

NEWS Release

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: Wednesday, June 22, 2011

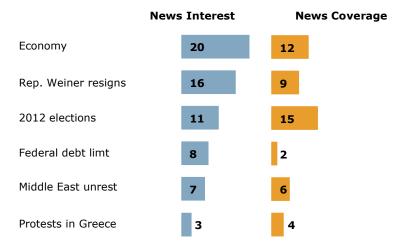
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: Andrew Kohut, Director Michael Remez, Senior Writer

Romney Most Visible GOP Candidate Economy, Weiner Top Public's News Interests

Americans last week followed news about the struggling economy and the resignation of Rep. Anthony Weiner from Congress more closely than other top stories, while the early stages of the 2012 presidential election led news coverage for this first time this year.

Two-in-ten (20%) say they followed reports about the condition of the U.S. economy most closely, while 16% followed developments in the Weiner scandal that





News interest shows the percentage of people who say they followed this story most closely, Pew Research Center for the People & the Press, June 16-19, 2011. News coverage shows the percentage of news coverage devoted to each story, Pew Research Center's Project for Excellence in Journalism, June 13-19, 2011.

closely, according to the latest weekly News Interest Index survey, conducted June 16-19 among 1,003 adults by the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press.

About one-in-ten (11%) say news about the 2012 presidential election was their top story. Coverage of the potential candidates, driven in large part by the Republican debate in New Hampshire, accounted for 15% of coverage, according to a separate analysis by the Pew Research Center's Project for Excellence in Journalism (PEJ). Coverage of the economy made up 12% of the newshole, while Weiner's resignation accounted for 9%. One week earlier, the Weiner story, including his acknowledgment that he had sent sexually-suggestive photos and messages online to at least six women, was the top story with 17% of coverage.

Romney Most Heard About GOP Candidate

With last week's coverage focused on the June 13 GOP debate, about a quarter of the public (23%) say they followed news about possible candidates for the 2012 presidential elections very closely. One week earlier, 18% said they were tracking candidate news this closely.

Mitt Romney is clearly the candidate the public says they are hearing the most news about, while mentions of Sarah Palin have plummeted over the past two

Which Possible GOP Candidate Have You Heard Most About Recently?

	May 1	2-15	June	2-5	June 1	16-19			
	Total	Rep	Total	Rep	Total	Rep			
	%	%	%	%	%	%			
Mitt Romney	7	9	22	34	27	36			
Sarah Palin	2	3	20	20	8	11			
Michele Bachmann	1	*	1	1	5	6			
Newt Gingrich	12	14	2	3	5	3			
Donald Trump	16	17	5	4	2	1			
Ron Paul	2	2	1	1	1	1			
Tim Pawlenty	1	2	1	*	1	1			
Other	8	10	5	5	5	5			
Don't know	<u>50</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>36</u>			
	100	100	100	100	100	100			
Ν	1,006	278	1,006	289	1,003	266			
PEW RESEARCH CENTER June 16-19, 2011. Figures may not add to 100% because of rounding.									

weeks. About a quarter (27%) offer Romney's name when asked which candidate they have heard the most about recently. That rises to 36% among Republicans. During the first week of June, 22% of the public and 34% of Republicans said they were hearing the most about the former Massachusetts governor.

In early June, the public was about as likely to say they were hearing the most about Palin (20%), but mentions of the former Alaska governor have dropped to just 8%. Among Republicans, 11% currently name Palin, down from 20% in early June.

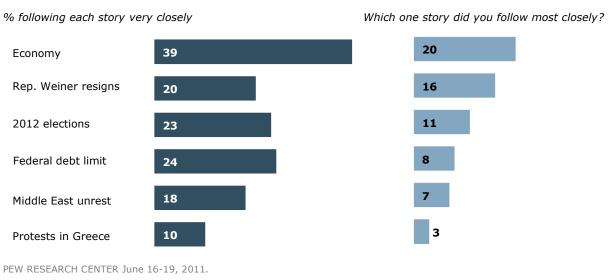
Smaller numbers offer other names; 5% each say they have heard the most about former Speaker Newt Gingrich or Rep. Michele Bachmann. Among Republicans, 6% say they heard the most about Bachmann, while 3% say they have heard the most about Gingrich. In mid-May, Gingrich and Donald Trump were the potential candidates the public was hearing the most about. Trump has since said he will not run. Romney also received more coverage than other GOP contenders. According to PEJ's analysis of election news, Romney was the lead newsmaker – featured in at least 50% of the story – in 19% of election stories. Gingrich, Bachmann and former Minnesota Gov. Tim Pawlenty were each the lead newsmaker in about 8% of stories.

The Week's News

About four-in-ten (39%) say they followed news about the U.S. economy very closely last week. That matches the number that said this one week earlier, amid continuing signs the recovery has slowed. News about the economy accounted for 12% of coverage.

