

NEWS Release

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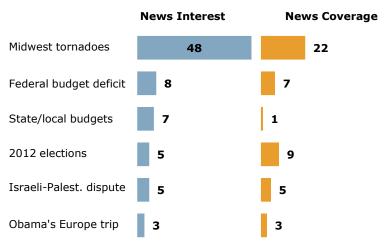
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: Andrew Kohut, Director Michael Remez, Senior Writer

Midwest Tornadoes Top Story for Public and Press

The devastating tornadoes that ripped through the Midwest last week dominated the public's news interest and received much more coverage than any other story.

About half of the public (48%) says they followed news about the powerful tornadoes that struck Joplin, Mo., more closely than any other news last week. None of the week's other top stories comes close, according to the latest weekly News Interest Index survey conducted May 26-29 among 1,000 adults by the Pew

News Interest vs. News Coverage



News interest shows the percentage of people who say they followed this story most closely, Pew Research Center for the People & the Press, May 26-29, 2011. News coverage shows the percentage of news coverage devoted to each story, Pew Research Center's Project for Excellence in Journalism, May 23-29, 2011.

Research Center for the People & the Press.

News about the tornadoes made up 22% of all coverage, according to a separate analysis by the Pew Research Center's Project for Excellence in Journalism (PEJ). News about the tornadoes made up 46% of network news airtime and 38% of cable news coverage examined last week.

More than four-in-ten Americans (45%) say they very closely followed news about the tornadoes. Half of women (50%) say they followed this news very closely, compared with

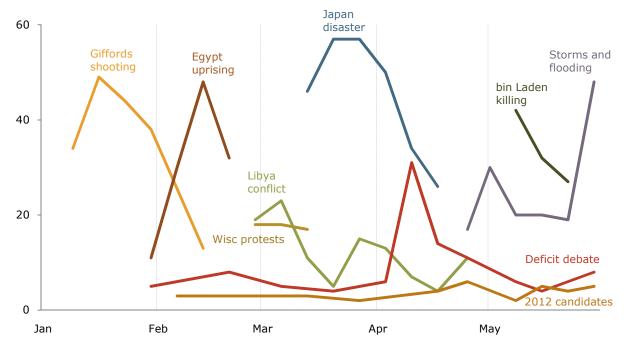
38% of men. And though this week's devastation occurred in the Midwest, interest was comparable across the country: 48% in the South, 45% in the Northeast, 43% in the Midwest and 40% in the West say they followed news about the tornadoes very closely.

A Year of Major Breaking Stories

The public showed only modest interest in the week's other top stories, continuing a trend seen throughout much of 2011. A series of major breaking news stories — including the shootings in Tucson, the upheaval in the Middle East, the disasters in Japan and the killing of Osama bin Laden — has dominated the news agenda for both the media and the public this year. And that has routinely resulted in less public attention to other news, such as the debate in Washington over how to address the federal deficit and long-term debt and the early stages of the 2012 presidential campaign.

Deficit Debate, 2012 Campaign Remain on Back Burner

Percent following each story most closely...



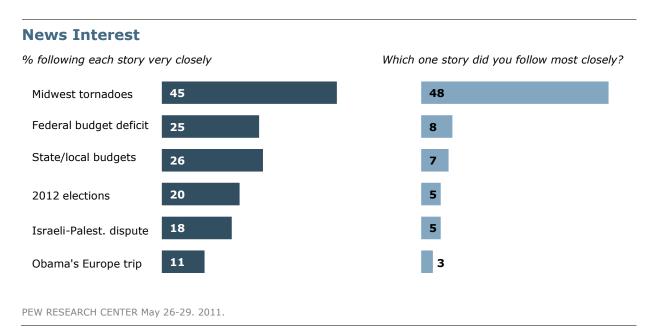
PEW RESEARCH CENTER

A quarter of the public (25%) says they very closely followed the ongoing discussions in Washington last week over how to handle the federal budget deficit and reduce the national debt; just 8% say this was the news they followed most closely. The only week this year when the deficit debate drew substantial public interest was in early April, when a government shutdown loomed. In the April 7-10 News Interest survey, 47% followed news about the threat of a shutdown very closely and 31% followed this story most closely.

