

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: Tuesday, January 26, 2010 **NEWS** Release

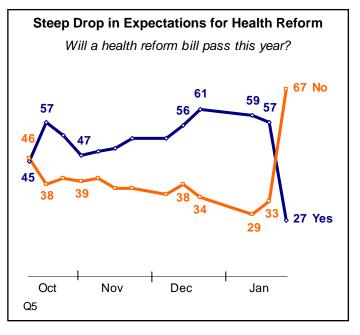
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FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: Andrew Kohut, Director Michael Remez, Senior Writer

# Public Still Following Haiti News Closely 67% NOW DOUBT HEALTH CARE BILL WILL PASS THIS YEAR

Americans tracked the aftermath of the devastating earthquake in Haiti more closely than any other major news last week, but also kept a close watch on two intertwined stories: the fate of health care legislation in Washington and the outcome of last week's special election for U.S. Senate in Massachusetts.

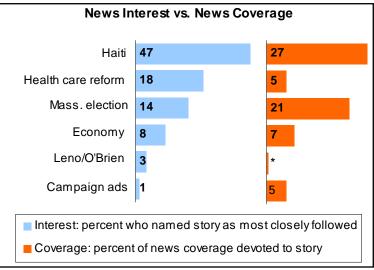
Nearly half (47%) say they followed news about Haiti more closely than any other story. Almost two-in-ten (18%) say they followed news about the debate over health care reform most closely, while 14% say they most closely



followed news about Republican Scott Brown's win in the race for the late Democrat Ted Kennedy's U.S. Senate seat.

The public's take on the chances that health care legislation will be enacted this year shifted dramatically after Brown's Jan. 19 victory, which will end the Democrats' effective control of 60 Senate seats and their ability to stop Republican filibusters. About two-thirds (67%) now say they do not think a health care reform bill will be passed into law this year, while 27% say they think it will, according to the latest weekly News Interest Index survey conducted Jan. 22-25 among 1,010 adults nationwide by the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press. This is a reversal from the previous week's News Interest Index survey when 57% said they thought legislation *would* pass this year, while 33% said it would not.

The Haiti earthquake and the Massachusetts election also received the most news coverage last week, according to a separate analysis by the Pew Research Center's Project for Excellence in Journalism. The earthquake aftermath accounted for 27% of the newshole, while Brown's win – and its potential impact on President Obama's agenda – made up 21% of coverage. Specific coverage of the



health care debate made up just 5% of the newshole.

While Democrats focused overwhelmingly on the aftermath of the Haiti earthquake (66% say it was the story they followed most closely), Republicans were more likely to divide their attention among the week's top stories. More than a third (35%) say they followed news about the earthquake more closely than any other story, but close to a quarter (23%) say they followed the Massachusetts election most closely. Just 6% of Democrats say they followed the election for Kennedy's seat more closely than any other story. Among independents, 42% say they followed Haiti news most closely, and 13% say they followed the Massachusetts vote most closely.

Attention to the Massachusetts special election was not confined to the Northeast. Roughly equal numbers say they followed the election very closely in the Northeast (39%) and the West (40%), little different from the percentages of those who say they followed it very closely in the Midwest (35%) and the South (33%). Men and women were equally interested in the vote (37% vs. 35% very closely). And, in another sign that the public saw the election as significant, almost two-thirds (64%) say the media gave the heavily-reported story about the right amount of coverage.

Who Followed the Massachusetts Election							
Total	Very <u>closely</u> % 36	Less <u>closely</u> % 64	<u>N</u> 1,010				
Men	37	63	503				
Women	35	64	507				
Republican	45	54	268				
Democrat	29	71	297				
Independent	37	63	399				
Northeast	39	60	188				
Midwest	35	65	224				
South	33	67	378				
West	40	60	220				
Q2d. Figures re responses not s		; "don't kno	ow"				

# Prospects for Health Care Legislation Dim

The percentage of Americans who say they think health care legislation will pass this year (27%) is at its lowest point since the question was first asked in early October 2009. The week of Oct. 9-12, the public was divided: 45% thought legislation would pass within the next year; 46% thought it would not.