Two-in-ten (20%) say they followed news about Weiner's resignation very closely. Still, more than half (52%) say they followed this Washington scandal not too (24%) or not at all closely (28%). Partisans are about equally likely to say they followed this story very closely, as are men and women. The scandal accounted for 9% of coverage.

About a quarter (24%) say they very closely followed news about the debate in Washington over whether to raise the federal debt limit; 8% say this was their top story. Republicans are more likely to say they followed this news very closely than Democrats (30% vs. 20%). About a quarter of independents (24%) say they followed it as closely. The debate over the debt limit accounted for 2% of coverage, according to PEJ.



News Interest

Nearly two-in-ten (18%) say they very closely followed news about the continuing antigovernment unrest and violence in a number of Middle Eastern countries; 7% say this was the news they followed most closely. News about Middle East unrest made up 6% of coverage.

One-in-ten (10%) say they very closely followed news about the financial crisis and violent protests in Greece; 3% say this was the story they followed most closely. News about Greece's financial situation accounted for 4% of the coverage analyzed by PEJ.

These findings are based on the most recent installment of the weekly News Interest Index, an ongoing project of the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press. The index, building on the Center's longstanding research into public attentiveness to major news stories, examines news interest as it relates to the news media's coverage. The weekly survey is conducted in conjunction with The Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, which monitors the news reported by major newspaper, television, radio and online news outlets on an ongoing basis. In the most recent week, data relating to news coverage were collected June 13-19, and survey data measuring public interest in the top news stories of the week were collected June 16-19 from a nationally representative sample of 1,003 adults.

About the News Interest Index

The *News Interest Index* is a weekly survey conducted by the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press aimed at gauging the public's interest in and reaction to major news events. This project has been undertaken in conjunction with the Project for Excellence in Journalism's *News Coverage Index*, an ongoing content analysis of the news. The News Coverage Index catalogues the news from top news organizations across five major sectors of the media: newspapers, network television, cable television, radio and the internet. Each week (from Monday through Sunday) PEJ compiles this data to identify the top stories for the week. (For more information about the Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, go to www.journalism.org.) The News Interest Index survey collects data from Thursday through Sunday to gauge public interest in the most covered stories of the week.

Results for this survey are based on telephone interviews conducted June 16-19, 2011, among a national sample of 1,003 adults 18 years of age or older living in the continental United States (670 respondents were interviewed on a landline telephone, and 333 were interviewed on a cell phone, including 128 who had no landline telephone). The survey was conducted by interviewers at Princeton Data Source under the direction of Princeton Survey Research Associates International. A combination of landline and cell phone random digit dial samples were used; both samples were provided by Survey Sampling International. Interviews were conducted in English. Respondents in the landline sample were selected by randomly asking for the youngest adult male or female who is now at home. Interviews in the cell sample were conducted with the person who answered the phone, if that person was an adult 18 years of age or older.

The combined landline and cell phone sample are weighted using an iterative technique that matches gender, age, education, race, Hispanic origin, region, and population density to parameters from the March 2010 Census Bureau's Current Population Survey. The sample is also weighted to match current patterns of telephone status based on extrapolations from the 2010 National Health Interview Survey. The weighting procedure also accounts for the fact that respondents with both landline and cell phones have a greater probability of being included in the combined sample and adjusts for household size within the landline sample. Sampling errors and statistical tests of significance take into account the effect of weighting. The following table shows the sample sizes and the error attributable to sampling that would be expected at the 95% level of confidence for different groups in the survey:

Sample Size	Plus or minus
1,003	4.0 percentage points
266	7.5 percentage points
284	7.0 percentage points
368	6.5 percentage points
	1,003 266 284

Sample sizes and sampling errors for other subgroups are available upon request.

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.

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PEW RESEARCH CENTER NEWS INTEREST INDEX June 16-19, 2011 OMNIBUS FINAL TOPLINE N=1,003

ASK ALL:

PEW.1 As I read a list of some stories covered by news organizations this past week, please tell me if you happened to follow each news story very closely, fairly closely, not too closely, or not at all closely. First, **[INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE;] [IF NECESSARY** "Did you follow **[ITEM]** very closely, fairly closely, not too closely or not at all closely?"]

		Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too <u>closely</u>	Not at all <u>closely</u>	(VOL.) DK/ <u>Refused</u>
a.	Anthony Weiner resigning from Congress amid controversy over sexually suggestive photos he sent to several women online		-	-		
	June 16-19, 2011 June 9-12, 2011: Controversy about Congressman Anthony Weiner admitting that he sent sexually suggestive photos of himself to several women in online	20	27	24	28	*
	messages TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:	15	27	23	34	1
	March 12-15, 2010: The resignation of Congressman Eric Massa amid allegations of improper conduct with staff members June 26-29, 2009: South Carolina	7	17	28	47	*
	Governor Mark Sanford admitting he had an affair	16	25	28	30	1
	August 15-18, 2008: John Edwards' admission that he had an affair March 14-17, 2008: The governor of New	13	26	30	30	1
	York, Eliot Spitzer, resigning because of his involvement with a prostitution ring September 7-10, 2007: Reports about Idaho Senator Larry Craig's political future	26	35	24	15	*
	following his arrest for disorderly conduct in a men's restroom August 30-September 2, 2007: Idaho Senator Larry Craig's arrest for disorderly	16	27	27	29	1
	conduct in a men's restroom in the Minneapolis airport October 17-22, 2006: The resignation of	19	29	22	29	1
	Congressman Mark Foley, who sent inappropriate messages to young people September 5-8, 1996: The resignation of	26	32	23	18	1
	(Bill) Clinton advisor Dick Morris over charges of sexual misconduct October 5-8, 1989: The scandal involving	17	29	33	21	*
	<i>Congressman Barney Frank and a male prostitute</i> September 1-15, 1987: <i>The end of Gary</i>	6	19	26	48	1
	Hart's candidacy and the Donna Rice allegations	28	35	27	10	*
b.	Reports about the condition of the U.S. economy					
	June 16-19, 2011 June 9-12, 2011 June 2-5, 2011	39 39 35	33 30 34	14 15 17	13 16 14	* 1 *
	May 19-22, 2011	33	34	17	16	*

V.1 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>DK/Ref</u>
May 12-15, 2011	32	32	17	18	2
May 5-8, 2011	40	35	15	9	1 *
April 21-25, 2011	41	33	12	14	
April 14-17, 2011	44 46	30	14	12 10	1 *
April 7-10, 2011 March 31-April 3, 2011	40	30 31	14 16	10	0
March 31-April 3, 2011 March 24-27, 2011	36	32	10	15	*
March 17-20, 2011	38	32	17	13	*
March 10-13, 2011	40	30	16	13	*
March 3-6, 2011	37	31	17	13	1
February 24-27, 2011	49	29	11	10	*
February 17-20, 2011	35	33	14	17	*
February 10-13, 2011	36	34	13	16	*
February 3-6, 2011	35	37	14	14	*
January 20-23, 2011	37	33	14	15	1
January 13-16, 2010	37	29	15	18	1
January 6-9, 2011	39	37	11	12	1
December 16-19, 2010	39	31	14	15	2
December 9-12, 2010	39	30	14	16	1
December 2-5, 2010	52	28	11	9	*
November 18-21, 2010	46	31	11	11	*
November 11-14, 2010	38	30	15	16	1
November 4-7, 2010	44	32	11	13	*
October 28-November 1, 2010	39	34	11	15	1
October 21-24, 2010	41	29	14	14	1
October 14-17, 2010	42	33	12	13	*
October 7-10, 2010	36	33	15	15	1
September 30-October 3, 2010	43	35	10	11	1
September 23-26, 2010	43	34	13	9	1
September 16-19, 2010	37	30	16	16	1 *
September 2-6, 2010	43	31	13	12	
August 19-22, 2010	39 39	31 33	14	15 13	1 1
August 5-8, 2010 July 29-August 1, 2010	59	33	14 11	5	1 *
July 22-25, 2010	46	33	14	6	1
July 15-18, 2010	37	33	14	15	1
July 8-11, 2010	36	33	15	16	*
July 1-5, 2010	48	30	13	8	*
June 24-27, 2010	37	37	15	11	1
June 17-20, 2010	38	34	15	13	*
June 10-13, 2010	39	35	17	9	*
June 3-6, 2010	35	33	16	14	1
May 27-30, 2010	43	29	13	15	*
May 20-23, 2010	40	35	13	11	*
May 13-16, 2010	49	32	11	8	1
May 7-10, 2010	42	34	11	12	*
April 30-May 3, 2010	32	37	17	14	1
April 23-26, 2010	42	31	13	14	*
April 16-19, 2010	40	32	14	14	0
April 9-12, 2010	40	32	15	13	*
April 1-5, 2010	33	34	14	19	*
March 19-22, 2010	41	32	14	13	*
March 12-15, 2010	41	35	12	12	*
March 5-8, 2010	40 21	34	12	13	*
February 26-March 1, 2010	31 38	33 34	17 15	19 12	*
February 19-22, 2010	38 35	34 34	15 15	12	*
February 12-15, 2010 February 5-8, 2010	35 43	34 36	15 13	16 9	*
	υ	50	10	5	-

