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NEWS Release

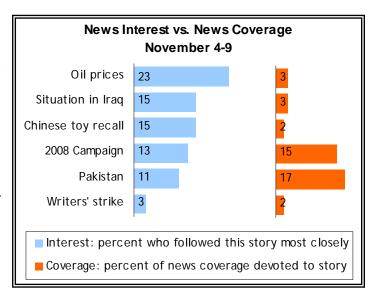
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Heavy Coverage of Pakistan, Only Modest Interest WIDESPREAD INTEREST IN RISING OIL PRICES

While the press focused heavily on the political turmoil in Pakistan last week, the public was interested in other things. The three news stories the public followed most closely last week, rising oil prices, the Iraq war and the recall of Chinese-made toys, received relatively little press coverage. The public's top story was the rising price of oil. Fully 44% followed this story very closely and 23% listed it as the single news story they followed more closely than any other. Only 3% of the overall



newshole was devoted to this story. While oil and gas prices were featured somewhat more prominently in newspapers and on network television, this was not a top ten story on cable television news, radio news or online news sources.

The rising price of oil ranks among the top news stories of the year in terms of news interest. Only gas prices in May and the Virginia Tech shootings in April drew larger news audiences. Interest in oil prices is fairly consistent across major demographic groups, with a couple of exceptions. Older Americans (those ages 50 and older) are paying closer attention than younger Americans to this story, and men are following it somewhat more closely

Most Closely Followed Stories	s of 2007
	Following Ty closely 52 45 44 41 40 40 38 36 36 34

than women.

While the public is paying close attention to news about rising oil prices, a plurality believes that media coverage of the U.S. economy more generally is making things seem worse than they really are. More than four-in-ten Americans (42%) say news reports are making the U.S. economy seem worse than it really is. Only 17% say news reports are making the economy seem better than it really is, and 35% say reports are showing the situation about the way it really is. Republicans are among the most likely to say the media is painting an inaccurate picture of the economy. Six-in-ten Republicans say news reports make the economy seem worse than it really is. This compares with 41% of independents and only 31% of Democrats.

These findings are based on the most recent installment of the weekly *News Interest Index*, an ongoing project of the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press. The index, building on the Center's longstanding research into public attentiveness to major news stories, examines news interest as it relates to the news media's agenda. The weekly survey is conducted in conjunction with The Project for Excellence in Journalism's *News Coverage Index*, which monitors the news reported by major newspaper, television, radio and online news outlets on an ongoing basis. In the most recent week, data relating to news coverage was collected from November 4-9 and survey data measuring public interest in the top news stories of the week was collected November 9-12 from a nationally representative sample of 1,017 adults.

Chinese Toy Recall Top Story for Women

The announcement that a popular children's toy, Aqua Dots, was being recalled last week because it contained a dangerous chemical, attracted a large news audience. A third of the public paid very close attention to news about the recall and this and other Chinesemade toys last week, and 15% listed this as their most closely followed story. Public attention to last week's recall was somewhat higher than in the summer when fewer than 30% were paying very close attention to safety issues relating to food and other products from China.

Women, Parents Interested in Toy Recall							
Following toy recall Very closely Fairly closely Not too closely Not at all closely Don't know	Men % 28 37 17 17 1 100	Women % 37 31 18 13 1 100	Child < househ Yes % 41 28 12 18 11 100				
Most closely followed news story: Toy recall Oil prices Iraq war Other Don't know	6 27 15 39 <u>13</u> 100	23 20 15 30 12 100	24 21 9 31 15 100	13 24 16 37 <u>10</u> 100			

Interest was especially high among women and parents of small children. Fully 37% of women and 41% of those with children under the age of 6 living in their household paid very

close attention to this story. Among women, 23% listed the toy recall story as their most closely followed news story, making it the number one story among women. Only 6% of men listed this as their most closely followed story. By far the top story among men was the rising price of oil.

Media and Public Differ on Pakistan Story

The recent political instability in Pakistan was the most heavily covered news story last week. Fully 17% of the national newshole was devoted to this story. In spite of the intense media coverage, the public paid relatively little attention to news about Pakistan. One-in-five followed the story very closely and another 29% paid fairly close attention. Roughly the same percentage followed last month's bombing in Pakistan aimed at former Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto (21% very closely and 28% fairly closely). One-in-ten Americans (11%) listed the situation in Pakistan as their most closely followed news story making it the fifth most closely followed story of the week.