While two-thirds (67%) now say they do not think legislation will be enacted this year, that view is even greater among those who say they followed the special election in Massachusetts very closely. Among that group, 78% say they do not think legislation will pass this year; 17% think it will. Among those following the health care debate very closely, a

Two-Thirds Say Health Reform Won't Pass Following Massachusetts Election							
Total	<i>Jan</i> Will <u>pass</u> % 57	15-18 Won't <u>pass</u> % 33	Jan 2 Will <u>pass</u> % 27	22-25 Won't <u>pass</u> % 67	Change in <u>"will pass"</u> -30		
Republican Democrat Independent	47 64 59	45 26 34	17 42 22	80 52 72	-30 -22 -37		
Follow health care reform debate: Very closely Less closely	63 54	33 34	23 30	73 63	-40 -24		
Follow Mass. special election : Very closely Less closely			17 33	78 61			
Know Rep. won Mass. election Yes No			22 45	72 49	 		
Q5: "Thinking now about the issue of health care, from what you've seen and heard, do you think a health care reform bill will pass this year or not?"							

comparable 73% now say they do not think legislation will pass; 23% say they think it will. That is a reversal from just one week earlier, when 63% of those following the debate very closely said they thought legislation would pass and 33% thought it would not.

The expectation that health care legislation will pass in the next year is down sharply among all partisan groups. Currently just 17% of Republicans say legislation will pass, down from 47% one week earlier. Among independents, the percentage dropped to 22% from 59% and among Democrats it dropped from 64% to 42%. Nevertheless, Democrats remain most likely to say legislation will be enacted.

Among the 79% who know that the Republican won the special election, seven-in-ten (72%) say they do not think legislation will pass, while 22% think it will. Among the 21% who do not know that the GOP candidate won what had been Ted Kennedy's seat, about half (49%) say they do not think legislation will be enacted this year.

### Too Much Coverage of Jay Leno and Conan O'Brien

About seven-in-ten Americans (69%) say the press devoted too much coverage to Conan O'Brien's departure from The Tonight Show and Jay Leno's return to that show. O'Brien hosted

the show for the last time on Friday, Jan. 22. About one-in-five (21%) say the media devoted the right amount of coverage to this story.

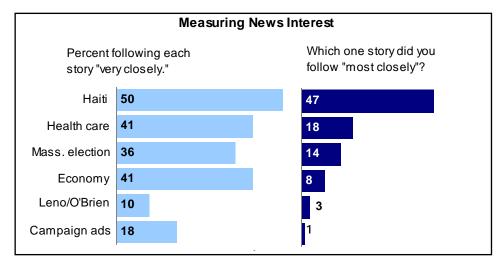
Far fewer people say any other story received too much coverage last week. About seven-in-ten (71%) say the earthquake and relief efforts in Haiti have gotten the right amount of coverage; 19% say they have gotten too much coverage. Almost two-thirds (64%) say the Massachusetts election got the

Late Night Saga Gets Too Much Coverage								
	Too <u>much</u> %	Right <u>amount</u> %	Too <u>little</u> %	Don't <u>know</u> %				
Leno/O'Brien	69	21	4	6=100				
Haiti earthquake	19	71	9	1=100				
Mass. election	16	64	15	5=100				
Health care reform	11	47	38	3=100				
Economy	9	52	38	2=100				
Campaign ads	8	33	49	9=100				
Q4a-f. Figures may not add to 100% because of rounding.								

right amount of coverage, while 16% say it got too much. About as many (15%) say the race received too little coverage.

A plurality (49%) says the Supreme Court's decision overturning campaign finance laws on corporations and unions paying for ads about political candidates was under-covered. Just 8% say this decision, which was announced on Thursday, Jan. 21, got too much media attention. Close to four-in-ten (38%) say the media gave too little coverage to the country's economic conditions. A matching percentage (38%) says the same about the debate over health care reform.

As Obama prepares to deliver his State of the Union address, more than half of Americans (55%) say their opinion of him has not changed in recent weeks, but one third (33%) say their opinion of Obama has grown less favorable recently. Just 8% say their opinion of the president has improved. This is the most negative balance of opinion since Obama became president.