W.1 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	DK/Ref
January 29-February 1, 2010	45	32	13	10	*
January 22-25, 2010	41	34	14	10	*
January 15-18, 2010	37	38	14	11	*
January 8-11, 2010	39	33	15	12	*
December 18-21, 2009	45	31	14	10	0
December 11-14, 2009	42	31	14	13	*
December 4-7, 2009	41	36	13	9	1 *
November 13-16, 2009	38	33	14	15	*
October 30-November 2, 2009	34	32	17	16	
October 23-26, 2009	44	30	15	10	1 *
October 9-12, 2009	41	29	16	13	
October 2-5, 2009	44	30	15	11	0 *
September 25-28, 2009	44	37	10	10	*
September 18-21, 2009	44	34	15	7	*
September 11-14, 2009	45	32	14	9	*
September 3-6, 2009	41	31	15	13	
August 28-31, 2009 August 21-24, 2009	45 50	30 27	13 13	12 10	1 1
	41			10	1 *
August 14-17, 2009	41	37 34	11 13	12	*
August 7-10, 2009 July 31-August 3, 2009	42	34	13	8	*
July 24-27, 2009	45	35	12	8	*
July 17-20, 2009	43	35	12	11	1
July 10-13, 2009	37	38	13	11	*
July 2-5, 2009	38	35	15	12	*
June 19-22, 2009	42	33	15	10	*
June 12-15, 2009	41	35	12	12	*
June 5-8, 2009	41	34	11	14	*
May 29-June 1, 2009	43	37	11	8	*
May 21-24, 2009	44	35	13	9	*
May 15-18, 2009	44	35	12	8	*
May 8-11, 2009	42	34	12	12	*
May 1-4, 2009	47	36	11	5	1
April 17-20, 2009	52	30	10	7	1
April 9-13, 2009	48	29	13	10	0
March 27-30, 2009	48	32	10	10	*
March 20-23, 2009	52	34	8	6	*
March 13-16, 2009	48	33	9	10	*
February 27-March 2, 2009	56	30	8	6	*
February 13-16, 2009	55	29	10	6	*
January 30-February 2, 2009	52	31	12	5	*
January 23-26, 2009	57	30	8	5	0
January 16-19, 2009	43	35	13	9	*
January 2-4, 2009	42	36	15	7	*
December 12-15, 2008	51	33	9	7	*
December 5-8, 2008	42	38	13	7	*
November 21-24, 2008	59	24	9	8	*
November 14-17, 2008	56	29	9	6	*
November 7-10, 2008	54	31	8	7	*
October 31-November 3, 2008	63	27	6	4	
October 24-27, 2008	52	35	7	5	1 *
October 17-20, 2008	62 65	29	6	3 3	*
October 10-13, 2008	65 60	25	7 5	3	*
October 3-6, 2008 September 26-29, 2008	69 70	23 22	5 5	3	*
	70 56	22 27	5 12	3 5	*
September 19-22, 2008 September 5-8, 2008	50 44	33	12	5	*
September 5-8, 2008 August 29-31, 2008	44 41	33	13	11	1
August 15-18, 2008	39	36	15	10	1 *
10g03(13 10, 2000	55	50	15	10	

N.1 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	DK/Ref
August 8-11, 2008	39	35	16	10	*
August 1-4, 2008	47	34	11	8	0
July 25-28, 2008	46	32	10	12	*
July 18-21, 2008	45	33	13	9	*
July 11-14, 2008	44	33	12	10	1
June 27-30, 2008	49	31	12	7	1
June 13-16, 2008	42	33	14	11	*
May 9-12, 2008	45	31	13	11	
May 2-5, 2008	43	31	15	10	1
April 18-21, 2008	41	35	13	10	1 *
April 4-7, 2008	39	37	12	12	*
March 28-31, 2008	42	36	14	8	*
March 20-24, 2008	45	33	13	9	
February 29-March 3, 2008	38	35	15	11	1
February 15-18, 2008	37	36	11	16 8	8 1
February 1-4, 2008	40 42	37	14 16	。 11	1 *
January 18-21, 2008	42 36	31 32	16 15	16	1
January 11-14, 2008 November 2-5, 2007	27	37	15	10	1
October 19-22, 2007	25	34	20	21	*
August 10-13, 2007	23	36	18	18	*
Mid-November, 2006	31	40	17	11	1
December, 2005	35	35	18	11	1
Early November, 2005	35	39	17	9	*
Mid-May, 2005	30	39	19	11	1
January, 2005	35	41	17	7	*
Mid-October, 2004	30	43	16	10	1
Early September, 2004	39	34	15	11	1
Mid-January, 2004	37	41	15	7	*
December, 2003	35	38	14	11	2
November, 2003	40	34	15	10	1
October, 2003	32	39	16	12	1
September, 2003	39	30	18	12	1
March, 2003	40	35	16	8	1
February, 2003	42	33	15	10	*
December, 2002	38	34	17	10	1
February, 2002	35	40	15	9	1
January, 2002	30	44	16	9	1
December, 2001	37	40	13	8	2
Mid-November, 2001	41	36	15	7	1
June, 2001	24	41	18	16	1
May, 2001	34	36	15	15	0
April, 2001	36	34	16	13	1
February, 2001	30	39	18	12	1
January, 2001	32	38	17	11	2
June, 1995	26	41	22	11	*
March, 1995	27	45	19	9	
February, 1995	23	41	22	13	1 *
December, 1994	28	43	20	9	
October, 1994	27	40	20	12	1 *
June, 1994	25	42 40	23	10	
May, 1994 January, 1994	33 34	40 39	16 16	10 10	1 1
Early January, 1994	36	39 44	13	7	1 *
December, 1993	35	44 41	15	8	1
October, 1993	33	38	20	9	1 *
September, 1993	37	40	14	8	1
Early September, 1993	39	39	14	9	*
August, 1993	41	36	14	9	*
			± ·	-	