With the exception of the Iraq war, the situation in Pakistan received more weekly coverage than any other foreign story has this year. Several foreign stories have drawn large news audiences this year, but the current situation in Pakistan is not one of them. In fact it barely ranks in the top ten foreign stories of the year. The foreign news stories that the public has followed most closely this year have involved Iraq, Iran and terrorism.

Top Foreign Stories of 2007					
1 Situation in Iron (2.07)	% following very closely 38				
1. Situation in Iraq {2-07} 2. UK car bombs {6-07}	36 34				
3. US-Iranian relations {2-07}	33				
4. British sailors released	55				
by Iranians {4-07}	31				
5. Iran supplying weapons					
to Iraqi insurgents {2-07}	28				
6. Al Qaeda resurgence (7-07)	26				
7. Ahmadinejad visit to US {9-0	7} 23				
8. Pakistan bombing {10-07}	21				
9. Palestinian conflict (6-07)	20				
10. Pakistan instability {11-07}	20				

Campaign Interest & Candidate Buzz

Public interest in the 2008 presidential campaign declined somewhat last week after reaching a high point during the first week of November. Two-in-ten Americans (21%) said they followed the campaign very closely last week and 13% said it was the story they followed most closely. The national news media devoted 15% of its coverage overall to the campaign with cable focusing most heavily on the story (25%).

The Democratic presidential candidates maintain a clear advantage over the Republican candidates for visibility in the press. When asked which candidate they have been hearing the most about in the news lately, the public named Democratic candidates over Republican candidates by a better than seven-to-one margin (71% vs. 10%). This Democratic advantage is driven mostly by the large number of people who said that Hillary Clinton was the candidate they have been hearing about most. More than six-in-ten Americans (61%) said that Clinton was the candidate they have heard the most about in the news recently. All other candidates received only a fraction of the number of mentions received by Clinton. Barack Obama, the next most

visible candidate, was named by only 10% of the public, down from 20% in September. Former Senator John Edwards was named by less than 1%.

On the Republican side, no GOP candidate was named as the most visible presidential hopeful by more than 10% of the public. Former New York Mayor Rudy Giuliani received the greatest number of mentions with 6%. Ron Paul, Mitt Romney, Fred Thompson and Mike Huckabee were each named by only 1% of public.

Theses finding are unique in that over the past six months the visibility of presidential candidates has been relatively stable. Since March, Senator Clinton has maintained a more than double digit lead over all other presidential hopefuls as the candidate people had heard the most about in the news. Then in July, Clinton's visibility advantage grew somewhat approaching a two-to-one margin over Barack Obama. In the current poll, however, Clinton is by far the most visible candidate in the public eye. For the first time since Pew began asking this

Top Candidates in the News							
Heard the most about in the news lately Hillary Clinton Barack Obama John Edwards	June % 32 20 2	July % 42 22 2	Sept % 41 20 2	Nov % 61 10 *			
Rudy Giuliani Ron Paul Mitt Romney Fred Thompson Mike Huckabee John McCain	4 * 3 4 0 2	2 * 2 2 0 2	4 * 2 8 0 2	6 1 1 1 1			
Other+ No answer	3 <u>30</u> 100	5 <u>21</u> 100	2 <u>19</u> 100	2 <u>17</u> 100			
+Includes respondents who	o named	l George	e W. Bus	sh			

question in March, as many Republicans (65%) as Democrats (67%) named Clinton as the candidate they have heard the most about in the press.

Other Events in the News

Oprah Winfrey was in the news last week regarding the possible abuse of students by a staff member at a school she founded in South Africa. Close to one-in-four Americans (23%) said they heard a lot about the incident, half said they heard a little and another 27% said they heard nothing about it. About twice as many blacks (41%) as whites (22%) heard a lot about this story. More women (28%) than men (18%) heard a lot about possible abuse at Winfrey's school for disadvantaged girls.