These findings are based on the most recent installment of the weekly News Interest Index, an ongoing project of the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press. The index, building on the Center's longstanding research into public attentiveness to major news stories, examines news interest as it relates to the news media's coverage. The weekly survey is conducted in conjunction with The Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, which monitors the news reported by major newspaper, television, radio and online news outlets on an ongoing basis. In the most recent week, data relating to news coverage were collected from Jan. 18-24, 2010, and survey data measuring public interest in the top news stories of the week were collected Jan. 22-25, 2010, from a nationally representative sample of 1,010 adults.

### About the News Interest Index

The *News Interest Index* is a weekly survey conducted by the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press aimed at gauging the public's interest in and reaction to major news events.

This project has been undertaken in conjunction with the Project for Excellence in Journalism's *News Coverage Index*, an ongoing content analysis of the news. The News Coverage Index catalogues the news from top news organizations across five major sectors of the media: newspapers, network television, cable television, radio and the internet. Each week (from Monday through Sunday) PEJ compiles this data to identify the top stories for the week. The News Interest Index survey collects data from Friday through Monday to gauge public interest in the most covered stories of the week.

Results for the weekly surveys are based on landline telephone interviews among a nationwide sample of approximately 1,000 adults, 18 years of age or older, conducted under the direction of ORC (Opinion Research Corporation). For results based on the total sample, one can say with 95% confidence that the error attributable to sampling is plus or minus 4 percentage points.

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls, and that results based on subgroups will have larger margins of error.

For more information about the Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, go to www.journalism.org.

### About the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press

The Pew Research Center for the People & the Press is an independent opinion research group that studies attitudes toward the press, politics and public policy issues. We are sponsored by The Pew Charitable Trusts and are one of seven projects that make up the Pew Research Center, a nonpartisan "fact tank" that provides information on the issues, attitudes and trends shaping America and the world.

The Center's purpose is to serve as a forum for ideas on the media and public policy through public opinion research. In this role it serves as an important information resource for political leaders, journalists, scholars, and public interest organizations. All of our current survey results are made available free of charge.

All of the Center's research and reports are collaborative products based on the input and analysis of the entire Center staff consisting of:

Andrew Kohut, Director Scott Keeter, Director of Survey Research Carroll Doherty and Michael Dimock, Associate Directors Michael Remez, Senior Writer Robert Suls, Shawn Neidorf, Leah Christian, Jocelyn Kiley and Alec Tyson, Research Associates Jacob Poushter, Research Assistant

For more information about the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press' weekly News Interest Index, go to <u>www.people-press.org</u>.

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#### PEW RESEARCH CENTER FOR THE PEOPLE & THE PRESS January 22-25, 2010 NEWS INTEREST INDEX OMNIBUS SURVEY FINAL TOPLINE N=1,010

Q.1 In the past few weeks, have you come to have a MORE favorable opinion of Barack Obama, a LESS favorable opinion of Barack Obama, or hasn't your opinion of him changed lately?

	More <u>favorable</u>	Less <u>favorable</u>	Opinion has not changed	DK/ <u>Refused</u>
Barack Obama				
January 22-25, 2010	8	33	55	4
December 4-7, 2009	12	27	57	3
September 11-14, 2009	19	26	53	1
June 25-28, 2009	13	20	63	4
May 21-24, 2009	18	21	60	1
April 9-13, 2009	20	18	60	2
March 20-23, 2009	22	19	56	3
February 27-March 2, 2009	23	20	56	1
February 6-9, 2009	23	16	60	1
2008 CAMPAIGN				
TREND FOR COMPARISON: <sup>1</sup>				
October 31-November 3, 2008	25	25	49	1
October 24-27, 2008	24	21	52	3
October 17-20, 2008	33	23	43	1
October 10-13, 2008	29	21	48	2
October 3-6, 2008	28	23	47	2
September 26-29, 2008	31	23	45	1
September 19-22, 2008	25	20	53	2
September 12-15, 2008	20	20	58	2
September 5-8, 2008	20	20	59	1
August 29-31, 2008	29	19	50	2
August 22-25, 2008	22	21	54	3
August 15-18, 2008	16	21	60	3
August 8-11, 2008	15	18	64	3
August 1-4, 2008	16	22	60	2
July 25-28, 2008	17	21	59	3
July 18-21, 2008	16	22	60	2
July 11-14, 2008	15	17	64	4
July 3-7, 2008	17	17	62	4
June 27-30, 2008	21	19	56	4
June 20-23, 2008	16	16	66	2
June 13-16, 2008	17	15	64	4
June 6-9, 2008	19	17	61	3
May 30-June 2, 2008	17	21	58	4
May 22-25, 2008	18	20	60	2
May 16-19, 2008	19	19	59	3
May 9-12, 2008	20	23	55	2
May 2-5, 2008	11	25	59	5