Two-in-ten say they followed news about the 2012 presidential campaign very closely last week, up slightly from a week earlier (15%) and matching the high for the year hit in mid-April. Still, just 5% say this was the news they followed most closely. News about the campaign, focused on the potential Republican candidates, made up 9% of coverage.

About a quarter (26%) say they followed news about state and local budget problems very closely; 7% say this was the news they followed most closely. News about state and local budget problems made up just 1% of the national coverage analyzed by PEJ, though these are often local stories covered more closely by local and regional media.

Nearly two-in-ten (18%) say they followed news about the conflict between the Israelis and the Palestinians very closely; 5% say this was the news they followed most closely. News about the conflict – and the response to efforts by President Obama to restart negotiations over creation of a Palestinian state – made up 5% of coverage.

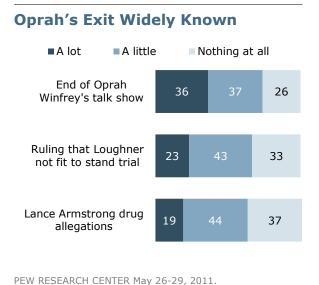


Meanwhile, about one-in-ten (11%) say they followed news about Obama's trip to Europe last week very closely. Just 3% say this was the news they followed most closely. The president's trip made up 3% of coverage.

Most Aware of Oprah's Final Show

Nearly three-quarters of the public (73%) say they heard at least a little about the end of Oprah Winfrey's daytime talk show; 36% say they heard a lot about this while 37% say they heard a little. About a quarter (26%) say they heard nothing at all.

In November 2009, when Winfrey announced her show would end this year, comparable numbers had heard this news. At that time, 33% said they had heard a lot about this and 45% said they had heard a little; 21% said they heard nothing at all.



Women are much more likely than men to say they heard a lot about Winfrey's final talk show (45% vs. 27%). And African Americans are much more likely than whites to say they heard a lot about Winfrey's final program (55% vs. 34%).

Two-thirds of the public (66%) say they heard at least a little about a judge finding Jared Loughner not fit to stand trial on allegations that he killed six and severely wounded Rep. Gabrielle Giffords in a January shooting spree in Tucson, Ariz. About a quarter (23%) say they heard a lot about the ruling, while 43% say they heard a little. A third (33%) say they heard nothing at all about this.

More than six-in-ten (63%) say they heard at least a little about the latest allegations against Lance Armstrong, the bicycle racing champion who has been accused of using performance enhancing drugs. About two-in-ten (19%) say they heard a lot about this, while 44% say they heard a little. More than a third (37%) say they heard nothing about this.

These findings are based on the most recent installment of the weekly News Interest Index, an ongoing project of the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press. The index, building on the Center's longstanding research into public attentiveness to major news stories, examines news interest as it relates to the news media's coverage. The weekly survey is conducted in conjunction with The Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, which monitors the news reported by major newspaper, television, radio and online news outlets on an ongoing basis. In the most recent week, data relating to news coverage were collected May 23-29, and survey data measuring public interest in the top news stories of the week were collected May 26-29, from a nationally representative sample of 1,000 adults.

About the News Interest Index

The *News Interest Index* is a weekly survey conducted by the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press aimed at gauging the public's interest in and reaction to major news events. This project has been undertaken in conjunction with the Project for Excellence in Journalism's *News Coverage Index*, an ongoing content analysis of the news. The News Coverage Index catalogues the news from top news organizations across five major sectors of the media: newspapers, network television, cable television, radio and the internet. Each week (from Monday through Sunday) PEJ compiles this data to identify the top stories for the week. (For more information about the Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, go to www.journalism.org.) The News Interest Index survey collects data from Thursday through Sunday to gauge public interest in the most covered stories of the week.

Results for this survey are based on telephone interviews conducted May 26-29, 2011, among a national sample of 1,000 adults 18 years of age or older living in the continental United States (670 respondents were interviewed on a landline telephone, and 330 were interviewed on a cell phone, including 125 who had no landline telephone). The survey was conducted by interviewers at Princeton Data Source under the direction of Princeton Survey Research Associates International. A combination of landline and cell phone random digit dial samples were used; both samples were provided by Survey Sampling International. Interviews were conducted in English. Respondents in the landline sample were selected by randomly asking for the youngest adult male or female who is now at home. Interviews in the cell sample were conducted with the person who answered the phone, if that person was an adult 18 years of age or older.

