## Anti-Incumbent Sentiment Echoes 1994 <br> PUBLIC DISILLUSIONMENT WITH CONGRESS AT RECORD LEVELS

## Also Inside

- Giuliani, Rice, McCain - bipartisan appeal
- Americans aware of US death toll in Iraq
- Immigration debate registering
- GOP has stronger - but not better - leaders
- Yes to congressional gift ban...
- But doubts about effectiveness

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Andrew Kohut, Director
Carroll Doherty, Associate Director - Editorial
Scott Keeter, Director of Survey Research
Pew Research Center for The People \& The Press
202/419-4350
http://www.people-press.org

The American public is angry with Congress, and this is bad news for the Republican Party. The belief that this Congress has accomplished less than its predecessors is markedly higher than at any point in the past nine years, and by a wide margin Republican leaders are blamed for this. Many more voters than in the recent past say the issue of partisan control of Congress will be a factor in their vote in November. And as has been the case since fall, voters are significantly more inclined to vote for Democrats than Republicans - by a $51 \%$ to $41 \%$ margin.

The public's strong appetite for change in Washington is seen both in the majority of voters who say they would like to see most members of Congress defeated in November (53\%), and in the sizable minority who wants to see their representative turned out in the midterms (28\%). Both measures reflect antiincumbent sentiment not seen since late in the historic 1994 campaign, just before Republicans gained control of Congress. In recent elections, far fewer voters evinced a desire for change; in October 2002, just 38\% said they did not want to see most members reelected and 19\% said that about their own representative.

The latest national survey by the Pew Research Center for the People \& the Press, conducted among 1,501 Americans from April $7-16$, finds that the Democrats maintain a large advantage in voting intentions for the fall. The Democrats’ current 10-point lead is little changed from February (50\%-41\%), but there has been only a handful of occasions since 1994 when either party has held such a sizable advantage in the congressional horse race.

## Widespread Discontent With Congress

| Congress has | Oct | July | Nov | June | Apr |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| accomplished... | $\frac{1998}{24}$ | $\frac{2000}{21}$ | $\frac{2002}{}$ | $\frac{2004}{}$ | $\frac{2006}{7}$ |
| More than usual | 23 | 16 | 27 | -- | 7 |
| Less than usual | 49 | 56 | 54 | -- | 47 |
| About the same | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{8}$ | -- | $\underline{5}$ |
| Don't know | 100 | 100 | 100 |  | 100 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Which party | $\underline{4}$ |  |  |  |  |
| controls Congress... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Will factor in my vote | 47 | 46 | 48 | 43 | 56 |
| Will not affect my vote | 49 | 49 | 49 | 51 | 39 |
| Don't know | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{5}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{6}$ | $\underline{5}$ |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct | Oct | Oct | Oct | Apr |  |
| Like to see your | $\underline{1990} 1994$ | $\frac{1998}{2002}$ | $\frac{2006}{}$ |  |  |
| member reelected | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ |
| Yes | 62 | 49 | 58 | 58 | 57 |
| No | 22 | 29 | 20 | 19 | 28 |
| Don't know | $\underline{16}$ | $\underline{22}$ | $\underline{22}$ | $\underline{23}$ | $\underline{15}$ |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Like to see most
members reelected

| Yes | -- | 28 | 39 | 39 | 34 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No | -- | 56 | 39 | 38 | 53 |
| Don't know | -- | $\underline{16}$ | $\underline{22}$ | $\underline{23}$ | $\underline{13}$ |
|  |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Midterm Congress | $\underline{\underline{2000}}$ | Feb | Sept | Feb | Apr |
| Min | $\underline{2005}$ | $\frac{2006}{}$ | $\frac{2006}{\%}$ | $\%$ |  |
| test ballot | 47 | 45 | 52 | 50 | 51 |
| Vote Democratic | 44 | 46 | 40 | 41 | 41 |
| Vote Republican | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{8}$ | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{8}$ |
| Other/DK | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

All figures based on registered voters.
^ Oct 1990 trend from Gallup Poll

As was the case in February, the Democrats' edge in the ballot test stems largely from its strength among independent voters. Roughly half of independents (51\%) say they favor the Democratic candidate in their district, compared with just $31 \%$ who say they will vote Republican. And compared with recent elections, far more independents say the issue of which party controls Congress will be a factor in their vote this fall.

While solid majorities of Democrats and Republicans continue to cite the question of partisan control as a factor in their vote, more than four-in-ten independent voters (45\%) now express this view. In the

| More Independents See Partisan Control as a Factor |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Party control of Congress will be a factor in vote | Oct |  | Apr | 02-06 |
|  | 1998 |  |  | change |
|  | \% | \% | \% |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Republicans | 57 | 55 | 60 | +5 |
| Democrats | 57 | 60 | 64 | +4 |
| Independents |  | 30 | 45 | +15 |
| Congress has accomplished |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Republicans | 18 | 24 | 27 | +3 |
| Democrats | 27 | 31 | 54 | +23 |
| Independents |  | 26 | 45 | +19 |
| All figures based on registered voters. |  |  |  |  | two most recent midterms, only about three-in-ten independents said the question of which party controlled Congress would figure in their voting decisions.

President Bush's sagging poll ratings are hurting GOP fortunes. Fully twice as many voters view their ballot this fall as a vote against Bush rather than as a vote for the president ( $34 \%$ vs.17\%). But the party's prospects also are being undermined by the fairly common view that the $109^{\text {th }}$ Congress has achieved little to date. Fully $41 \%$ of voters say the current Congress has accomplished less than its recent predecessors, $47 \%$ say its accomplishments are the same, and just 7\% think it has accomplished more. That is by far the most negative evaluation of Congress's record in polls since 1997. Independents, along with Democrats, are much more critical of the record compiled by Congress than in the two previous off-year elections.