PEW.1 CONTINUED					
	Very closely	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too <u>closely</u>	Not at all <u>closely</u>	(VOL.) <u>DK/Ref</u>
May, 1993	37	38	18	6	1
February, 1993	49	36	10	5	*
January, 1993	42	39	12	7	*
September, 1992	43	37	13	6	1
May, 1992	39	39	15	6	1
March, 1992	47	38	11	4	*
February, 1992	47	37	10	6	*
January, 1992	44	40	11	5	*
October, 1991	36	38	16	9	1
c. Anti-government unrest and violence in some Middle Eastern countries					
June 16-19, 2011	18	32	25	25	*
TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:	10	52	20	20	
June 9-12, 2011: Anti-government unrest					
and violence in Yemen	9	20	26	44	2
June 9-12, 2011: The current situation and	5	20	20		2
events in Libya	14	27	25	33	1
June 2-5, 2011: Antigovernment protests	14	21	25	55	Ŧ
and violence in some Middle Eastern					
countries	18	25	25	32	*
	18	29	25	27	1
April 28-May 1, 2011	10	29	25	27	T
April 21-25, 2011: The current situation	21	25	20	22	1
and events in Libya	21	35	20	22	1
April 14-17, 2011	21	30	25	23	1 *
April 7-10, 2011	28	35	21	16	*
March 31-April 3, 2011: <i>Military air strikes</i>		24	47		
in Libya by the U.S. and its allies	37	31	17	14	1
March 24-27, 2011	33	34	17	15	*
March 17-20, 2011: The conflict between				~~	
rebels and government forces in Libya	26	28	21	23	1
March 10-13, 2011: Growing violence in					
Libya	29	29	21	20	*
March 3-6, 2011	31	31	18	19	1
February 24-27, 2011	38	30	15	16	*
February 17-20, 2011: News about the					
situation in Egypt	34	32	17	16	1
February 17-20, 2011: Anti-government					
protests in other Middle Eastern and North					
African nations	20	30	22	28	1
February 10-13, 2011: Anti-government					
protests in Egypt and the resignation of					
President Hosni Mubarak	39	31	14	15	1
February 3-6, 2011: Anti-government					
protests in Egypt and other Middle Eastern					
countries	32	35	16	18	*
January 27-30, 2011	17	26	21	35	*
January 20-23, 2011: Political instability in		-		-	
Tunisia following the collapse of the					
government	7	15	25	53	1
January, 2007: The U.S. air strikes on	,			55	-
suspected terrorist sites in Somalia	17	32	27	23	1
May, 1999: NATO air strikes against	1/	52	21	20	Ŧ
Serbian forces	20	38	19	10	1
	32			10	1 *
Late April, 1999	41	39 27	13	7	
April, 1999 Marsh, 1999: NATO sin strikes against	41	37	16	6	0
March, 1999: NATO air strikes against	42	22	1 -	0	4
Serbian forces in Kosovo	43	32	15	9	1