The combined landline and cell phone sample are weighted using an iterative technique that matches gender, age, education, race, Hispanic origin, region, and population density to parameters from the March 2010 Census Bureau's Current Population Survey. The sample is also weighted to match current patterns of telephone status based on extrapolations from the 2010 National Health Interview Survey. The weighting procedure also accounts for the fact that respondents with both landline and cell phones have a greater probability of being included in the combined sample and adjusts for household size within the landline sample. Sampling errors and statistical tests of significance take into account the effect of weighting. The following table shows the sample sizes and the error attributable to sampling that would be expected at the 95% level of confidence for different groups in the survey:

Group	Sample Size	Plus or minus
Total sample	1,000	4.0 percentage points
Republicans	263	7.5 percentage points
Democrats	320	7.0 percentage points
Independents	330	6.5 percentage points

Sample sizes and sampling errors for other subgroups are available upon request.

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.

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PEW RESEARCH CENTER NEWS INTEREST INDEX MAY 26-29, 2011 OMNIBUS FINAL TOPLINE N=1,000

ASK ALL:

PEW.1 As I read a list of some stories covered by news organizations this past week, please tell me if you happened to follow each news story very closely, fairly closely, not too closely, or not at all closely. First, [INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE;] [IF NECESSARY "Did you follow [ITEM] very closely, fairly closely, not too closely or not at all closely?"]

		Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too closely	Not at all closely	DK/ <u>Refused</u>
a.	Discussions in Washington about how to address the federal budget deficit				 -	
	May 26-29, 2011	25	26	20	29	*
	May 12-15, 2011	21	26	24	28	1
	TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:					
	May 5-8, 2011: Discussions in Washington about how to address the federal budget	29	28	22	20	1
	deficit and national debt					
	April 21-25, 2011	30	31	18	21	*
	April 14-17, 2011	36	27	18	19	1
	April 7-10, 2011: The threat of a					
	government shutdown because of budget	47	26	1 -	10	*
	disagreements in Washington	47	26	15	12	~
	March 31-April 3, 2011: Discussions in Washington about how to address the					
	federal budget deficit	30	27	21	22	*
	March 17-20, 2011	24	25	24	26	1
	March 3-6, 2011	26	29	19	26	1
	February 17-20, 2011	27	30	17	25	1
	December 2-5, 2010	35	25	21	17	2
	November 11-14, 2010: Proposals made by					
	leaders of the federal budget deficit					
	commission	15	21	21	41	1
	January 9-12, 2009: Projections of a record					
	high federal budget deficit this year	35	30	19	16	*
	November, 1990: Congressional and					
	administration efforts to reach a budget	2.4	22	20		2
	deficit agreement	34	33	20	11	2
	October, 1990: Attempts by Congress and the administration to find ways to reduce					
	the budget deficit	34	37	17	12	*
	the budget deficit	34	37	17	12	
b.	News about state and local budget problems					
	May 26-29, 2011	26	29	19	26	*
	March 17-20, 2011	26	29	22	23	1
	February 17-20, 2011	28	31	17	23	1
	January 6-9, 2011	24	37	18	20	1
	June 24-27, 2010	26	35	22	15	1
	March 5-8, 2010	31	32	19	18	*
	April 9-13, 2009	28	30	21	21	*
c.	Deadly tornadoes in the Midwest					
C.	May 26-29, 2011	45	33	13	9	*
	TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:	73	33	13	,	
	May 5-8, 2011: Tornadoes and flooding in					
	the South and Midwest	41	37	15	7	*
	April 28-May 1, 2011: Deadly storms in the	45	29	14	12	1
	South					