Roughly half of the public heard at least a little about a new study that suggests being overweight does not increase the risk of dying from diseases like cancer or hearth disease (16% said they heard a lot about this story, 35% heard a little). Close to half of the public (47%) said they heard nothing at all about the new research, which appeared in the Journal of the American Medical Association last week.

About the News Interest Index

The *News Interest Index* is a weekly survey conducted by the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press aimed at gauging the public's interest in and reaction to major news events.

This project has been undertaken in conjunction with the Project for Excellence in Journalism's *News Coverage Index*, an ongoing content analysis of the news. The News Coverage Index catalogues the news from top news organizations across five major sectors of the media: newspapers, network television, cable television, radio and the internet. Each week (from Sunday through Friday) PEJ will compile this data to identify the top stories for the week. The News Interest Index survey will collect data from Friday through Monday to gauge public interest in the most covered stories of the week.

Results for the weekly surveys are based on telephone interviews among a nationwide sample of approximately 1,000 adults, 18 years of age or older, conducted under the direction of ORC (Opinion Research Corporation). For results based on the total sample, one can say with 95% confidence that the error attributable to sampling is plus or minus 3.5 percentage points.

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls, and that results based on subgroups will have larger margins of error.

For more information about the Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, go to www.journalism.org.

About the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press

The Pew Research Center for the People & the Press is an independent opinion research group that studies attitudes toward the press, politics and public policy issues. We are sponsored by The Pew Charitable Trusts and are one of six projects that make up the Pew Research Center, a nonpartisan "fact tank" that provides information on the issues, attitudes and trends shaping America and the world.

The Center's purpose is to serve as a forum for ideas on the media and public policy through public opinion research. In this role it serves as an important information resource for political leaders, journalists, scholars, and public interest organizations. All of our current survey results are made available free of charge.

All of the Center's research and reports are collaborative products based on the input and analysis of the entire Center staff consisting of:

Andrew Kohut, Director
Scott Keeter, Director of Survey Research
Carroll Doherty and Michael Dimock, Associate Directors
Richard Wike and Kim Parker, Senior Researchers
April Clark, Juliana Menasce Horowitz, Robert Suls, Shawn Neidorf, Research Associates
James Albrittain, Executive Assistant

PEW RESEARCH CENTER FOR THE PEOPLE & THE PRESS NOVEMBER 9-12, 2007 NEWS INTEREST INDEX OMNIBUS SURVEY FINAL TOPLINE N=1,017

Q.1 There are already many candidates for the 2008 presidential election. Can you tell me the name of the candidate you've heard the MOST about in the news lately? [OPEN-END. DO NOT READ LIST. RECORD FIRST MENTION ONLY]

		Sept 7-10,	July 20-23,	June 1-4,	April 27-30,	March 16-19,
		<u>2007</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2007</u>
61	Hillary Clinton	41	42	32	41	37
10	Barack Obama	20	22	20	23	24
6	Rudy Giuliani	4	2	4	3	3
1	George W. Bush	1	3	1	1	2
1	Ron Paul	*	*	*		
1	Mitt Romney	2	2	3	1	1
1	Fred Thompson	8	2	4	*	
1	Mike Huckabee					
*	John McCain	2	2	2	4	3
*	John Edwards	2	2	2	3	1
1	Other	1	2	2	1	4
1		1 10	21	20	22	25
<u>17</u>	Don't know/Refused		<u>21</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>25</u>
100		100	100	100	100	100

Q.2 As I read a list of some stories covered by news organizations this past week, tell me if you happened to follow each news story very closely, fairly closely, not too closely, or not at all closely. First, [INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE ITEMS] [IF NECESSARY "Did you follow [ITEM] very closely, fairly closely, not too closely or not at all closely?"]