PE	W.1 CONTINUED					
		Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too <u>closely</u>	Not at all <u>closely</u>	(VOL.) <u>DK/Ref</u>
	August, 1998: U.S. military strikes against sites linked to terrorists in Afghanistan and					
	Sudan	44	35	13	8	*
	July 10-24, 1986: The U.S. air strike against Libya	58	27	11	3	1
d.	Debate in Washington over whether to raise					
	the federal debt limit	24	26	22	20	*
	June 16-19, 2011	24	26	22	28	*
	June 2-5, 2011 TRENDS FOR COMPARISON: May 26-29, 2011: Discussions in	23	24	22	31	
	Washington about how to address the					
	federal budget deficit	25	26	20	29	*
	May 12-15, 2011	21	26	24	28	1
	May 5-8, 2011: Discussions in Washington about how to address the federal budget deficit and national debt	29	28	22	20	1
	April 21-25, 2011	30	31	18	21	*
	April 14-17, 2011	36	27	18	19	1
	April 7-10, 2011: The threat of a government shutdown because of budget	50	27	10	15	-
	disagreements in Washington March 31-April 3, 2011: Discussions in	47	26	15	12	*
	Washington about how to address the	20	27	21	22	*
	federal budget deficit	30 24	27	21	22	
	March 17-20, 2011		25	24	26	1 1
	March 3-6, 2011	26 27	29 30	19 17	26 25	1
	February 17-20, 2011	35			17	2
	December 2-5, 2010 November 11-14, 2010: <i>Proposals made by</i> <i>leaders of the federal budget deficit</i>	33	25	21	17	Z
	commission January 9-12, 2009: Projections of a record	15	21	21	41	1
	high federal budget deficit this year November, 1990: Congressional and	35	30	19	16	*
	administration efforts to reach a budget	34	33	20	11	2
	<i>deficit agreement</i> October, 1990: <i>Attempts by Congress and</i> <i>the administration to find ways to reduce</i>	54	22	20	11	Z
	the budget deficit	34	37	17	12	*
e.	News about possible candidates for the 2012 presidential elections					
	June 16-19, 2011	23	29	23	25	*
	June 9-12, 2011	18	30	22	30	1
	June 2-5, 2011	21	31	22	26	*
	May 26-29, 2011	20	27	24	28	*
	May 19-22, 2011	15	27	24	32	1
	May 12-15, 2011	15	22	26	35	1
	May 5-8, 2011	16	24	27	32	1
	April 21-25, 2011	18	26	23	32	1
	April 14-17, 2011	20	23	29	27	1
	March 24-27, 2011	13	19	26	41	1
	March 10-13, 2011	15	21	26	38	0
	February 10-13, 2011	16	19	24	40	*
	February 3-6, 2011	15	20	23	42	*

EW.1 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
	closely	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	DK/Ref
TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:					
2008 Election					
October 31-November 3, 2008: News					
about the presidential election	57	29	9	5	*
October 24-27, 2008: News about					
candidates for the 2008 presidential					
election	44	36	11	8	1
October 17-20, 2008	61	28	7	4	*
October 10-13, 2008	52	31	12	5	*
October 3-6, 2008	57	31	8	4	*
September 26-29, 2008	56	29	10	5	*
September 19-22, 2008	47	33	14	6	*
September 12-15, 2008	40	38	14	7	1
September 5-8, 2008	45	39	12	4	*
August 29-31, 2008	45	32	15	8	*
August 22-25, 2008	31	36	22	11	*
August 15-18, 2008	25	41	19	14	1
August 8-11, 2008	27	38	22	13	*
August 1-4, 2008	30	42	19	9	*
July 25-28, 2008	30	34	21	15	*
July 18-21, 2008	30	35	21	14	*
July 11-14, 2008	28	34	22	15	1
July 3-7, 2008	25	35	23	17	*
June 27-30, 2008	39	33	18	10	*
June 20-23, 2008	28	38	22	12	*
June 13-16, 2008	35	35	20	10	*
June 6-9, 2008	38	35	17	10	*
May 30-June 2, 2008	30	35	21	14	*
May 22-25, 2008	32	37	20	11	*
May 16-19, 2008	33	37	19	10	1
May 9-12, 2008	35	36	18	11	*
May 2-5, 2008	27	35	23	14	1
April 25-28, 2008	34	37	18	11	*
April 18-21, 2008	29	41	19	10	1
April 11-14, 2008	31	37	22	10	*
April 4-7, 2008	33	36	17	14	*
March 28-31, 2008	31	41	18	10	*
March 20-24, 2008	34	37	18	11	*
March 14-17, 2008	40	37	16	7	*
March 7-10, 2008	39	36	15	9	1
February 29-March 3, 2008	43	34	14	9	*
February 22-25, 2008	42	37	13	8	*
February 15-18, 2008	44	36	10	10	*
February 8-11, 2008	39	37	15	9	0
February 1-4, 2008	37	35	16	12	*
January 25-28, 2008	36	37	14	12	1
January 18-21, 2008	36	34	18	12	*
January 11-14, 2008: News about the New	50	54	10	12	
Hampshire primaries and the presidential					
	32	31	19	17	1
campaign January 4-7, 2008: News about candidates	52	51	19	17	T
	33	26	10	11	1
for the 2008 presidential election		36	19	11	1 *
December 14-17, 2007	25	34	22	19	*
December 7-10, 2007	24	35	22	19	*
November 30 – December 3, 2007	23	35	23	19	
November 23-26, 2007	20	33	26	20	1
November 16-19, 2007	26	33	21	19	1
November 9-12, 2007	21	33	25	21	*
November 2-5, 2007	27	30	21	21	1