PE	W.1 CONTINUED					
		Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too <u>closely</u>	Not at all <u>closely</u>	(VOL.) DK/Ref
	April 21-25, 2011: Deadly storms in the South and Midwest	29	33	18	20	*
	June 13-16, 2008: A tornado that killed four Boy Scouts at a camp in Iowa	32	35	17	16	*
	May 30-June 2, 2008: <i>Midwest</i> ¹	30	33	21	15	1
	February 8-11, 2008: South and Midwest	25	42	19	13	1
	May 11-14, 2007: Tornadoes and floods in the Midwest	22	35	23	19	1
	March 2-5, 2007: South and Midwest	33	38	18	11	*
	May, 1999: Oklahoma and Kansas	38	40	15	6	1
d.	President Barack Obama's trip to Europe May 26-29, 2011	11	21	27	40	1
	TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:					
	November 11-14, 2010: President Obama's	10	26	21	22	2
	trip to Asia	18	26	21	33	2
	November 4-7, 2010	14	21	23	40	1 *
	November 13, 16, 2000	11 8	19 19	29 28	41 44	1
	November 13-16, 2009 August 14-17, 2009: <i>President Obama's</i>	0	19	20	44	1
	trip to Mexico July 10-13, 2009: President Obama's trip	9	20	26	44	*
	to Russia and the G-8 Summit in Italy April 17-20, 2009: Trip to Mexico and Latin	14	30	24	30	1
	America	17	26	25	32	*
	April 9-13, 2009: <i>Visit to Turkey and Iraq</i> April 3-6, 2009: <i>Trip to Europe and</i>	23	29	22	26	*
	meetings with foreign leaders	25	35	21	19	*
e.	News about possible candidates for the 2012 presidential elections					
	May 26-29, 2011	20	27	24	28	*
	May 19-22, 2011	15	27	24	32	1
	May 12-15, 2011	15	22	26	35	1
	May 5-8, 2011	16	24	27	32	1
	April 21-25, 2011	18	26	23	32	1
	April 14-17, 2011	20	23	29	27	1
	March 24-27, 2011	13	19	26	41	1
	March 10-13, 2011	15	21	26	38	0 *
	February 10-13, 2011	16	19	24	40	*
	February 3-6, 2011 TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:	15	20	23	42	T
	October 24-27, 2008: 2008 Presidential					
	Election	44	36	11	8	1
	October 17-20, 2008	61	28	7	4	*
	October 17 20, 2008	52	31	12	5	*
	October 3-6, 2008	57	31	8	4	*
	September 26-29, 2008	56	29	10	5	*
	September 19-22, 2008	47	33	14	6	*
	September 12-15, 2008	40	38	14	7	1
	September 5-8, 2008	45	39	12	4	*
	August 29-31, 2008	45	32	15	8	*
	August 22-25, 2008	31	36	22	11	*
	August 15-18, 2008	25	41	19	14	1
	August 8-11, 2008	27	38	22	13	*
	August 1-4, 2008	30	42	19	9	*

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March 2-5, 2007 through May 30-June 2, 2008 asked about "Violent storms and tornadoes" in each region. May, 1999 asked about "Tornadoes in Oklahoma and Kansas."