<sup>1</sup> 

For March 20-24, 2008, through October 31-November 3, 2008, the introduction read, "In the past few days." For September 12-15 through October 31-November 3, 2008, the question asked respondents to "Please think about each of the following candidates," Barack Obama, John McCain, Joe Biden and Sarah Palin in the 2008 presidential and vice presidential elections. For June 13-16, 2008, through September 5-8, 2008, the question was worded, "Please think about each of the following *presidential* candidates..." and asked about Barack Obama and John McCain. For March 20-24, 2008, through June 6-9, 2008, the list of presidential candidates included Hillary Clinton, Barack Obama and John McCain.

	More	Less	Opinion has	DK/
	favorable	favorable	not changed	<b>Refused</b>
April 25-28, 2008	16	24	58	2
April 18-21, 2008	18	24	54	4
March 28-31, 2008	18	27	52	3
March 20-24, 2008	22	30	46	2

Q.2 As I read a list of some stories covered by news organizations this past week, please tell me if you happened to follow each news story very closely, fairly closely, not too closely, or not at all closely. First, **[INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE] [IF NECESSARY** "Did you follow **[ITEM]** very closely, fairly closely, not too closely or not at all closely?"]

		Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too <u>closely</u>	Not at all <u>closely</u>	DK/ <u>Refused</u>
a.	Reports about the condition of the U.S. economy	•	•	•	-	
	January 22-25, 2010	41	34	14	10	*
	January 15-18, 2010	37	38	14	11	*
	January 8-11, 2010	39	33	15	12	*
	December 18-21, 2009	45	31	14	10	0
	December 11-14, 2009	42	31	14	13	*
	December 4-7, 2009	41	36	13	9	1
	November 13-16, 2009	38	33	14	15	*
	October 30-November 2, 2009	34	32	17	16	*
	October 23-26, 2009	44	30	15	10	1
	October 9-12, 2009	41	29	16	13	*
	October 2-5, 2009	44	30	15	11	0
	September 25-28, 2009	44	37	10	10	*
	September 18-21, 2009	44	34	15	7	*
	September 11-14, 2009	45	32	14	9	*
	September 3-6, 2009	41	31	15	13	*
	August 28-31, 2009	45	30	13	12	1
	August 21-24, 2009	50	27	13	10	1
	August 14-17, 2009	41	37	11	12	*
	August 7-10, 2009	42	34	13	10	*
	July 31-August 3, 2009	46	34	11	8	*
	July 24-27, 2009	45	35	12	8	*
	July 17-20, 2009	43	35	11	11	1
	July 10-13, 2009	37	38	13	11	*
	July 2-5, 2009	38	35	15	12	*
	June 19-22, 2009	42	33	15	10	*
	June 12-15, 2009	41	35	12	12	*
	June 5-8, 2009	41	34	11	14	*
	May 29-June 1, 2009	43	37	11	8	*
	May 21-24, 2009	44	35	13	9	*
	May 15-18, 2009	44	35	12	8	*
	May 8-11, 2009	42	34	12	12	*
	May 1-4, 2009	47	36	11	5	1
	April 17-20, 2009	52	30	10	7	1
	April 9-13, 2009	48	29	13	10	0
	March 27-30, 2009	48	32	10	10	*
	March 20-23, 2009	52	34	8	6	*
	March 13-16, 2009	48	33	9	10	*
	February 27-March 2, 2009	56	30	8	6	*
	February 13-16, 2009	55	29	10	6	*