		Very <u>Closely</u>	Fairly <u>Closely</u>	Not too Closely	Not at all <u>Closely</u>	DK/ <u>Refused</u>
a.	News about the current situation and events in	••	••	10		4 400
	Iraq	29	38	19	13	1=100
	November 2-5, 2007	31	35	18	15	1=100
	October 26-29, 2007	28	37	21	13	1=100
	October 19-22, 2007	28	37	20	15	*=100
	October 12-15, 2007	26	36	18	19	1=100
	October 5-8, 2007	29	33	22	16	*=100
	September 28 – October 1, 2007	30	41	18	11	*=100
	September 21-24, 2007	32	38	17	13	*=100
	September 14-17, 2007	31	36	18	15	0=100
	September 7-10, 2007	32	34	20	14	*=100
	August 30 – September 2, 2007	31	34	18	16	1=100
	August 24-27, 2007	34	36	18	12	*=100
	August 17-20, 2007	33	34	18	15	*=100
	August 10-13, 2007	36	37	14	13	*=100
	August 3-6, 2007	29	40	19	12	*=100
	July 27-30, 2007	28	36	19	16	1=100
	July 20-23, 2007	28	34	21	16	1=100
	July 13-16, 2007	25	41	17	16	1=100
	July 6-9, 2007	36	34	18	12	*=100
	June 29-July 2, 2007	32	35	19	13	1=100
	June 22-25, 2007	30	36	18	15	1=100
	June 15-18, 2007	30	37	20	13	*=100
	*					

CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	DK/
T 0 11 2007	Closely	Closely	Closely	Closely	Refused
June 8-11, 2007	32	38	15	14	1=100
June 1-4, 2007	30	36	20	13	1=100
May 24-27, 2007	33	36	18	12	1=100
May 18-21, 2007	36	34	15	14 17	1=100
May 11-14, 2007	30	34	18	17	1=100
May 4-7, 2007	38 27	37 35	15 21	10	*=100
April 27-30, 2007			22	16 15	1=100
April 20-23, 2007	28 34	35 33	22 20	15 13	*=100 *=100
April 12-16, 2007 April 5-9, 2007	33	33 39	20 16	13	1=100
March 30-April 2, 2007	33 34	39 37	16	13	*=100
March 23-March 26, 2007	31	38	18	12	1=100
March 16-19, 2007	34	36 34	17	12 15	*=100
March 9-12, 2007	34 34	3 4 37	16	13	*=100 *=100
March 2-5, 2007	3 4 37	37 37	16	9	1=100
February 23-26, 2007	36	36	15	13	*=100
February 25-20, 2007 February 16-19, 2007	30	36	19	13	1=100
February 9-12, 2007	37	34	18	11	*=100
February 2-5, 2007	38	38	17	7	*=100
January 26-29, 2007	36	38	15	11	*=100
January 19-22, 2007	37	34	18	10	1=100
January 12-15, 2007	38	36	17	8	1=100
January, 2007	46	40	8	5	1=100
January 5-8, 2007	40	32	16	12	0=100
December, 2006	42	39	12	7	*=100
November 30-December 3, 2006	40	36	13	11	*=100
Mid-November, 2006	44	38	12	6	*=100
September, 2006	33	43	14	8	2=100
August, 2006	41	39	12	7	1=100
June, 2006	37	43	13	6	1=100
May, 2006	42	35	15	7	1=100
April, 2006	43	36	13	7	1=100
March, 2006	43	38	12	6	1=100
February, 2006	39	42	12	6	1=100
January, 2006	40	40	12	7	1=100
December, 2005	45	38	11	5	1=100
Early November, 2005	41	40	13	6	*=100
Early October, 2005	43	36	15	6	*=100
Early September, 2005	32	40	20	7	1=100
July, 2005	43	37	13	6	1=100
Mid-May, 2005	42	42	11	5	*=100
Mid-March, 2005	40	39	14	5	2 = 100
February, 2005	38	45	13	4	*=100
January, 2005	48	37	11	4	*=100
December, 2004	34	44	15	6	1=100
Mid-October, 2004	42	38	11	8	1=100
Early September, 2004	47	37	9	6	1=100
August, 2004	39	42	12	6	1=100
July, 2004	43	40	11	6	*=100
June, 2004	39	42	12	6	1=100
April, 2004	54	33	8	5	*=100

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From May, 2003 to March 23-26, 2007, the story was listed as "News about the current situation in Iraq."