In general, people who fault Congress for accomplishing little say they blame Republican leaders for this ( $58 \%$ vs. $13 \%$ who blame Democratic leaders). More broadly, the Republican Party's image continues to slip. Just 40\% say they have a favorable opinion of the Republican Party, down slightly since February (44\%); this is the GOP’s lowest favorability mark in surveys dating to 1992. The Democratic Party has a somewhat more positive image (47\% favorable).
Although this is not significantly different from readings in the past few months, it is also the lowest recorded by Pew since 1992. However, the Democrats hold a decided advantage over the Republicans as the party better able to reform the government.

In addition, the gap in how Republicans and Democrats rate their parties for standing up for
traditional positions has narrowed. About a year ago, 51\% of Republicans and independents who lean Republican had a positive view of the party's effectiveness in advocating traditional GOP positions - reducing the size of government, cutting taxes, and promoting conservative social positions; just 33\% of Democrats (and Democratic leaners) said their party was doing an excellent or good job in standing up for traditional Democratic stances, such as helping the poor and protecting minorities. But today, $47 \%$ of Republicans see their party as effective in standing up for its traditional issues compared with $40 \%$ of Democrats.

President Bush’s image has eroded along with the Republican Party's. Just 40\% express a favorable opinion of the president, compared with $57 \%$ who have a negative impression. This is the lowest favorable rating in Bush's presidency and below former President Clinton's low point of 48\% in May 2000. Since last March 2005, positive opinions of Bush have declined by 13 percentage points (from 53\% to 40\%).

Bush's job approval stands at $35 \%$, close to his $33 \%$ rating of last month. On the issue that has dominated Congress in recent weeks - immigration Bush's rating is even lower (25\%). And Congress fares no better than the president in views of its handling of the issue; just 21\% approve, while roughly three times that number (64\%) disapproves. Democrats now hold a significant advantage as the party better able to deal with immigration (by 43\%-27\%). Just two months ago, prior to the inconclusive Senate debate on the matter, the two parties were seen about evenly on this issue (38\% Democrat/34\% Republican).

Finally, a bright spot for Republicans is the

| Bush Favorability at All Time Low |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | Can't <br> George W. Bush |  |
|  | $\frac{\text { Fav }}{\%}$ | $\frac{\text { Unfav }}{\%}$ | $\frac{\text { rate }}{\%}$ |
| April 2006 (Low) | 40 | 57 | $3=100$ |
| Oct 2005 | 46 | 51 | $3=100$ |
| Mar 2005 | 53 | 45 | $2=100$ |
| Feb 2004 | 53 | 44 | $3=100$ |
| April 2003 | 72 | 25 | $3=100$ |
| April 2002* | 79 | 19 | $2=100$ |
| Nov 2001* (High) | 87 | 11 | $2=100$ |
| April 2001* | 65 | 32 | $3=100$ |
| Bill Clinton |  |  |  |
| Jan 1997 (High) | 66 | 32 | $2=100$ |
| May 2000 (Low) | 48 | 47 | $5=100$ |
| * Source: Gallup Organization. |  |  |  | public's decided belief that the GOP has stronger - if not necessarily better - leaders than the Democratic Party. By roughly two-to-one (53\%-26\%), more Americans say the Republican Party has stronger political leaders. In contrast, about as many people believe the Democratic Party has better political leaders as say that about the Republican Party (40\% vs. $38 \%$ ).

## Views of the Parties

Overall favorable ratings of the Republican Party have dropped slightly since February, and now stand 12 percentage points below where they were in the aftermath of President Bush's reelection. While most Republicans say their view of the party is favorable, moderate and liberal Republicans (at 75\% favorable) are significantly less positive than are conservative Republicans ( $90 \%$ favorable). And just a third of independents currently have a favorable view of the party.

The Democratic Party has only a slightly better overall image than the GOP (47\%). Democrats themselves give the party good marks, with $86 \%$ saying their view of the party is very or mostly favorable. Unlike the Republican Party, there is no internal division ideologically in Democrats’ views of their party. Independents are divided about the Democrats, with 41\% having a favorable impression and $43 \%$ an unfavorable one.

The Democratic image advantage widens when it

| Republican Party Image Sags, Democrats Hold Steady |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Can't |
|  | $\frac{\text { Fav }}{\%}$ | Unfav rate |
| Republican Party | 40 | 50 10=100 |
| February 2006 | 44 | 50 6=100 |
| Late October 2005 | 42 | 49 9=100 |
| July 2005 | 48 | 43 9=100 |
| December 2004 | 52 | 42 6=100 |
| Early February 2004 | 52 | 42 6=100 |
| December 2002 | 59 | 33 8=100 |
| January 2001 | 56 | 35 9=100 |
| March 1998 | 50 | 43 7=100 |
| July 1994 | 63 | 33 4=100 |
| July 1992 | 46 | 48 6=100 |
| Democratic Party | 47 | 42 11=100 |
| February 2006 | 48 | 44 8=100 |
| Late October 2005 | 49 | 41 10=100 |
| July 2005 | 50 | 41 9=100 |
| December 2004 | 53 | 41 6=100 |
| Early February 2004 | 58 | 37 5=100 |
| December 2002 | 54 | 37 9=100 |
| January 2001 | 60 | 30 10=100 |
| March 1998 | 58 | 36 6=100 |
| July 1994 | 62 | 34 4=100 |
| July 1992 | 61 | 33 6=100 | comes to public views of specific traits associated with the two parties. By 52\% to 28\%, Americans say the Democratic Party, compared to the Republican Party, is better described by the phrase "concerned with the needs of people like me." The Democrats are also seen as better able to bring about needed changes to the country (by $47 \%$ to $32 \%$ ) and to reform government in Washington (44\%-


