39	17	9	
Mid-May, 2005	30	39	19 17	11 7	1 *
January, 2005	35 30	41 43	16	7 10	1
Mid-October, 2004			15		1
Early September, 2004	39 27	34	15 15	11 7	 *
Mid-January, 2004	37 35	41 38	14	, 11	2
December, 2003	40	34	15		1
November, 2003	32	3 4 39	16	10 12	1
October, 2003 September, 2003	32 39	39	18	12	1
March, 2003	40	35	16	8	1
February, 2003	42	33	15	10	*
December, 2002	38	34	17	10	1
February, 2002	35	40	15	9	1
January, 2002 January, 2002	30	44	16	9	1
December, 2001	37	40	13	8	2
Mid-November, 2001	41	36	15	7	1
June, 2001	24	41	18	, 16	1
May, 2001	34	36	15	15	Ö
April, 2001	36	34	16	13	1
February, 2001	30	39	18	12	1
January, 2001	32	38	17	11	2
June, 1995	26	41	22	11	*
March, 1995	27	45	19	9	*
February, 1995	23	41	22	13	1
December, 1994	28	43	20	9	*
October, 1994	27	40	20	12	1
June, 1994	25	42	23	10	*
May, 1994	33	40	16	10	1
January, 1994	34	39	16	10	1
Early January, 1994	36	44	13	7	*
December, 1993	35	41	15	8	1
October, 1993	33	38	20	9	*
September, 1993	37	40	14	8	1
Early September, 1993	39	39	14	9	*
August, 1993	41	36	14	9	*
May, 1993	37	38	18	6	1
February, 1993	49	36	10	5	*
January, 1993	42	39	12	7	*
September, 1992	43	37	13	6	1
May, 1992	39	39	15	6	1
March, 1992	47	38	11	4	*
February, 1992	47	37	10	6	*
January, 1992	44	40	11	5	*
October, 1991	36	38	16	9	1
Debate about whether Congress should repeal the "Don't Ask, Don't Tell" policy concerning					
gays in the military					
September 23-26, 2010	24	30	22	22	2

-	W.4 33WIIII32B	Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too closely	Not at all closely	(VOL.) DK/Ref
	TRENDS FOR COMPARISON: May 27-30, 2010: Congressional debate	<u></u> _		- 3		
	over whether to repeal the "Don't Ask, Don't					
	Tell" policy concerning gays in the military February 5-8, 2010: Military leaders saying	16	22	24	37	1
	they support allowing gays to serve openly in the military	19	31	26	24	*
	August, 1993: Bill Clinton's decision to ease the ban on homosexuals in the military	44	37	13	5	1
	February, 1993: Bill Clinton's attempts to lift the ban on gays in the military	45	35	14	6	*
C.	The current situation and events in Afghanistan					
	September 23-26, 2010	29	40	19	11	1
	September 9-12, 2010	30	33	20	17	*
	July 29-August 1, 2010	34	35	22	9	*
	July 15-18, 2010	22	33	23	22	*
	July 8-11, 2010	23	32	24	20	1
	July 1-5, 2010	29	34	23	14	1
	June 17-20, 2010	21	30	27	22	*
	May 20-23, 2010	22	33	25	20	*
	April 9-12, 2010	21	29	27	22	1
	TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:					
	June 24-27, 2010: General Stanley					
	McChrystal resigning as head of U.S. forces					
	in Afghanistan after being quoted criticizing President Obama and his Afghanistan					
	strategy February 19-22, 2010: The U.S. military	28	31	19	21	1
	effort in Afghanistan January 8-11, 2010: Suicide bombing that	24	36	21	19	*
	killed seven Americans at a CIA base in					
	Afghanistan December 11-14, 2009: The U.S. military	24	31	27	17	1
	effort in Afghanistan	35	33	18	13	*
	December 4-7, 2009: President Obama's decision to send more U.S. troops to	00	00	10	10	
	Afghanistan	43	33	14	8	1
	November 20-23, 2009: The debate over				· ·	•
	whether to send more troops to Afghanistan	29	31	17	22	1
	November 13-16, 2009	29	28	20	22	1
	November 6-9, 2009: The U.S. military					-
	effort in Afghanistan	22	35	24	18	*
	October 30-November 2, 2009	24	32	21	22	*
	October 23-26, 2009	32	29	21	18	*
	October 16-19, 2009	25	31	20	24	*
	October 9-12, 2009	31	31	21	17	0
	September 25-28, 2009: The debate over	31	01	2.1	17	Ü
	whether to send more troops to Afghanistan	27	40	17	16	*
	September 18-21, 2009: <i>The U.S. military</i>	27	40	1,	10	
	effort in Afghanistan	26	33	25	16	*
	September 11-14, 2009	25	35 35	22	18	1
	September 11-14, 2009 September 3-6, 2009	23	33	23	21	0
	August 7-10, 2009	23 24	33 32	23 23	21	1
	March 20-23, 2009	24 24	32 32	23 22	22	1 *
	WIGH 6/1 20-23, 2007	4	JZ	~~	22	