V.1 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
July 25-28, 2008	<u>closely</u> 30	<u>closely</u> 34	<u>closely</u> 21	<u>closely</u> 15	DK/Ref *
July 18-21, 2008	30	35	21	14	*
July 11-14, 2008	28	34	22	15	1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25	35	23	13 17	*
July 3-7, 2008	39	33	18	10	*
June 27-30, 2008	28	38	22	12	*
June 20-23, 2008	26 35	36 35	20	10	*
June 13-16, 2008	38	35		10	*
June 6-9, 2008 May 30-June 2, 2008	30	35 35	17 21	14	*
	32				*
May 22-25, 2008		37 27	20	11	
May 16-19, 2008	33 35	37 26	19 18	10 11	1 *
May 9-12, 2008	33 27	36 35	23	14	1
May 2-5, 2008	34	33 37	18	11	*
April 18-21, 2008	29	41	19	10	1
April 11-14, 2008	31			10	*
April 4.7, 2008	33	37 26	22 17	14	*
April 4-7, 2008		36			*
March 28-31, 2008	31 34	41 27	18	10 11	*
March 14-17, 2008		37 37	18 16	7	*
March 7 10, 2008	40 30	37 26	16		
March 7-10, 2008	39 43	36 24	15 14	9 9	1 *
February 29-March 3, 2008		34 27			*
February 22-25, 2008	42 44	37 26	13	8	*
February 15-18, 2008		36	10	10	
February 8-11, 2008	39 37	37	15	9	0 *
February 1-4, 2008	37 36	35 37	16	12	
January 25-28, 2008	36 36	37	14	12	1 *
January 18-21, 2008	36	34	18	12	
January 11-14, 2008 ²	32	31	19	17	1
January 4-7, 2008	33	36	19	11	1 *
December 14-17, 2007	25	34	22	19	*
December 7-10, 2007	24	35 25	22	19	*
November 30 – December 3, 2007	23	35	23	19	
November 23-26, 2007	20	33	26	20	1
November 16-19, 2007	26	33	21	19	1 *
November 9-12, 2007	21	33	25	21	
November 2-5, 2007	27	30	21	21	1 *
October 26-29, 2007	21	34	26	19	*
October 19-22, 2007	23 13	32 31	22	23 30	*
October 12-15, 2007	22	30	26 24	24	*
October 5-8, 2007 September 28 – October 1, 2007	21	34	25	20	*
				23	*
September 21-24, 2007 September 14-17, 2007	24 22	31 31	22 24	23	*
	18		26	22	*
September 7-10, 2007 August 30-September 2, 2007	19	34 35	20	25	*
August 24-27, 2007	22	28	24	26	*
August 17-20, 2007	19	27	24	30	*
August 17-20, 2007 August 10-13, 2007	23	32	21	24	*
August 10-13, 2007 August 3-6, 2007	19	31	25	25	*
	19	32		26	
July 27-30, 2007	16	32 26	22	26 27	1
July 20-23, 2007			30 27	27 27	1 *
July 13-16, 2007	17 24	29	27 24		
July 6-9, 2007	24 20	29 32	24 25	22 23	1 *
June 29-July 2, 2007					*
June 22-25, 2007	18 17	31	21	30 25	*
June 15-18, 2007	17	32	26	25	-1-

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January 11-14, 2008 asked about: "News about the New Hampshire primaries and the presidential campaign."

1.1 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	DK/Ref
June 8-11, 2007	19	30	24	26	1
June 1-4, 2007	16	27	32	24	1
May 24-27, 2007	22	33	23	22	*
May 18-21, 2007	18	31	24	27	*
May 11-14, 2007	18	30	23	28	1
May 4-7, 2007	23	34	21	21	1
April 27-30, 2007	14	30	29	26	1
April 20-23, 2007	18	28	27	27	*
April 12-16, 2007	18	28	27	27	*
April 5-9, 2007	25	30	26	19	*
March 30-April 2, 2007	20	29	27	23	1
March 23-26, 2007	20	32	22	26	*
March 16-19, 2007	15	28	29	27	1
March 9-12, 2007	24	30	23	23	*
March 2-5, 2007	19	31	26	23	1
February 23-26, 2007	22	33	24	21	*
February 16-19, 2007	18	32	22	27	1
February 9-12, 2007	24	30	24	21	$\bar{1}$
February 2-5, 2007	24	36	22	18	*
January 26-29, 2007	24	33	23	20	*
January 19-22, 2007 ³	24	27	22	26	1
November, 2004 (RVs): 2004 Presidential	27	21	22	20	-
Election	52	36	8	4	*
Mid-October, 2004	46	30	12	11	1
•	32	38	16	14	*
August, 2004				15	1
July, 2004	29	37	18		
April, 2004	31	33	19	16	1 *
Mid-March, 2004	35	34	18	13	
Late February, 2004	24	40	23	12	1
Early February, 2004	29	37	20	13	1
Mid-January, 2004	16	30	27	26	1
Early January, 2004	14	32	30	23	1
December, 2003	16	26	27	30	1
November, 2003	11	26	34	28	1
October, 2003	12	27	28	32	1
September, 2003	17	25	30	27	1
Mid-August, 2003	12	27	27	33	1
May, 2003	8	19	31	41	1
January, 2003	14	28	29	28	1
Early November, 2000 (RVs): 2000				_	
Presidential Election	39	44	12	5	*
Mid-October, 2000 (RVs)	40	37	15	8	*
Early October, 2000 (RVs)	42	36	15	6	1
September, 2000	22	42	21	15	*
July, 2000	21	38	20	20	1
June, 2000	23	32	23	21	1
May, 2000	18	33	26	23	*
April, 2000	18	39	22	20	1
March, 2000	26	41	19	13	1
February, 2000	26	36	21	17	*