| Democratic Party Advantages on Empathy, Integrity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rep | Dem |  | Neither |  | m. |
|  | Party | Party | (vol.) | (vol.) | DK | adv. |
| Which party better described by phrase... | \% | \% | \% | \% |  |  |
| Concerned with people like me | 28 | 52 | 3 |  | 7=100 | +24 |
| More influenced by special interests | 45 | 28 | 14 | 2 | 11=100 |  |
| Can bring needed changes to country | 32 | 47 | 2 |  | $7=100$ | +15 |
| Governs in an honest and ethical way | 28 | 36 | 4 |  | $9=100$ | +8 |
| Able to manage federal government well | 35 | 39 | 3 |  | 8=100 | +4 |
| Which party could do a better job of... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reforming government in Washington | 28 | 44 | 5 |  | 8=100 |  |
| Dealing with immigration | 27 | 43 | 6 | 11 | $13=100$ | +16 | 28\%). Opinions on

these measures have remained fairly stable since October.

Compared with the Democratic Party, the Republican Party is seen as more influenced by lobbyists and special interests (45\% say this better describes the Republicans, 28\% the Democrats). The Democratic Party also has an edge as the party viewed as governing "in an honest and ethical way" (by $36 \%$ to $28 \%$ ), though nearly a quarter of those polled (23\%) say this phrase applies to neither party.

## The Parties in a Word

Top-of-the-mind expressions of opinion about both parties tend to be more negative than positive. When asked what single word describes their impression of each party, pluralities for each party responded a negative or critical term. But the most common words mentioned tend to be descriptive rather than evaluative. By far, the single most common word for the Republican Party was "conservative" and for the Democratic Party, "liberal." Following these ideological labels was "fair," a term that some respondents meant as "evenhanded" and others evidently meant to be tepid praise, if that. Similar numbers described each party as "good" or "very good."

Thematically, negative terms about the Republican Party largely address its perceived support for business and the wealthy, while those for the Democratic Party tend to highlight the perceived weakness and disorganization of the party. The GOP

| One-Word Descriptions of the Parties* |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Republican Party | Democratic Party |
| 53 Conservative | 57 Liberal |
| 22 Fair | 31 Fair |
| 19 Good | 20 Good |
| 17 Greedy | 18 Weak |
| 15 Rich | 13 Too liberal |
| 14 Business/big bus. | 11 Okay |
| 10 Crooks | 11 Dis/unorganized |
| 9 Corrupt | 7 Confused |
| 9 Money | 7 Favorable |
| 7 Confused | 6 Crooks |
| 7 For rich people | 6 Hopeful |
| 6 Dishonest | 6 Poor |
| 6 Great | 5 People |
| 6 Liars | 5 Socialist |
| 6 Okay | 5 Stupid |
| 6 Suck |  |
| 5 Poor |  |
| 5 Disappointed |  |
| 5 Lousy |  |
| 5 Out of touch |  |
| * The number of respondents who offered each response; the numbers are NOT percentages. |  | is associated with being "greedy," "rich," "business," "crooks," "corrupt," "money," and "for rich people." The Democrats are seen as "weak," disorganized," and "confused," with a few mentions of "slow" and "struggling" tossed in. Several people also described the party as "too liberal," and a few others mentioned "socialist" and "communists."

## Partisans Rate Parties' Performance

For most of Bush's presidency, Republicans have expressed a fairly positive view of the party's performance in standing up for traditional positions such as cutting taxes and reducing the size of government. By contrast, Democratic partisans have given their party lower marks for effectiveness in advocating traditional Democratic positions like protecting the interests of minorities and helping the poor and needy.

But Republicans have become more critical of their party's performance in this regard, while over the past year Democrats have become a bit less critical of their party. About a year ago (March 2005), 51\% of Republicans said their party was doing an excellent or good job in advocating traditional positions, compared with just 33\% among Democrats who gave a positive evaluation of their party. Today, $47 \%$ of Republicans say their party is doing an excellent or good job in standing up for traditional positions, compared with $40 \%$ of Democrats.

There are now also bigger ideological divisions in these evaluations within the Republican Party than in the Democratic Party. Conservative Republicans are 20 points more likely than moderate and liberal Republicans to rate the GOP as doing an excellent or good job in standing up for traditional positions ( $60 \%$ vs. $40 \%$ ). Democrats are divided ideologically in views of their party's performance, but the differences are not as large: 52\% of conservative and moderate Democrats have a positive opinion of their party's advocacy of traditional positions, compared with 38\% among liberal Democrats.

In general, the public believes the Republican Party has stronger leaders than the Democratic Party (by

| Party Performance in Standing Up for Traditional Positions |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Republican Party* <br> Excel- Only <br> lent/ fair/ <br> $\frac{\text { Good }}{\%} \frac{\text { Poor }}{\%}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { emocratic } \\ \text { Party** } \\ \text { Excel- Only } \\ \text { lent/ fair/ } \\ \text { Good Poor } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \% | \% |
| April 2006 | 47 | 51 | 40 | 59 |
| Sept 2005 | 48 | 49 | 35 | 63 |
| Mar 2005 | 51 | 45 | 33 | 65 |
| July 2004 | 61 | 37 | 49 | 48 |
| Aug 2003 | 57 | 42 | 38 | 60 |
| May 2002 | 55 | 43 | 44 | 53 |
| May 2001 | 60 | 37 | 47 | 47 |
| Sept 2000 | 49 | 49 | 63 | 36 |
| * Based on Republicans and Republican leaners <br> ** Based on Democrats and Democratic leaners |  |  |  |  |