W.1 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>DK/Ref</u>
October 26-29, 2007	21	34	26	19	*
October 19-22, 2007	23	32	22	23	
October 12-15, 2007	13	31	26	30	*
October 5-8, 2007	22	30	24	24	*
September 28 – October 1, 2007	21	34	25	20	*
September 21-24, 2007	24	31	22	23	*
September 14-17, 2007	22	31	24	23	*
September 7-10, 2007	18	34	26	22	*
August 30-September 2, 2007	19	35	21	25	*
August 24-27, 2007	22	28	24	26	*
August 17-20, 2007	19	27	24	30	*
August 10-13, 2007	23	32	21	24	*
August 3-6, 2007	19	31	25 22	25	1
July 27-30, 2007	19	32		26 27	1
July 20-23, 2007	16 17	26 29	30 27	27	⊥ *
July 13-16, 2007 July 6-9, 2007	24	29	27	22	1
June 29-July 2, 2007	24	32	24	22	*
June 22-25, 2007	18	31	21	30	*
June 15-18, 2007	17	32	26	25	*
June 8-11, 2007	19	30	24	26	1
June 1-4, 2007	16	27	32	24	1
May 24-27, 2007	22	33	23	22	*
May 18-21, 2007	18	31	24	27	*
May 11-14, 2007	18	30	23	28	1
May 4-7, 2007	23	34	21	21	1
April 27-30, 2007	14	30	29	26	1
April 20-23, 2007	18	28	27	27	*
April 12-16, 2007	18	28	27	27	*
April 5-9, 2007	25	30	26	19	*
March 30-April 2, 2007	20	29	27	23	1
March 23-26, 2007	20	32	22	26	*
March 16-19, 2007	15	28	29	27	1
March 9-12, 2007	24	30	23	23	*
March 2-5, 2007	19	31	26	23	1
February 23-26, 2007	22	33	24	21	*
February 16-19, 2007	18	32	22	27	1
February 9-12, 2007	24	30	24	21	1
February 2-5, 2007	24	36	22	18	*
January 26-29, 2007	24	33	23	20	*
January 19-22, 2007: <i>Recent</i>					
announcements by prominent Democrats					
about plans to run for president in 2008	24	27	22	26	1
2004 Election					
November, 2004: News about the				_	
presidential election	47	35	10	7	1
Mid-October, 2004: News about candidates	16	20	10		
for the 2004 presidential election	46	30	12	11	1
September, 2004	40	34	14	11	1 *
August, 2004	32	38	16	14	
July, 2004	29	37	18	15	1
June, 2004	28 31	34 33	19 19	18 16	1 1
April, 2004 Mid-March, 2004	31	33 34	19 18	16 13	1 *
Mid-March, 2004 Late February, 2004 (GAP)	35 24	34 40	18 23	13	1
	24	40	23	12	T
Early February, 2004: The race for the Democratic presidential nomination	29	37	20	13	1
Mid-January, 2004	29 16	30	20	26	1
Early January, 2004	10	30	30	23	1
Larry Junuary, 2007	14	52	50	25	Ŧ

		Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
		<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	DK/Ref
December, 2003		16	26	27	30	1
November, 2003		11	26	34	28	1
October, 2003		12	27	28	32	1
September, 2003		17	25	30	27	1
Mid-August, 2003		12	27	27	33	1
May, 2003		8	19	31	41	1
January, 2003: Recent annou						
prominent Democrats about p	plans to run	14	20	20	20	1
for president in 2004		14	28	29	28	1
2000 Election	s about the					
Early November, 2000: News presidential election	about the	33	41	15	10	1
Mid-October, 2000: News abo	out the	55	41	15	10	T
presidential election campaig		36	35	17	11	1
Early October, 2000	11	35	35	19	10	1
September, 2000		22	42	21	15	1
July, 2000: News about cand	idates for the	22	72	21	15	1
2000 presidential election		21	38	20	20	1
June, 2000		23	32	23	21	1
May, 2000		18	33	26	23	*
April, 2000		18	39	22	20	1
Early April, 2000						-
March, 2000		26	41	19	13	1
February, 2000		26	36	21	17	*
January, 2000		19	34	28	18	1
December, 1999		16	36	24	23	1
October, 1999		17	32	28	22	1
September, 1999		15	31	33	20	1
July, 1999		15	38	24	22	1
June, 1999		11	25	29	34	1
1996 Election						
November, 1996: News abou	t the					
presidential election		28	42	19	10	*
October, 1996: News about t	he presidential					
election campaign		31	39	18	12	*
Early September, 1996		24	36	23	17	*
July, 1996		22	40	23	14	1
April, 1996		23	35	25	17	*
March, 1996 News about the	Republican					
presidential candidates		26	41	20	13	*
January, 1996		10	34	31	24	1
October, 1995		12	36	30	22	*
August, 1995		13	34	28	25	
June, 1995		11	31	31	26	1
1992 Election	ha nuasidantial					
October, 1992: News about t	ne presidentiai	66	26	0	2	0
election (RVs)		55	36	8	2	0
September, 1992: News about presidential election campaig		42	27	12	8	*
		42	37	13	0	-1-
August, 1992: News about the	le presidential	36	51	11	2	0
election (RVs) July, 1992: News about the p	racidantial	30	51	11	2	0
campaign	residential	20	45	26	9	*
	alaction	20	45	20	9	
May, 1992: The presidential		32	44	16	8	*
<i>campaign</i> March, 1992: <i>The race for th</i>	a Democratic	52	44	10	0	
presidential nomination		35	40	16	9	*
March, 1992: The race for the	e Renublican	55	- 1 0	10	9	
presidential nomination	chepublican	25	40	22	13	1
		20			10	-