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January 19-22, 2007 asked about: "Recent announcements by prominent Democrats about plans to run for president in

From May 2003 to Early February 2004 and in March 1992, the story was listed as "The race for the Democratic nomination." In January 2003, the story was listed as "Recent announcements by prominent Democrats about plans to run for president in 2004." In September 2000, Early September and July 1996, and May 1992, the question asked about "the presidential election campaign." In January, March and April 1996, the story was listed as "News about the Republican presidential candidates." In August 1992, the story was listed as "News about the presidential leection." In July 1992, the story was listed as "News about the Democratic candidates for the presidential campaign." In 1988, the story was introduced as being from "this past year" and was listed as "News about the presidential campaign in 1988."

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January, 2000	19	34	28	18	1
December, 1999	16	36	24	23	1
October, 1999	17	32	28	22	1
September, 1999	15	31	33	20	1
July, 1999	15	38	24	22	1
June, 1999	11	25	29	34	1
November, 1996 (RVs): 1996 Presidential	11	23	23	34	_
Election	34	45	15	6	*
October, 1996	31	39	18	12	*
October, 1990	31	33	10	12	
f. Debate about how to resolve the Israeli-					
Palestinian dispute	10	22	2.4	24	*
May 26-29, 2011	18	23	24	34	4
TREND FOR COMPARISON:					
September 30-October 3, 2010: Israeli-		26	20	2.4	_
Palestinian peace talks	11	26	29	24	1
September 16-19, 2010	13	21	26	40	*
September 2-6, 2010: Israeli-Palestinian					
peace talks in Washington	14	24	27	35	1
March 26-29, 2010: Reports about tensions					
between Israel and the United States	20	27	21	31	1
March 19-22, 2010: Reports about tensions					
in the Middle East between Israelis and					
Palestinians	15	28	27	30	1
June 19-22, 2009: The situation between					
Israelis and Palestinians	15	26	30	29	1
January 23-26, 2009: Conflict between the					
Israeli military and Hamas forces in Gaza	31	31	18	20	*
January 16-19, 2009	24	31	22	22	1
January 9-12, 2009	34	35	18	13	0
January 2-4, 2009	28	32	22	18	*
March 7-10, 2008: Continued violence in					
the Middle East between the Palestinians					
and the Israelis	20	33	26	21	*
January 11-14, 2008: News about					
President Bush attending peace talks in					
Israel	16	30	23	30	1
Nov. 30-Dec. 3, 2007: The Middle East					
Peace Summit in Annapolis, Maryland	11	25	24	39	1
August, 2006: The military conflict between					
Israel and Hezbollah forces in Lebanon	40	34	14	10	2
September, 2003: Continued violence in					
the Middle East between the Palestinians					
and the Israelis	31	36	20	13	*
June, 2003: President Bush's summit					
meeting with world leaders and with the					
prime ministers of Israel and the					
Palestinian Authority	20	36	24	19	1
Early June, 2003: Continued violence in the					
Middle East between the Palestinians and					
the Israelis	26	40	20	13	1
December, 2002	29	36	22	12	1
Early October, 2002	32	39	20	8	1
June, 2002	38	33	18	10	1
April, 2002	38	37	14	10	1
Early April, 2002	44	33	13	9	1
December, 2001	31	40	19	9	1
Early September, 2001	21	33	25	20	1
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EW.1 CONTINUED					
	Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too <u>closely</u>	Not at all <u>closely</u>	(VOL.) DK/Ref
April, 2001: Continued violence in the Middle East	22	34	24	19	1
January, 2001: Renewed efforts at reaching a peace agreement in the Middle East	21	32	29	17	1
Mid-October, 2000: Continued violence in the Middle East between the Palestinians and the Israelis Early October, 2000: Renewed violence in	30	38	18	13	1
the Middle East between the Palestinians and the Israelis July, 2000: The Middle East peace summit	21	30	27	21	1
at Camp David November, 1998: The latest Mideast peace	15	30	24	31	*
agreement between Israel and the Palestinians Early October, 1998 (RVs): Renewed	18	33	28	19	2
efforts at reaching a peace agreement in the Middle East January, 1997: Renewed tensions between	21	40	27	12	*
Israelis and Palestinians over Hebron October, 1996: Renewed violence between	12	23	29	35	1
Israelis & Palestinians on the West Bank and in Jerusalem September, 1995: The latest Mideast peace	17	34	26	23	*
agreement between Israel and the Palestinians Late September, 1993: The peace accords	11	32	29	27	1
between Israel and the PLO Early September, 1993: Talks between Israel and the PLO about Arab self-rule for	23	33	24	19	1
the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho January, 1993: Israel's expulsion of 400 Moslem fundamentalists following the	19	31	23	26	1
murder of an Israeli soldier in the West Bank October, 1991: President Bush's decision to	10	25	31	33	1
postpone loan guarantees to Israel June, 1990: The incident in Gaza in which a	15	25	30	29	1
deranged Israeli killed seven Palestinians and the West Bank riots that followed May, 1988: The conflict in the Middle East	11	28	30	30	1
between the Palestinians and the Israelis in the occupied territories	18	37	34	9	2