## Compared with the Democrats, the Republicans Have...

|  | Better <br> leaders | Stronger <br> leaders |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{\text { diff }}{}$ |  |  |
| Total | 38 | 53 | +15 |
| Men | 42 | 62 | +20 |
| Women | 33 | 43 | +10 |
| $18-29$ | 30 | 51 | +21 |
| $30-49$ | 42 | 58 | +16 |
| $50-64$ | 37 | 52 | +15 |
| $65+$ | 37 | 42 | +5 |
| College grad | 43 | 57 | +14 |
| Some college | 37 | 61 | +24 |
| H.S. or less | 35 | 45 | +10 |
| Republican | 79 | 76 | -3 |
| Independent | 32 | 50 | +18 |
| Democrat | 9 | 36 | +27 |
| Conservative | 59 | 64 | +5 |
| Moderate | 28 | 50 | +22 |
| Liberal | 22 | 43 | +21 |
| Half of the survey respondents were asked which |  |  |  |
| party has the better political leaders, the other half |  |  |  |
| about which party has the stronger political leaders. |  |  |  |

53\%-26\%) and divides evenly when asked which party has better leaders (40\% say the Democrats, 38\% say the Republicans). Republicans overwhelmingly say the GOP has better (79\%) and stronger (76\%) leaders. But independents and Democrats make sharper distinctions as to which party has the better and stronger leaders. Only about a third of independents (32\%) say the Republican Party has better leaders, but half say the GOP has stronger leaders. The gap among Democrats is even larger; just 9\% of Democrats say the Republican Party has better leaders, but more than a third (36\%) believes the Republican Party has stronger leaders.

## Anti-Incumbent Mood

With a growing number of Americans dissatisfied with what Congress has accomplished in this term, and most of them blaming the Republican leaders in Congress, the Republican Party is facing an electorate looking for change this fall. For the first time since 1994, a majority of voters (53\%) say that they would not like to see most members of Congress reelected. This is 15 percentage points higher than in October of 2002, just prior to the midterm elections that year that brought significant Republican gains. The increase is even greater among independents and liberal Democrats (up 24 percentage points in each group). Even among moderate and liberal Republicans, nearly half (46\%) now think most members of Congress should not be reelected - an increase of 12 points since the fall of 2002.

Historically, voters have been happier with their own member of Congress than with Congress as a whole. But compared with the fall of 2002, there has been a nine-point increase in the percentage of voters who say they do not want their own U.S. representative reelected. Currently, 28\% say this compared with $19 \%$ in October 2002. The largest increases in anti-incumbent sentiment are seen among moderate and liberal Republicans (up 15 points, to $25 \%$ today), and among independents (up 13 points, to $36 \%$ ).

| More Independents, Democrats <br> Looking for Change |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| \% do not want most | Oct | Apr |  |
| in Congress | $\underline{2002}$ | $\frac{2006}{}$ | $\underline{\text { diff }}$ |
| re-elected | $\%$ | $\%$ |  |
| Total | 38 | 53 | +15 |
| Conservative Rep | 34 | 30 | -4 |
| Mod./Lib. Rep | 34 | 46 | +12 |
| Independent | 41 | 65 | +24 |
| Conserv./Mod. Dem | 38 | 56 | +18 |
| Liberal Dem | 47 | 71 | +24 |
| \% do not want their | Oct | Apr |  |
| US representative | $\underline{2002}$ | $\frac{2006}{}$ | $\underline{\text { diff }}$ |
| re-elected | $\%$ | $\%$ |  |
| Total | 19 | 28 | +9 |
| Conservative Rep | 19 | 18 | -1 |
| Mod./Lib. Rep | 10 | 25 | +15 |
| Independent | 23 | 36 | +13 |
| Conserv./Mod. Dem | 18 | 28 | +10 |
| Liberal Dem | 31 | 33 | +2 |
| Based on registered voters |  |  |  |

Reflecting both political polarization and discontent with Washington, a record number of voters $-56 \%$ - say that the issue of party control of Congress will be a factor in their vote. This is eight points higher than on the eve of the election four years ago, when $48 \%$ said party control would be a factor in their decision making. Since 2002, both liberal Democrats and conservative Republicans have become even more likely to say that party control of Congress matters. But especially noteworthy is the fact that more than four-in-ten independents (45\%) say this as well, up 15 points from $30 \%$ on the eve of the 2002 midterm, and $29 \%$ in 1998. For independents to be paying so much attention to party - especially this early in the campaign - is unusual, and it is benefitting the Democrats. Independents who say party is a factor favor the Democratic candidate in their district by greater than two-to-one ( $62 \%$ to $27 \%$ ).

At the same time, criticism of Congress's performance among independents is also strongly associated with voting preferences. Independents who criticize Congress for doing less than usual say they plan

| Skeptical Independents Favor Democrats in '06 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2006 Vote Preference |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Oth/DK }}{\%}$ |
| All independents | 51 | 31 | 18=100 |
| Inds who say party control of Congress... |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Will factor in vote | 62 | 27 | 11=100 |
| Will not affect vote | 44 | 35 | $21=100$ |
| Inds who say Congress |  |  |  |
| has accomplished... |  |  |  |
| Less than usual | 68 | 18 | 14=100 |
| More/same as usual | 34 | 47 | 19=100 |
| All figures based on independent registered voters. |  |  |  | to vote Democratic by an overwhelming 68\% to $18 \%$ margin.

## Is a Third Party Needed?

A narrow majority of the poll's respondents (53\%) agree that the U.S. should have a third major political party in addition to the Democratic and Republican parties, but there is no upward trend in this measure over the past decade or so. Moreover, most people think the parties present a real choice to voters. When asked whether there are differences in what the Democratic and Republican parties stand for, most Americans say there are: 33\% believe there is a great deal of difference, and $42 \%$ say there is a fair amount of difference. Just $21 \%$ say there is hardly any difference at all between the two major parties.