2 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	DK/
	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>Refused</u>
January 30-February 2, 2009	52	31	12	5	*
January 23-26, 2009	57	30	8	5	0
January 16-19, 2009	43	35	13	9	*
January 2-4, 2009	42	36	15	7	*
December 12-15, 2008	51	33	9	7	*
December 5-8, 2008	42	38	13	7	*
November 21-24, 2008	59	24	9	8	*
November 14-17, 2008	56	29	9	6	*
November 7-10, 2008	54	31	8	7	*
October 31-November 3, 2008	63	27	6	4	*
October 24-27, 2008	52	35	7	5	1
October 17-20, 2008	62	29	6	3	*
October 10-13, 2008	65	25	7	3	*
October 3-6, 2008	69	23	5	3	*
September 26-29, 2008	70	22	5	3	*
September 19-22, 2008	56	27	12	5	*
September 5-8, 2008	44	33	16	7	*
August 29-31, 2008	41	34	13	11	1
August 15-18, 2008	39	36	15	10	*
August 8-11, 2008	39	35	16	10	*
August 1-4, 2008	47	34	11	8	0
July 25-28, 2008	46	32	10	12	*
July 18-21, 2008	45	33	13	9	*
July 11-14, 2008	44	33	12	10	1
June 27-30, 2008	49	31	12	7	1
June 13-16, 2008	42	33	14	11	*
May 9-12, 2008	45	31	13	11	*
May 2-5, 2008	43	31	15	10	1
April 18-21, 2008	41	35	13	10	1
April 4-7, 2008	39	37	12	12	*
March 28-31, 2008	42	36	14	8	*
March 20-24, 2008	45	33	13	9	*
February 29-March 3, 2008	38	35	15	11	1
February 15-18, 2008	37	36	11	16	8
February 1-4, 2008	40	37	14	8	1
January 18-21, 2008	42	31	16	11	*
January 11-14, 2008	36	32	15	16	1
November 2-5, 2007	27	37	16	19	1
October 19-22, 2007	25	34	20	21	*
August 10-13, 2007	28	36	18	18	*
Mid-November, 2006	31	40	17	11	1
December, 2005	35	35	18	11	1
Early November, 2005	35	39	17	9	*
Mid-May, 2005	30	39	19	11	1
January, 2005	35	41	17	7	*
Mid-October, 2004	30	43	16	10	1
Early September, 2004	39	34	15	11	1
Mid-January, 2004	37	41	15	7	*
December, 2003	35	38	13	11	2
November, 2003	40	34	15	10	1
October, 2003	32	39	16	10	1
September, 2003	32	30	18	12	1
March, 2003	40	35	16	8	1
	10		10	0	1

b.

.2 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	DK/
	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>Refused</u>
February, 2003	42	33	15	10	*
January, 2003	40	35	13	11	1
December, 2002	38	34	17	10	1
February, 2002	35	40	15	9	1
January, 2002	30	44	16	9	1
December, 2001	37	40	13	8	2
Mid-November, 2001	41	36	15	7	1
June, 2001	24	41	18	16	1
May, 2001	34	36	15	15	0
April, 2001	36	34	16	13	1
February, 2001	30	39	18	12	1
January, 2001	32	38	17	11	2
June, 1995	26	41	22	11	*
March, 1995	27	45	19	9	*
February, 1995	23	41	22	13	1
December, 1994	28	43	20	9	*
October, 1994	27	40	20	12	1
June, 1994	25	42	23	10	*
May, 1994	33	40	16	10	1
January, 1994	34	39	16	10	1
Early January, 1994	36	44	13	7	*
December, 1993	35	41	15	8	1
October, 1993	33	38	20	9	*
September, 1993	37	40	14	8	1
Early September, 1993	39	39	14	9	*
August, 1993	41	36	14	9	*
May, 1993	37	38	18	6	1
February, 1993	49	36	10	5	*
January, 1993	42	39	12	7	*
September, 1992	43	37	13	6	1
May, 1992	39	39	15	6	1
March, 1992	47	38	11	4	*
February, 1992	47	37	10	6	*
January, 1992	44	40	11	5	*
October, 1991	36	38	16	9	1
Debate over health care reform					
January 22-25, 2010	41	32	15	11	*
January 15-18, 2010	37	27	19	18	*
January 8-11, 2010	39	26	20	15	*
December 18-21, 2009	42	27	16	14	*
December 11-14, 2009	42	30	15	14	*
December 4-7, 2009	42	28	15	14	1
November 20-23, 2009	42	29	14	15	*
November 13-16, 2009	38	26	17	17	1
November 6-9, 2009	35	28	15	22	1
October 30-November 2, 2009	32	26	19	23	*
October 23-26, 2009	40	27	16	17	1
October 16-19, 2009	36	28	15	21	*
October 9-12, 2009	37	29	14	19	1
October 2-5, 2009	39	29	16	16	*
September 25-28, 2009	45	31	12	12	0
September 18-21, 2009	44	26	19	11	*