TEW. 4 CONTINUED		Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too closely	Not at all closely	(VOL.) DK/Ref
	3, 2009: <i>The Obama</i>					
administration':	s decision to send 17,000					
	troops to Afghanistan	27	29	24	19	1
	oruary 2, 2009: <i>The U.S.</i>					
military effort i	•	26	34	24	16	*
January 2-4, 20	009	22	33	23	21	1
October 24-27,		28	32	22	17	1
	2008: The military effort in					
	ainst Taliban fighters	19	34	29	18	*
September 12-		21	34	25	19	1
August 29-31, 2		18	27	32	23	*
July 18-21, 200		27	33	24	16	*
July 11-14, 200	08	19	28	29	23	1
July 3-7, 2008		19	28	32	21	*
June 20-23, 20		20	30	30	20	*
	: The U.S. military effort in	41	38	13	7	1
Afghanistan					_	
June, 2002		38	32	20	9	1
April, 2002		39	39	13	8	1
Early April, 200		45	37	12	5	1
February, 2002		47	39	8	5	1
January, 2002		51	35	9	4	1
December, 200		44	38	12	5	1
Mid-November,		49	36	11	3	1
Early Novembe		45	36	12	6	1
Mid-October, 20	JU I	51	35	10	3	1
	year's congressional elections					
September 23-		25	33	23	18	1
September 16-	19, 2010	23	26	23	27	1
September 9-1		22	23	21	34	1
September 2-6		26	24	23	26	1
August 26-29,2		20	27	23	28	1
August 19-22, 2		19	23	24	33	1
August 12-15,		20	22	19	38	1
July 29-August		29	34	22	14	*
July 15-18, 201		17	23	26	33	1
June 10-13, 20		20	29	24	27	1
May 20-23, 201		23	25	24	27	*
April 23-26, 20		20	25	19	35	*
March 5-8, 201		25	27	21	26	1
January 8-11, 2		20	24	26	29	1
TRENDS FOR CO						
	2008: News about	20	25	2.4	20	1
	local and statewide elections	20	35	24	20	1
	r, 2006: <i>News about</i>					
	election campaigns in your	27	27	18	17	1
state and distri		27	37 45	18 17	17	1
Late October, 2		27	45 30		11 15	
Early October, 2		21 16	38	25 28	15 23	1 1
Early Septembe August, 2006	51 , ZUUU	20	32 29	28 28	23 22	1
<u> </u>		20 18		28 29	22 21	2
June, 2006 May, 2006		18 18	30 28	29 30	21	2 1
Early Novembe	r 2002 (PVs)	27	26 46	30 18	23 9	1 *
Late October, 2		27 28	46 34	18 24	9 13	1
Early October, 2		20 21	34 46	24	10	1
Early September		17	29	29	24	1
Late October, 1		26	45	29	9	! *
Late October, 1	,,,, (1,13)	20	73	20	,	