## Looking to November

With a 10-point advantage overall in intended congressional vote, the Democratic Party is holding its own among many groups it lost in 2002 and 2004, and is even leading among many of them. For example, the Democratic candidate is favored over the Republican by 17 percentage points (56\%-39\%) among white, non-Hispanic Catholics, by 50\%-42\% among white mainline Protestants, and by $52 \%-40 \%$ among voters in the Midwest. The Democratic candidate is tied with the Republicans among other groups that the Democrats have lost in recent elections, including whites, men and Southerners.

In nearly every group except for white evangelical Protestants and Republicans themselves, more of those interviewed today support the Democratic candidate than was the

| The Generic House Vote (Based on Registered Voters) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voting Intentions |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Feb | 202 | Apr | 2006 | Dem |
|  | Rep | Dem | Rep | Dem | Gain |
|  | \% | \% | \% | \% |  |
| Total | 46 | 45 | 41 | 51 | +6 |
| Men | 51 | 41 | 47 | 46 | +5 |
| Women | 43 | 48 | 35 | 56 | +8 |
| Republican | 93 | 7 | 92 | 6 | -1 |
| Democrat | 4 | 92 | 3 | 96 | +4 |
| Independent | 42 | 39 | 31 | 51 | +12 |
| Northeast | 48 | 42 | 36 | 55 | +13 |
| Midwest | 42 | 50 | 40 | 52 | +2 |
| South | 48 | 43 | 47 | 45 | +2 |
| West | 48 | 43 | 35 | 58 | +15 |
| White Protestant | 58 | 33 | 53 | 39 | +6 |
| Evangelical | 61 | 31 | 64 | 29 | -2 |
| Mainline | 55 | 36 | 42 | 50 | +14 |
| White Catholic | 54 | 40 | 39 | 56 | +16 | case at about this time four years ago (February 2002), or on Election Day in 2002 or 2004. The Democrats now lead by a wide margin in the West (by 23 points) and the Northeast (19 points); in February 2002, the Republicans held a slight advantage in both regions. Especially worrisome for the Republicans is the current 20-point Democratic lead among independents. Four years ago, the Democratic and Republican candidates were essentially tied among independents (42\% Republican, 39\% Democrat).

## Cynical About Ethics Reform

Most Americans (75\%) say they are at least somewhat concerned about the influence of lobbyists and special interest groups in Washington. However, fewer than half say they are very concerned about this issue ( $46 \%$ ). The public is divided over whether bribery and corruption in Congress is more common today (47\%), or no different than it has been in the past (49\%).

There is overwhelming support for legislation placing stricter limits on the value of gifts that House members and senators may accept from lobbyists. Roughly three-quarters of Americans (76\%) favor tougher limits on the gifts that lawmakers may accept from lobbyists. About a decade ago, there was comparably broad support for tighter limits on lobbyists' gifts to lawmakers. While the Senate passed a limited gift ban last month, the House has yet to take action on such legislation.

At the same time, there is considerable skepticism that such limits would actually reduce the influence of special interests in Washington. A narrow majority (52\%) believes a law to place stricter limits on lobbyists' gifts would not make much difference; slightly fewer (45\%) believe such a law would be effective in reducing the influence of special interests.

Independents, in particular, are dubious that a gift ban would really curb the influence of special interests. Only about four-in-ten (39\%) say it would, compared with 58\% who say it would not make much difference. Democrats are fairly evenly divided while a thin majority of Republicans (53\%) believe such a law would reduce the influence of

| Would Stricter Gift Rules Reduce the Influence of Special Interests? |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Would |  |  |
|  | $\frac{\text { Would }}{\text { \% }}$ |  | DK |
| Total | 45 | 52 | $3=100$ |
| 18-49 | 41 | 56 | $3=100$ |
| 50+ | 50 | 47 | $3=100$ |
| College grad | 50 | 48 | 2=100 |
| Some college | 43 | 55 | 2=100 |
| HS or less | 43 | 53 | $4=100$ |
| Republican | 53 | 45 | $2=100$ |
| Democrat | 47 | 51 | 2=100 |
| Independent | 39 | 58 | $3=100$ | special interests.

## Democratic Advantage on Reform

The Democratic Party continues to hold a modest edge as the party better described as governing "in an honest and ethical way;" $36 \%$ say this phrase better characterizes the Democratic Party while $28 \%$ say it better describes the Republican Party. A relatively large minority (23\%) believes neither party governs in an honest and ethical fashion.

The Democrats have a bigger advantage as the party better able to reform the government in Washington. More than four-in-ten Americans (44\%) believe the Democratic Party can do better in reforming the government, compared with 28\% who choose the Republican Party.

Opinions on both of these measures have remained fairly stable in recent months. In the summer of 1994, the pivotal year when Republicans won control of Congress, neither party had a significant advantage in public views of

| Rating the Parties on Ethics, Government Reform |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governs in an | July | Jan | April |
| honest \& ethical | 1994 | $\underline{2006}$ | $\underline{2006}$ |
| way | \% | \% | \% |
| Rep Party | 32 | 30 | 28 |
| Dem Party | 35 | 37 | 36 |
| Both (Vol.) | 6 | 4 | 4 |
| Neither (Vol.) | 21 | 19 | 23 |
| Don't know | $\underline{6}$ | 10 | $\underline{9}$ |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Could do better | July | Feb | April |
| in reforming | 1994 | $\underline{2006}$ | $\underline{2006}$ |
| government | \% | \% | \% |
| Rep Party | 39 | 29 | 28 |
| Dem Party | 40 | 42 | 44 |
| Both (Vol.) | 3 | 7 | 5 |
| Neither (Vol.) | 11 | 12 | 15 |
| Don't know | $\underline{7}$ | 10 | 8 |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 | honesty and reforming the government.