	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	DK/
Sectors 11, 14, 2000	<u>closely</u>	closely	closely	closely	Refused *
September 11-14, 2009	44	27 26	14	15	
September 3-6, 2009	40	26 28	16	17	0
August 28-31, 2009	40	28	17	14	1
August 21-24, 2009	49	24	12	15	1
August 14-17, 2009	39	31	15	15	1
TREND FOR COMPARISON: <sup>2</sup>					
August 7-10, 2009: Debate in Washington over	4.0		. –		
health care reform	40	27	17	15	1
July 31-August 3, 2009	47	26	14	13	1
July 24-27, 2009	44	28	15	13	*
July 17-20, 2009	33	31	13	21	2
July 10-13, 2009	24	29	20	27	*
June 26-29, 2009	29	26	20	25	1
June 19-22, 2009	28	28	20	23	*
June 12-15, 2009	29	26	18	26	*
May 15-18, 2009	25	30	20	24	*
March 6-9, 2009: Obama proposing a					
\$630 billion fund for overhauling health care	41	32	13	14	*
September, 1994: The Clinton					
administration's health care reform proposals	32	41	18	9	*
June, 1994	34	40	19	7	*
May, 1994	37	37	16	9	1
January, 1994	38	38	15	9	*
Early January, 1994	40	40	13	6	*
December, 1993	45	35	14	0 7	1
October, 1993	44	32	12	6	1
September, 1993	49	32	11	6	1 *
	47	54	11	0	
August, 1993: <i>Reports about the White House</i>					
task force on health care reform headed by	27	22	25	15	1
Hillary Clinton	27	32	25	15	1 *
June, 1993	28	38	19	15	
May, 1993	30	30	25	14	1
The aftermath of a major earthquake and relief					
efforts in Haiti					
	50	40	8	3	*
January 22-25, 2010 January 15, 18, 2010: A major carthouche in	30	40	0	3	
January 15-18, 2010: A major earthquake in	<i>c</i> 0	20	0	4	*
Haiti	60	28	8	4	*
TREND FOR COMPARISON:					
August 14-17, 2009: A typhoon that caused	-		20		
flooding and mudslides in Taiwan	7	21	30	41	1
April 9-13, 2009: A major earthquake in Italy	18	35	25	22	*
May 16-19, 2008: The earthquake in China	30	41	17	12	*
May 9-12, 2008: Reports about the cyclone that					
hit Burma	23	35	23	19	*

<sup>2</sup> 

c.

June 12-15, 2009 through August 7-10, 2009 asked about: "Debate in Washington over health care reform." May 15-18, 2009 asked about: "Debate over Barack Obama's health care plans." March 6-9, 2009 asked about: "Barack Obama proposing a \$630 billion fund for overhauling the U.S. health care system." September, 1993 through September, 1994 asked about: "The Clinton Administration's health care reform proposals." May, 1993 through August, 1993 asked about: "Reports about the White House task force on health care reform headed by Hillary Clinton."

d.

	Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly <u>closely</u>	Not too <u>closely</u>	Not at all <u>closely</u>	DK/ <u>Refused</u>
November 2-5, 2007: The impact of Hurricane					
Noel on the Bahamas and Cuba	11	22	31	35	1
September 7-10, 2007: The impact of					
Hurricanes Felix and Henriette on Mexico and					
Central America	14	29	29	27	1
August 24-27, 2007: The destruction caused by					
Hurricane Dean in Mexico and the Caribbean	18	39	24	18	1
October, 2005: The earthquake in Pakistan	22	39	23	16	*
January 2005: The earthquake and tsunami in					
the Indian Ocean	58	32	7	3	*
January 2004: The earthquake in Iran	16	34	31	19	*
February 2001: The earthquake in India	15	33	31	20	1
March 2000: Flood rescue efforts in					
Mozambique	10	26	30	34	*
September 1999: The earthquake in Turkey	27	37	23	12	1
November 1998: Hurricane Mitch and the rain					
and mudslides in Central America	36	36	16	11	1
February 1995: The earthquake in Japan	25	47	20	8	*
May 1991: The cyclone that devastated		.,		0	
Bangladesh	23	36	23	17	1
July 1990: The earthquake in Iran	20	36	28	16	*
A Massachusetts special election to replace the late Ted Kennedy in the U.S. Senate January 22-25, 2010 <b>TREND FOR COMPARISON:</b> Sen. Ted Kennedy August 28-31, 2009: The death of Massachusetts Senator Ted Kennedy May 22-25, 2008: Senator Ted Kennedy has a	36 28 26	27 32	17 22	20 17	* *
cancerous brain tumor	26	36	24	14	т Т
<b>TREND FOR COMPARISON:</b> <b>Other political</b> January 8-11, 2010: News about this year's					
Congressional elections November 6-9, 2009: Reports about state and	20	24	26	29	1
local elections	20	28	23	28	*
May 1-4. 2009: <i>The decision by Pennsylvania</i> Senator Arlen Specter to join the Democratic					2
Party November 1-4, 2006: News about candidates and election campaigns in your state and	22	26	21	29	2
district	27	37	18	17	1
August 10-13, 2006: Senator Joe Lieberman's					
<i>defeat in the Connecticut primary</i> June 13-17, 2001: <i>The decision by Vermont</i>	17	24	19	37	3
Senator Jim Jeffords to leave the Republican Party	21	27	18	34	*

Q.2	CONTINUED					
		Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	DK/
		<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>Refused</u>
e.	The Supreme Court overturning campaign finance					
	limits on corporations and unions paying for ads					
	about political candidates					
	January 22-25, 2010	18	21	25	34	1
	TREND FOR COMPARISON:					
	Campaign finance:					
	December, 2003: The Supreme Court decision					
	upholding campaign finance reform legislation	8	17	28	45	2
	April, 2001: The debate in Congress over					
	campaign finance reform	14	27	25	33	1
	TREND FOR COMPARISON:					
	Other Supreme Court decisions:					
	July 2-5, 2009: The Supreme Court ruling that					
	a group of firefighters were unfairly denied					
	promotions because of their race	19	25	18	38	*
	June 27-30, 2008: The U.S. Supreme Court					
	decision to overturn a ban on handguns in					
	Washington, D.C.	28	28	21	22	1
	June 13-16, 2008: The U.S. Supreme Court					
	ruling that foreign terror suspects held at					
	Guantanamo Bay have the right to challenge					
	their confinement	21	23	24	32	*
	June 29-July 2, 2007: A Supreme Court ruling					
	that public schools cannot use race to decide					
	where students attend classes	23	23	19	34	1
	April 20-23, 2007: The Supreme Court decision					
	to uphold a ban on partial birth abortion	21	25	24	29	1
	June, 2005: The Supreme Court decision		-		-	
	upholding the federal government's ban on the					
	use of medical marijuana	19	34	21	25	1
	July, 2002: The Supreme Court ruling allowing					
	vouchers to be used at private and religious					
	schools	19	24	22	33	2
	July, 2002: The Supreme Court ruling that bans	- /				_
	the death penalty for the mentally retarded	16	23	25	34	2
	July, 2000: The Supreme Court ruling that	10			0.	_
	Nebraska law banning late-term abortion was					
	unconstitutional	15	23	18	43	1
	July, 2000: The Supreme Court ruling allowing	10	20	10	15	1
	the Boy Scouts to fire gay troop leaders	16	35	20	29	*
	June, 1997: The decision by the Supreme Court	10		20	_>	
	that Paula Corbin Jones can move forward					
	with her sexual harassment lawsuit against					
	President Clinton	16	34	28	21	1
	July, 1991: The Supreme Court decision	10	51	20	21	1
	allowing laws that bar federally funded					
	agencies from discussing abortion	25	31	24	19	1
	July, 1990: The Supreme Court decision that	23	51	<i>2</i> 7	17	1
	found laws against flag burning					
	unconstitutional and the attempt in Congress to					
	amend the constitution	24	39	25	11	1
		21	57	25		1