ASK ALL:

PEW.2 Which ONE of the stories I just mentioned have you followed most closely, or is there another story you've been following MORE closely? [**DO NOT READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.**]

May 26-29	
<u>2011</u>	
48	Deadly tornadoes in the Midwest
8	Discussions in Washington about how to address the federal budget deficit
7	News about state and local budget problems
5	News about possible candidates for the 2012 presidential elections
5	Debate about how to resolve the Israeli-Palestinian dispute
3	President Barack Obama's trip to Europe
10	Some other story (VOL.)
13	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

ASK ALL:

PEW.3 How much if anything, have you heard about each of the following? Have you heard a lot, a little or nothing at all? [INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE WITH ITEM d ALWAYS LAST]

		A lot	<u>A little</u>	Nothing <u>at all</u>	(VOL.) DK/Ref
a.	The end of Oprah Winfrey's daytime talk show				•
	May 26-29, 2011	36	37	26	1
	TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:				
	May 19-22, 2011: Katie Couric stepping down from her				
	role as anchor of the CBS Evening News	8	47	44	1
	July 1-5, 2010: Larry King announcing he will retire		. –		
	from his CNN talk show in the fall	15	45	39	1
	November 20-23, 2009: Oprah Winfrey announcing that	22	45	24	_
	she will end her daytime talk show in 2011	33	45	21	1
	November 9-12, 2007: Possible abuse of students at				
	Oprah Winfrey's school for disadvantaged girls in South Africa	23	50	27	*
	September 14-17, 2007: Oprah Winfrey's decision to	23	30	27	
	support Barack Obama for president	16	46	38	*
	capport Zarask ozama ron prostacine		. •		
b.	Allegations that Lance Armstrong used performance-				
	enhancing drugs during his cycling career				
	May 26-29, 2011	19	44	37	*
	TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:				
	January 15-18, 2010: Retired baseball player Mark				
	McGwire admitting he used steroids during his career	30	55	15	*
_	A sudge willing that Tayad I amphasy is not properly.				
C.	A judge ruling that Jared Loughner is not mentally competent to stand trial for the Arizona shooting rampage				
	that injured Congresswoman Gabrielle Giffords				
	May 26-29, 2011	23	43	33	*
	TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:	23	73	33	
	January 13-16, 2011: Barack Obama's speech at the				
	memorial for victims of the Arizona shooting	37	38	25	1
	January 13-16, 2011: Sarah Palin's comments on the				
	Arizona shooting	19	39	40	1

PEWWP.1, PEW.4a-PEW.4e TO BE RELEASED SEPARATELY