In the current survey, there are significant differences among Republicans regarding the
party's image for honest and ethical governance. Roughly two-thirds of conservative Republicans (69\%) say that description better applies to the Republican Party, but fewer moderate and liberal Republicans agree (55\%). The differences are much smaller on the Democratic side. Independents are more likely to view the Democratic Party than the Republican Party as governing honestly and ethically (by 33\% to 19\%), but a third of independents (32\%) say that description does not apply to either party.

In addition, fewer Republicans than Democrats believe their party could do a better job of reforming the government in Washington, DC; 69\% of Republicans say the GOP could do better in this regard, compared with $82 \%$ of Democrats who point to their party as being better able to reform the government. Independents by roughly two-to-one (40\%-19\%) point to the Democratic Party as better able to reform government.

## Bush Fatigue?

About six-in-ten Americans (62\%) agree with the statement - "I am tired of all the problems associated with the Bush administration." In comparison, somewhat more Americans expressed that sentiment during the latter part of the Clinton administration (71\% in August 1999, 72\% in September 2000).

As expected, there is a huge partisan gap in feelings of "Bush fatigue." Large majorities of Democrats (82\%) and independents (69\%) express weariness with the administration's problems, compared with just a third of Republicans.

Only about one-in-five Americans (21\%) say they wish that Bush could run for a third presidential

| Bush Fatigue Vs. Clinton Fatigue |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | --Clinton-- Bush |  |  |
|  | Aug | Sept | April |
| I'm tired of all the problems | 1999 | $\underline{2000}$ | $\underline{2006}$ |
| associated w/ administration | \% | \% | \% |
| Completely agree | 36 | 48 | 36 |
| Mostly agree | 35 | 24 | 26 |
| Mostly disagree | 19 | 16 | 23 |
| Completely disagree | 8 | 8 | 12 |
| Don't know | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{3}$ |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| I wish the president |  |  |  |
| could run for a third term | \% | \% | \% |
| Completely agree | 12 | 16 | 8 |
| Mostly agree | 16 | 11 | 13 |
| Mostly disagree | 24 | 16 | 21 |
| Completely disagree | 47 | 55 | 56 |
| Don't know |  | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{2}$ |
|  |  | 100 | 100 | term, which is lower than the percentage expressing that sentiment about Clinton late in his second term. In this regard, by roughly three-to-one (70\%$23 \%$ ) the public says it wants the next president to offer policies and programs that are different from Bush's, instead of offering similar policies.

This view has changed little since October and presents a striking contrast with the latter stages of Clinton's presidency, when there was considerable support for the next president to adopt similar policies and programs.

Even among Republicans there is a fair amount of support for the next president to pursue policies that are different from the Bush

| Looking Ahead: <br> Broad Support for a Policy Shift |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | --Clinton-- |  | --Bu | sh-- |
|  | Feb | June |  | April |
| Want next president | 1999 | $\underline{2000}$ | $\underline{2005}$ | 2006 |
| to offer policies... | \% | \% | \% |  |
| Similar to Clinton/Bush | 54 | 40 | 25 | 23 |
| Diff. from Clinton/Bush | 41 | 52 | 69 |  |
| Don't know | $\underline{5}$ | $\underline{8}$ | $\underline{6}$ |  |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | administration's. Nearly half of moderate and liberal Republicans (48\%) and about a third of conservative Republicans (31\%) say they want the next president to offer different policies. Overwhelming numbers of independents (81\%) and conservative and moderate Democrats (91\%), as well as virtually all liberal Democrats (98\%), want the next president to set a new policy course.

## Rice Still Popular, Cheney Slips

The public takes a mixed view of leading Bush administration officials. About seven-in-ten (69\%) express a favorable opinion of Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice, based on those familiar enough with Rice to give a rating. In contrast, Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld's positive rating stands below 50\% (at 45\%); Rumsfeld's favorability has remained fairly stable over the past year, but is well below his peak of 76\%, in April 2003 during the first month of the Iraq war.

Vice President Dick Cheney’s favorable ratings have been steadily declining over the past year. Six months ago, Americans were divided in their view of the vice president (48\% favorable, 52\% unfavorable). Today, six-in-ten Americans have an unfavorable view of Cheney, and nearly a third (32\%) have a "very unfavorable" opinion of him. Just six months ago, a

| Favorability Ratings (Based on those who can rate) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Favor$\frac{\text { able }}{\%}$ | Unfavorable \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Can't } \\ & \frac{\text { rate }}{\%} \end{aligned}$ |
| Bush Administration |  |  |  |
| Condoleezza Rice | 69 | $31=100$ | 14 |
| October, 2005 | 70 | $30=100$ | 15 |
| March, 2005 | 68 | $32=100$ | 15 |
| Donald Rumsfeld | 45 | $55=100$ | 16 |
| October, 2005 | 46 | $54=100$ | 23 |
| March, 2005 | 48 | $52=100$ | 20 |
| April, 2003 | 76 | $24=100$ | 20 |
| Dick Cheney | 40 | $60=100$ | 9 |
| October, 2005 | 48 | $52=100$ | 11 |
| March, 2005 | 53 | $47=100$ | 9 |
| April, 2003 | 69 | $31=100$ | 13 |
| December, 2002 | 69 | $31=100$ | 15 |
| Other Republicans |  |  |  |
| Rudy Giuliani | 84 | 16=100 | 16 |
| John McCain | 68 | $32=100$ | 20 |
| George Allen | 57 | $43=100$ | 66 |
| Bill Frist | 46 | $54=100$ | 47 |
| Tom DeLay | 31 | $69=100$ | 28 |
| Democrats |  |  |  |
| John Edwards | 64 | 36=100 | 26 |
| Bill Clinton | 63 | $37=100$ | 3 |
| Joe Biden | 58 | $42=100$ | 52 |
| Mark Warner | 57 | $43=100$ | 63 |
| Hillary Clinton | 56 | $44=100$ | 4 |
| John Kerry | 50 | $50=100$ | 11 |
| Russell Feingold | 50 | $50=100$ | 62 |
| Howard Dean | 45 | $55=100$ | 31 |

quarter of the public who could rate him felt this way.