-		Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly closely	Not too <u>closely</u>	Not at all <u>closely</u>	DK/ <u>Refused</u>
	July, 1990: The Supreme Court decision regarding a person's right to die July, 1989: The Supreme Court decision on	24	32	24	19	1
	abortion July, 1989: The Supreme Court decision on the	47	36	14	3	*
	burning of the U.S. flag	51	32	12	4	1
	Conan O'Brien leaving NBC and Jay Leno taking over the Tonight Show January 22-25, 2010 January 15-18, 2010: NBC rearranging its late- night comedy programs with Jay Leno and	10	21	33	35	*
	Conan O'Brien	10	21	26	42	*

Q.3 Which ONE of the stories I just mentioned have you followed most closely, or is there another story you've been following MORE closely? [DO NOT READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.]

- 47 The aftermath of a major earthquake and relief efforts in Haiti
- 18 Debate over health care reform
- 14 A Massachusetts special election to replace the late Ted Kennedy in the U.S. Senate
- 8 Reports about the condition of the U.S. economy
- Conan O'Brien leaving NBC and Jay Leno taking over the Tonight Show
  The Supreme Court overturning campaign finance limits on corporations and unions paying for
  ads about political candidates
- 4 Some other story (**VOL**.)
- 4 Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
- Q.4 Do you think news organizations are giving too much coverage, too little coverage or the right amount of coverage to each of the following? **[INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE]**

			Right		
		Too much	Too little	amount of	DK/
		coverage	coverage	coverage	Refused
a.	Reports about the condition				
	of the U.S. economy				
	January 22-25, 2010	9	38	52	2
	October 2-5, 2009	22	32	44	2
	July 17-20, 2009	16	30	51	4
	March 20-23, 2009	21	26	51	2
	January 18-21, 2008	11	32	52	5
	February, 2001: Signs of an				
	economic slowdown	21	25	46	8
b.	Debate over health care reform				
	January 22-25, 2010	11	38	47	3
	October 16-19, 2009	16	36	46	2
	October 2-5, 2009	21	35	40	4
	July 17-20, 2009: Debate in Washi	ngton			
	over health care reform	6	45	44	6

Q.4 C(		Too much	Too little	Right amount of	DK/
		coverage	coverage	coverage	Refused
с.	The aftermath of a major earthquake and relief efforts in Haiti	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	
	January 22-25, 2010	19	9	71	1
	January 15-18, 2010: The earthquake	2			
	in Haiti <sup>3</sup>	19	10	69	2
d.	A Massachusetts special election to replace the late Ted Kennedy in the U.S. Senate				
	January 22-25, 2010	16	15	64	5
e.	The Supreme Court overturning campai finance limits on corporations and union paying for ads about political candidate January 22-25, 2010	ns	49	33	9
f.	Conan O'Brien leaving NBC and Jay L taking over the Tonight Show	eno			
	January 22-25, 2010	69	4	21	6

Q.5 Thinking now about the issue of health care, from what you've seen and heard, do you think a health care reform bill will pass this year or not?

			DK/
	Yes, will	No, will not	Refused
January 22-25, 2010	27	67	5
January 15-18, 2010	57	33	10
January 8-11, 2010	59	29	11
December 18-21, 2009 <sup>4</sup>	61	34	5
December 11-14, 2009	56	38	6
December 4-7, 2009	52	35	14
November 20-23, 2009	52	37	11
November 13-16, 2009	49	37	14
November 6-9, 2009	48	40	11
October 30-November 2, 2009	47	39	14
October 23-26, 2009	53	40	7
October 16-19, 2009	57	38	5
October 9-12, 2009	45	46	9

Q.6 Do you happen to know which party's candidate won the special election in Massachusetts to replace Ted Kennedy in the U.S. Senate? Was it **[RANDOMIZE:** the Republican candidate or the Democratic candidate/the Democratic candidate or the Republican candidate]?

#### Jan 22-25

2010

- 79 The Republican candidate (*Correct*)
- 5 The Democratic candidate
- 16 Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For January 15-18, 2010, this question was asked as a stand-alone question, not as part of a list.

For December 18-21, 2009 and earlier, the question asked about the chance of a health care reform bill passing "over the next year or not".