PEW.4 CC	DNIINUED					
		Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
	2	closely	<u>closely</u>	closely	closely	DK/Ref
	y October, 1998 (RVs)	21	43	24	11	1
	y September, 1998	17	32	28	23	*
	y August, 1998	13	30	28	23	1
	e, 1998	9	27	33	30	1
	il, 1998 ¹	16	33	24	27	*
	ember, 1994	18	42	25	15	*
	e October, 1994	14	38	31	16	1
	y October, 1994	23	34	23	19	1
	tember, 1994	19	34	29	18	*
	rember, 1990	38	34	17	11	*
Octo	ober, 1990	18	32	28	22	*
	about portions of this year's health care					
reforn	n law beginning to take effect					
Sep	tember 23-26, 2010	37	31	17	14	1
TREN	DS FOR COMPARISON:					
Apri	il 16-19, 2010: <i>News about the new</i>					
hea	Ith care reform law	40	30	16	14	*
Apri	il 9-12, 2010	46	27	15	12	*
Apri	il 1-5, 2010	42	27	14	16	*
Mar	ch 26-29, 2010: Debate over health care					
refo	orm	49	29	12	10	*
Mar	ch 19-22, 2010	51	24	11	14	*
Mar	ch 12-15, 2010	40	31	16	13	*
	ch 5-8, 2010	42	27	17	15	*
	ruary 26-March 1, 2010	29	29	19	22	*
	ruary 19-22, 2010	33	28	19	19	*
	uary 29-February 1, 2010	39	27	16	17	*
	uary 22-25, 2010	41	32	15	11	*
	uary 15-18, 2010	37	27	19	18	*
	uary 8-11, 2010	39	26	20	15	*
	ember 18-21, 2009	42	27	16	14	*
	ember 11-14, 2009	42	30	15	14	*
	ember 4-7, 2009	42	28	15	14	1
	rember 20-23, 2009	42	29	14	15	*
	ember 13-16, 2009	38	26	17	17	1
	rember 6-9, 2009	35	28	15	22	1
	ober 30-November 2, 2009	32	26	19	23	*
	ober 23-26, 2009	40	27	16	17	1
	ober 16-19, 2009	36	28	15	21	*
	ober 9-12, 2009	37	29	14	19	1
	ober 2-5, 2009	39	29	16	16	*
	tember 25-28, 2009	45	31	12	12	0
	tember 18-21, 2009	44	26	19	11	*
	tember 11-14, 2009	44	20 27	14	15	*
				16	17	0
	tember 3-6, 2009	40	26			
	ust 28-31, 2009	40	28	17	14 15	1
	ust 21-24, 2009	49	24	12 15	15 15	1
_	ust 14-17, 2009	39	31	15	15	1
	ust 7-10, 2009: Debate in Washington	40	0.7	4 7	4-	
	r health care reform	40	27	17	15	1
	31-August 3, 2009	47	26	14	13	1
•	24-27, 2009	44	28	15	13	*
	17-20, 2009	33	31	13	21	2
	10-13, 2009	24	29	20	27	*
Jun	e 26-29, 2009	29	26	20	25	1

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In April 1998, September 1994 and October 1990, story was listed as "Candidates and election campaigns in your state." In November 1990, story was listed as "Candidates and elections in your state."

	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
	closely	closely	closely	<u>closely</u>	DK/Ref
June 19-22, 2009	28	28	20	23	*
June 12-15, 2009	29	26	18	26	*
May 15-18, 2009: Debate over Barack					
Obama's health care plans	25	30	20	24	*
March 6-9, 2009: Obama proposing a \$630					
billion fund for overhauling health care	41	32	13	14	*
September, 1994: The Clinton					
administration's health care reform					
proposals	32	41	18	9	*
June, 1994	34	40	19	7	*
May, 1994	37	37	16	9	1
January, 1994	38	38	15	9	*
Early January, 1994	40	40	14	6	*
December, 1993	45	35	12	7	1
October, 1993	44	32	17	6	1
September, 1993	49	34	11	6	*
August, 1993: Reports about the White					
House task force on health care reform					
headed by Hillary Clinton	27	32	25	15	1
June, 1993	28	38	19	15	*
May, 1993	30	30	25	14	1
f. News about drug-related violence in Mexico					
September 23-26, 2010	20	27	26	26	1
June 17-20, 2010	17	23	24	36	*
March 19-22, 2010	12	21	26	40	1
TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:					
March 27-30, 2009: Hillary Clinton's recent					
trip to Mexico to discuss drug violence near					
the border	14	24	23	39	*
Feb 27-March 2, 2009: News about growing					
drug-related violence in Mexico	18	28	23	31	*

ASK ALL:

PEW.5 Which ONE of the stories I just mentioned have you followed most closely, or is there another story you've been following MORE closely? [DO NOT READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.]

- 23 Reports about the condition of the U.S. economy
- 18 News about portions of this year's health care reform law beginning to take effect
- The current situation and events in Afghanistan
 - Debate about whether Congress should repeal the "Don't Ask, Don't Tell" policy concerning gays in the military
- 6 News about this year's Congressional elections
- 5 News about drug-related violence in Mexico
- 10 Some other story **(VOL.)**
- 20 Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

ASK ALL:

6

PEW.6 Thinking about this year's Congressional elections...How much if anything, have you heard about each of the following? Have you heard a lot, a little or nothing at all? [INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE]

		A lot	A little	Nothing <u>at all</u>	(VOL.) <u>DK/Ref</u>
a.	Talk show hosts Jon Stewart and Stephen Colbert planning rallies in Washington D.C. next month				
	September 23-26, 2010	13	33	54	1

		A lot	<u>A little</u>	Nothing <u>at all</u>	(VOL.) DK/Ref
b.	Victories by Tea Party candidates in Republican primaries across the country September 23-26, 2010	36	36	28	1
C.	The announcement by Republicans in Congress of a campaign agenda they are calling the "Pledge to America" September 23-26, 2010	18	38	42	1
d.	The possibility that Republicans could win a majority in Congress September 23-26, 2010	42	35	23	1
e.	The candidates running for the U.S. House seat in your district September 23-26, 2010	24	45	30	2

PEW.7-PEW.9 PREVIOUSLY RELEASED