Ų. <u>·</u>		Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	DK/
	Mid-March, 2004	Closely 47	Closely 36	Closely 12	Closely 4	<u>Refused</u> 1=100
	Early February, 2004	47	38	10	4	1=100
	Mid-January, 2004	48	39	9	4	*=100
	December, 2003	44	38	11	6	1=100
	November, 2003	52	33	9	5	1=100
	September, 2003	50	33	10	6	1=100
	Mid-August, 2003	45	39	10	5	1=100
	Early July, 2003	37	41	13	8	1=100
	June, 2003	46	35	13	6	*=100
	May, 2003	63	29	6	2	*=100
	April 11-16, 2003 ²	47	40	10	2	1=100
	April 2-7, 2003	54	34	9	2	1=100
	March 20-24, 2003	57	33	7	2	1=100
	March 13-16, 2003 ³	62	27	6	4	1=100
	February, 2003	62	25	8	4	1=100
	January, 2003	55	29	10	4	2=100
	December, 2002	51	32	10	6	1=100
	Late October, 2002	53	33	8	5	1=100
	Early October, 2002	60	28	6	5	1=100
	Early September, 2002 ⁴	48	29	15	6	2=100
		10	2)	13	O	2-100
b.	The recall of various toys made in China that					
	can be dangerous for children	33	34	17	15	1=100
	August 17-20, 2007 ⁵	28	32	21	19	*=100
	June 29-July 2, 2007 ⁶	26	30	20	24	*=100
	TREND FOR COMPARISON:					
	May 4-7, 2007: Reports about					
	contaminated pet food	28	28	21	22	1=100
	October, 2000: Recall of defective					
	Firestone tires	42	34	16	8	*=100
	September, 1997: Recall of contaminated					
	hamburger meat	40	37	16	7	*=100
c.	Political instability in Pakistan	20	29	23	28	*=100
	TREND FOR COMPARISON:					
	October 19-22, 2007: A bombing in					
	Pakistan aimed at former Prime Minister					
	Benazir Bhutto that killed over 120 people	21	28	21	30	*=100
	July 13-16, 2007: The Pakistani					
	government's raid on a mosque held by					
	Islamic radicals	10	19	23	47	1=100
d.	A strike by Hollywood writers who work on					
	scripts for TV series and movies	9	27	28	36	*=100

From March 20-24, 2003 to April 11-16, 2003, the story was listed as "News about the war in Iraq."

From Early October, 2002, to March 13-16, 2003, the story was listed as "Debate over the possibility that the U.S. will take military action in Iraq."

In Early September, 2002, the story was listed as "Debate over the possibility that the U.S. will invade Iraq."

From August 17-20, 2007, the story was listed as "Safety issues involving toys and other products from China."

From June 29 – July 2, 2007, the story was listed as "Safety issues involving food and other products from China."

Q.,	2 CONTINUED					
		Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	DK/
		Closely	Closely	Closely	Closely	Refused
e.	The rising price of oil	44	28	14	13	1=100
	TREND FOR COMPARISON:					
	The rising price of gasoline		••	10		4 400
	May 24-27, 2007	52	29	10	8	1=100
	August, 2006 ⁷	60 5 0	26	7	5	2=100
	June, 2006	58	26	10	5	1=100
	May, 2006	69	21	6	3	1=100
	April, 2006	65	22	8	4	1=100
	December, 2005	61	27	7	4	1=100
	Early November, 2005	61	27	9	2	1=100
	Late October, 2005	67	23	7	3	*=100
	Early October, 2005	65	25	6	3	1 = 100
	Early September, 2005	71	19	7	3	*=100
	Mid-May, 2005	58	27	9	5	1=100
	Mid-March, 2005	50	32	13	5	*=100
	Mid-October, 2004	64	22	8	5	1=100
	August, 2004	52	29	10	8	1 = 100
	July, 2004	56	25	11	7	1 = 100
	June, 2004	58	26	9	6	1 = 100
	April, 2004	46	30	15	8	1 = 100
	Early April, 2004	58	23	10	8	1=100
	Mid-March, 2004	47	27	14	10	2 = 100
	September, 2003	45	27	15	11	1=100
	March 2003	52	27	11	9	1=100
	February, 2003	53	25	12	9	1=100
	June, 2001	56	31	7	5	1=100
	May, 2001	61	26	6	6	1=100
	Early October, 2000	56	25	12	6	1=100
	June, 2000 ⁸	61	25	9	5	*=100
	March, 2000	58	28	10	4	*=100
	October, 1990	62	26	8	4	*=100
	September, 1990	56	28	11	5	*=100
	August, 1990	57	27	10	5	1=100
f.	News about candidates for the 2008	21	22	25	21	* 100
	presidential election	21	33	25	21	*=100
	November 2-5, 2007	27	30	21	21	1=100
	October 26-29, 2007	21	34	26	19	*=100
	October 19-22, 2007	23	32	22	23	*=100
	October 12-15, 2007	13	31	26	30	*=100
	October 5-8, 2007	22	30	24	24	*=100
	September 28 – October 1, 2007	21	34	25	20	*=100
	September 21-24, 2007	24	31	22	23	*=100
	September 14-17, 2007	22	31	24	23	*=100
	September 7-10, 2007	18	34	26	22	*=100
	August 30-September 2, 2007	19	35	21	25	*=100
	August 24-27, 2007	22	28	24	26	*=100
	August 17-20, 2007	19	27	24	30	*=100