W.1 CONTINUED					
	Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too <u>closely</u>	Not at all <u>closely</u>	(VOL.) <u>DK/Ref</u>
February 1992: The Democratic primary in					
New Hampshire	19	31	26	24	*
February, 1992: The Republican primary in					
New Hampshire	19	31	26	23	1
January, 1992: News about the Democratic					
candidates for the presidential nomination	11	25	36	27	1
December, 1991	10	28	32	30	*
October, 1991	12	26	31	29	2
1988 Election					
October, 1988: News about the presidential					
campaign in 1988 (RVs)	43	44	11	2	*
August, 1988 (RVs)	39	45	13	3	*
May, 1988 (RVs)	22	46	23	6	3
November, 1987: News about the					
Democratic candidates for the presidential					
nomination	15	28	35	21	1
November, 1987: News about the					
Republican candidates for the presidential					
nomination	13	28	36	22	1
September, 1987: Coverage of the					
Democratic and Republican candidates for					
the presidential nomination	14	34	37	14	1
The financial crisis and violent protests in					
Greece					
June 16-19, 2011	10	20	25	45	*
May 7-10, 2010: The financial crisis in					
Greece and violent protests there	19	23	26	31	*
April 30-May 3, 2010: The financial crisis in	6	15	20	F 4	
Greece	6	15	28	51	1
TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:					
October, 1998: Financial instability around	22	40	10	0	*
the world	32	40	19	9	*
September, 1998: <i>Economic and political</i>	10	20	20	24	*
instability in Russia	18	30	28	24	*
Late August, 1998: Economic problems in	0	22	20	4.1	*
Russia	8	22	29	41	т
January, 1998: The deepening financial	1 5	25	77	22	*
crisis in many Asian countries	15	25	27	33	Ŧ
March, 1995: The financial and political instability in Mexico	12	28	30	29	1
πισταμπιτά πη μισχιτο	τZ	20	20	29	T

ASK ALL:

f.

PEW.2 Which ONE of the stories I just mentioned have you followed most closely, or is there another story you've been following MORE closely? [**DO NOT READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.**]

Jun 16-19

<u>2011</u>

- 20 Reports about the condition of the U.S. economy
- Anthony Weiner resigning from Congress amid controversy over sexually suggestive photos he sent to women online
- 11 News about possible candidates for the 2012 presidential elections
- 8 Debate in Washington over whether to raise the federal debt limit
- 7 Anti-government unrest and violence in some Middle Eastern countries
- 3 The financial crisis and violent protests in Greece
- 17 Some other story (VOL.)
- 18 Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

ASK ALL:

PEW.3 Thinking about possible Republican candidates for president in 2012... Regardless of whom you might prefer, which Republican candidate have you heard the most about in the news recently? [OPEN END. RECORD FIRST MENTION ONLY.] [PLEASE BE CERTAIN TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN "JOHN MCCAIN" AND "HERMAN CAIN".]

Jun 16-19 <u>2011</u>		Jun 2-5 <u>2011</u>	May 12-15 <u>2011</u>	Apr 14-17 <u>2011</u>
27	Mitt Romney	22	7	9
8	Sarah Palin	20	2	4
5	Michele Bachmann	1	1	*
5	Newt Gingrich	2	12	1
2	Donald Trump	5	16	26
1	Ron Paul	1	2	*
1	Tim Pawlenty	1	1	1
*	John McCain	*	1	*
*	Mike Huckabee	*	2	2
5	Other	4	6	3
45	None/Don't know/Refused	42	50	53

PEW.4 AND PEW.5 HELD FOR FUTURE RELEASE

PEWWP.1 PREVIOUSLY RELEASED