Rep. Tom DeLay, who recently announced his retirement from Congress, is far more visible today than six months ago, and has won both supporters and detractors since then. Nearly a quarter of the general public (23\%) has a favorable view of him, up from $18 \%$ in October 2005. But DeLay's unfavorable rating also has risen, from $40 \%$ to $49 \%$ during this period. Among those who can rate him, however, his 69\% unfavorable rating remains unchanged from a half year ago.

Former New York City Mayor Rudy Giuliani’s favorable rating ranks highest among Republicans tested (84\%), and has inched upward from six months ago (79\%). Arizona Sen. John McCain's standing is down from 74\% favorable in October to 68\% today, while his unfavorable rating has risen from 26\% to 32\%. Other Republicans, Senate Majority Leader Bill Frist and Virginia Sen. George Allen, are not familiar to many Americans and receive mixed ratings from those who know them.

## Rating Potential Candidates

Giuliani, Rice and McCain are broadly popular among Republican voters, but also are viewed favorably by majorities of independent and Democratic voters. More than nine-in-ten Republican voters (94\%) have a positive opinion of Giuliani, among those familiar enough to rate him; about eight-in-ten Democratic voters (80\%) and independent voters (77\%) also express favorable opinions of the former New York mayor.

Rice also draws overwhelmingly favorable ratings from Republican voters (93\%), but also from majorities of registered independents (58\%) and Democrats (55\%). McCain has a lower positive rating among Republicans (70\%), but gets much higher marks among independents (68\%) and Democrats (66\%). However, McCain's ratings among

| Voters Look to 2008 (Percent "favorable" based on registered voters who gave ratings) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Possible | Republicans | Democrats | Independents |
| GOP Candidates | \% | \% | \% |
| Rudy Giuliani | 94 | 80 | 77 |
| Condoleezza Rice | 93 | 55 | 58 |
| Bill Frist | 71 | 31 | 32 |
| George Allen | 71 | n/a | n/a |
| John McCain | 70 | 66 | 68 |
| Possible |  |  |  |
| Dem Candidates |  |  |  |
| Hillary Clinton | 20 | 83 | 56 |
| John Edwards | 45 | 81 | 63 |
| Joe Biden | 44 | 80 | 56 |
| John Kerry | 20 | 77 | 48 |
| Howard Dean | 27 | 66 | 45 |
| Russell Feingold | 34 | 57 | 59 |
| Mark Warner | n/a | 57 | n/a |
| n/a $=$ samples sizes are too low |  |  |  | independent and Democratic voters have declined since October (by 12 and 10 points, respectively).

Frist fares well among Republican voters (71\%), but receives a positive rating from only about third of independents (32\%) and Democrats (31\%) familiar enough with the Senate leader to rate him. Allen gets an identical positive rating among Republicans (71\%), but is not familiar to enough Democrats and independents to produce a reliable estimate of favorability.

In contrast to major Republican figures, no leading Democrat attracts favorable ratings from a majority of Republicans. More than eight-in-ten Democratic voters (83\%) and 56\% of independents express a positive opinion of Sen. Hillary Clinton, but just 20\% of Republicans agree. A similar pattern is evident in views of Sen. John Kerry. Former Sen. John Edwards and Sen. Joe Biden have greater crossover appeal; more than six-in-ten independents (63\%) and nearly half of Republicans (45\%) view Edwards favorably, while Biden gets comparable ratings.

## Who Leads the Democrats?

Hillary Clinton continues to be named more often than anyone else as the leader of the Democratic Party these days, though the plurality response offered by three-in-ten Americans is that "nobody" leads the party. Roughly half as many (16\%) name Sen. Clinton, followed by 7\% who name Sen. Ted Kennedy and 4\% who name former President Bill Clinton.

By comparison, the party's official leaders are rarely mentioned by Americans. Just 1\% each cite Sen. Harry Reid or Rep. Nancy Pelosi as the party’s overall leader, and 3\% name Democratic Party Chair Howard Dean as the party's leader. Republicans, Democrats and independents give similar answers to this question.

| Who is the Leader of <br> the Democratic Party? |  |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
|  | $\frac{\text { Total }}{\%}$ |
|  | 16 |
| Hillary Clinton | 16 |
| Ted Kennedy | 7 |
| Bill Clinton | 4 |
| John Kerry | 3 |
| Howard Dean | 3 |
| John Edwards | 2 |
| Barack Obama | 2 |
| Harry Reid | 1 |
| Joseph Biden | 1 |
| Nancy Pelosi | 1 |
| Joe Lieberman | 1 |
| Other | 5 |
| Nobody is | 30 |
| Don’t know | $\underline{24}$ |
| Open ended question | 100 |

## Iraq Interest, Awareness High

Now in its fourth year, the war in Iraq continues to engage the American public. News about the situation in Iraq was the month's most closely followed story; 43\% paid very close attention to news about Iraq, which is unchanged from recent months.

Most Americans are aware of the U.S. casualty toll in Iraq; 53\% correctly answered that around 2,500 U.S. soldiers have been killed in the conflict. Awareness of the casualty level varies considerably by gender and age, with men over age 50 (71\%) particularly likely to know the correct figure. College graduates (60\%) are also more likely to respond accurately.