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From October, 2000 to August, 2006, the story was listed as "The high price of gasoline these days."

From August, 1990 to June, 2000, the story was listed as "Recent increases in the price of gasoline."

CONTINUED	1 7	To inter	Maddan	Ma4 a4 a11	DI/
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	DK/
A4 10 12 2007	Closely	Closely	Closely	<u>Closely</u>	Refused
August 10-13, 2007	23	32	21	24	*=100
August 3-6, 2007	19	31	25	25	*=100
July 27-30, 2007	19	32	22	26	1=100
July 20-23, 2007	16	26	30	27	1=100
July 13-16, 2007	17	29	27	27	*=100
July 6-9, 2007	24	29	24	22	1=100
June 29-July 2, 2007	20	32	25	23	*=100
June 22-25, 2007	18	31	21	30	*=100
June 15-18, 2007	17	32	26	25	*=100
June 8-11, 2007	19	30	24	26	1=100
June 1-4, 2007	16	27	32	24	1=100
May 24-27, 2007	22	33	23	22	*=100
May 18-21, 2007	18	31	24	27	*=100
May 11-14, 2007	18	30	23	28	1=100
May 4-7, 2007	23	34	21	21	1=100
April 27-30, 2007	14	30	29	26	1=100
April 20-23, 2007	18	28	27	27	*=100
April 12-16, 2007	18	28	27	27	*=100
April 5-9, 2007	25	30	26	19	*=100
March 30-April 2, 2007	20	29	27	23	1=100
March 23-26, 2007	20	32	22	26	*=100
March 16-19, 2007	15	28	29	27	1=100
March 9-12, 2007	24	30	23	23	*=100
March 2-5, 2007	19	31	26	23	1=100
February 23-26, 2007	22	33	24	21	*=100
February 16-19, 2007	18	32	22	27	1=100
February 9-12, 2007	24	30	24	21	1=100
February 2-5, 2007	24	36	22	18	*=100
January 26-29, 2007	24	33	23	20	*=100
January 19-22, 2007 ⁹	24	27	22	26	1=100
2004 Presidential Election					
November, 2004 (RVs)	52	36	8	4	*=100
Mid-October, 2004	46	30	12	11	1=100
August, 2004	32	38	16	14	*=100
July, 2004	29	37	18	15	1=100
April, 2004	31	33	19	16	1=100
Mid-March, 2004	35	34	18	13	*=100
Late February, 2004	24	40	23	12	1=100
Early February, 2004 ¹⁰	29	37	20	13	1=100
Mid-January, 2004	16	30	27	26	1=100
Early January, 2004	14	32	30	23	1=100
December, 2003	16	26	27	30	1=100
November, 2003	11	26	34	28	1=100
October, 2003	12	27	28	32	1=100
00.0001, 2003	12	21	20	32	1-100

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January 19-22, 2007 asked about "Recent announcements by prominent Democrats about plans to run for president in 2008."

From May 2003 to Early February 2004 and in March 1992, the story was listed as "The race for the Democratic nomination." In January 2003, the story was listed as "Recent announcements by prominent Democrats about plans to run for president in 2004." In September 2000, Early September and July 1996, and May 1992, the question asked about "the presidential election campaign." In January, March and April 1996, the story was listed as "News about the Republican presidential candidates." In August 1992, the story was listed as "News about the presidential election." In July 1992, the story was listed as "News about the presidential campaign." In January 1992, the story was listed as "News about the Democratic candidates for the presidential nomination." In 1988, the story was introduced as being from "this past year" and was listed as "News about the presidential campaign in 1988."

2 CONTINUED					
	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	DK/
	<u>Closely</u>	Closely	<u>Closely</u>	Closely	Refused
September, 2003	17	25	30	27	1 = 100
Mid-August, 2003	12	27	27	33	1 = 100
May, 2003	8	19	31	41	1 = 100
January, 2003	14	28	29	28	1=100
2000 Presidential Election					
Early November, 2000 (RVs)	39	44	12	5	*=100
Mid-October, 2000 (RVs)	40	37	15	8	*=100
Early October, 2000 (RVs)	42	36	15	6	1=100
September, 2000	22	42	21	15	*=100
July, 2000	21	38	20	20	1=100
June, 2000	23	32	23	21	1 = 100
May, 2000	18	33	26	23	*=100
April, 2000	18	39	22	20	1 = 100
March, 2000	26	41	19	13	1=100
February, 2000	26	36	21	17	*=100
January, 2000	19	34	28	18	1 = 100
December, 1999	16	36	24	23	1 = 100
October, 1999	17	32	28	22	1 = 100
September, 1999	15	31	33	20	1 = 100
July, 1999	15	38	24	22	1 = 100
June, 1999	11	25	29	34	1=100
1996 Presidential Election					
November, 1996 (<i>RVs</i>)	34	45	15	6	*=100
October, 1996	31	39	18	12	*=100
Early September, 1996	24	36	23	17	*=100
July, 1996	22	40	23	14	1=100
March, 1996	26	41	20	13	*=100
January, 1996	10	34	31	24	1=100
September, 1995	12	36	30	22	*=100
August, 1995	13	34	28	25	*=100
June, 1995	11	31	31	26	1=100
1992 Presidential Election					
October, 1992 (RVs)	55	36	7	2	0 = 100
September, 1992 (RVs)	47	36	11	6	*=100
August, 1992 (RVs)	36	51	11	2	0 = 100
July, 1992	20	45	26	9	*=100
May, 1992	32	44	16	8	*=100
March, 1992	35	40	16	9	*=100
January, 1992	11	25	36	27	1=100
December, 1991	10	28	32	30	*=100
October, 1991	12	26	31	29	2 = 100
1988 Presidential Election					
October, 1988 (<i>RVs</i>)	43	44	11	2	*=100
August, 1988 (RVs)	39	45	13	3	*=100
May, 1988	22	46	23	6	3=100
November, 1987	15	28	35	21	1=100
September, 1987	14	34	37	14	1=100

- Q.3 Which ONE of the stories I just mentioned have you followed most closely, or is there another story you've been following MORE closely? [DO NOT READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE]? IF "IRAQ" UNSPECIFIED, PROBE: "Do you mean events IN Iraq or the debate over Iraq POLICY?"]
 - The rising price of oil
 - News about the current situation and events in Iraq
 - 15 The recall of various toys made in China that can be dangerous for children
 - News about candidates for the 2008 presidential election
 - Political instability in Pakistan
 - 3 A strike by Hollywood writers who work on scripts for TV series and movies
 - 8 Some other story (**SPECIFY**)
 - 12 Don't know/Refused

100

Now thinking about some other things...

Q.4 How much if anything have you heard about...[**READ ROTATE**] Have you heard a lot, a little or nothing at all?

	D. T. I. C. I. C. I. W. C. I.	A lot	A little	Nothing at all	Don't <u>know</u>
a.	Possible abuse of students at Oprah Winfrey's school for disadvantaged girls in South Africa	23	50	27	*=100
b.	A new study that suggested that being overweight does NOT increase the risk of dying of certain diseases	16	36	47	1=100

On another subject...

Q.5 In general, do you think news reports are making the U.S. economy seem WORSE than it really is, or BETTER than it really is, or are reports showing the situation about the way it really is?

		Dec 2005
42	Worse	39
17	Better	18
35	About the way it really is	36
6	Don't know/Refused	<u>7</u>
100		100