Roughly four-in-ten (37\%) say the people

| Awareness of U.S. Casualties in Iraq |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| How many troops killed? | Men Women |  | Men Women |  |
|  | 18-49 | 18-49 | 50+ | 50+ |
|  | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| Around 500 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 2 |
| Around 1,500 | 16 | 22 | 11 | 13 |
| Around 2,500 | 52 | 43 | 71 | 51 |
| Around 3,500 | 21 | 18 | 12 | 22 |
| Other (Vol.) | 2 | -- | 1 | 1 |
| Don't know |  | 10 | $\underline{4}$ | 11 |
|  |  | 100 |  | 100 | they know are becoming less emotionally involved in Iraq news than they once were, but that is down somewhat from June 2005 (44\%). A solid majority (59\%) says the people they know are about as emotionally involved (38\%) or more involved (21\%) in Iraq news than they were (up from 51\% last June).

Democrats, in particular, say the people they know are becoming more engaged by news about the war. Roughly a quarter of Democrats say that now (27\%), compared with $17 \%$ last June. By contrast, 13\% of Republicans say the people they know are more emotionally involved in Iraq news, no change from last June.

| Public Still Emotionally Involved in Iraq News |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May 2004 |  |  |  | Apr 2006 |
| People are becoming... | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| Less emotionally involved | 26 | 36 | 35 | 44 | 37 |
| More emotionally involved | d 33 | 19 | 19 | 15 | 21 |
| About the same | 36 | 41 | 44 | 36 | 38 |
| Mixed/Don't know | $\underline{5}$ | 4 | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{5}$ | 4 |
|  |  |  |  | 100 | 100 |

The public's divisions over the war continue to be reflected in perceptions of press coverage of the conflict. About four-in-ten (37\%) think that news reports are making the situation in Iraq seem worse than it really is, while $17 \%$ believe the news is making the situation seem better than it is, and $35 \%$ say reports are accurately reflecting the reality in Iraq. Opinion on this issue shows little change from December 2005, when 39\% said news reports were making things seem worse, $19 \%$ said they were making the situation seem better, and $35 \%$ said reports were accurate.

Most Republicans (61\%) feel that news reports present an excessively negative picture of events in Iraq, while half of Democrats say the reports are generally accurate. About a third of independents (34\%) say news coverage of Iraq is making things seem worse than they really are, while about the same number (32\%) believes reports are mostly accurate.

## Opinions on Iraq Largely Unchanged

Overall public opinion about the war remains relatively stable. Roughly half of Americans (47\%) believe the war was the right decision and the same number (47\%) believes that the military effort is going very well (13\%) or fairly well (34\%). Attitudes on both of these measures have changed little since the start of the year.

A solid majority of Americans (59\%) believes the U.S. is "losing ground" in its efforts to prevent a civil war in Iraq, though that is less than in March (66\%), after the bombing of a major Shiite mosque in Samarra triggered sectarian violence. The percentage of Americans who believe the U.S. is losing ground in defeating the insurgents (46\%) has also decreased slightly since March (51\%). Other perceptions of progress in Iraq remain largely unchanged from

| 'Losing Ground' In Iraq? |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Jan | Mar | Apr |
| Percent who say we are | $\underline{06}$ | $\underline{06}$ | $\underline{06}$ |
| "losing ground" in... | 0 | $\%$ | $\%$ |
| Preventing a civil war | 48 | 66 | 59 |
| Reducing civilian casualties | 54 | 56 | 56 |
| Defeating the insurgents | 38 | 51 | 46 |
| Preventing terrorist bases in Iraq | 33 | 44 | 43 |
| Establishing a democracy | 26 | 38 | 38 |
| Training Iraqi forces | 22 | 30 | 30 |
| Rebuilding roads, power plants, etc. | 22 | 29 | 26 | March.


| Iraq Opinions Stable |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan Feb Mar Apr |
| Using force | $\underline{06} \quad \underline{06} \quad \underline{06} \quad \underline{06}$ |
| in Iraq | \% \% \% \% |
| Right decision | $\begin{array}{llll}45 & 51 & 45 & 47\end{array}$ |
| Wrong decision | $\begin{array}{llll}47 & 44 & 49 & 46\end{array}$ |
| Don't know | $\frac{8}{100} \frac{\underline{5}}{100} \frac{6}{100} \frac{\underline{7}}{100}$ |
| How well is military effort going? |  |
| Very well | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 13 & 9 & 13\end{array}$ |
| Fairly well | $\begin{array}{llll}39 & 38 & 34 & 34\end{array}$ |
| Not too well | $\begin{array}{llll}27 & 29 & 30 & 29\end{array}$ |
| Not at all well | $\begin{array}{llll}17 & 17 & 21 & 21\end{array}$ |
| Don't know | $\frac{\underline{5}}{100} \frac{\underline{3}}{100} \frac{\underline{6}}{100} \frac{\underline{3}}{100}$ | .

The public is evenly divided over whether to withdraw U.S. forces from Iraq; $48 \%$ say the U.S. should bring its troops home as soon as possible, while an identical number (48\%) says it should keep its troops in Iraq until the situation has stabilized. This is a slight change from last month, when $50 \%$ preferred to bring the troops home as soon as possible, and $44 \%$ said to keep troops there until the situation was stable.

By a 53\%-40\% margin, the public continues to favor a timetable for the withdrawal of American troops from Iraq. There is a significant gender gap on this issue, as 62\% of women favor a timetable, compared to only $44 \%$ of men.

| Public Divided Over Withdrawing U.S. Forces |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Jan Feb Mar Apr $\begin{array}{llll}06 & 06 & 06 & 06\end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |
| What to do now? | \% \% \% \% |
| Bring troops home | $48 \quad 46$ |
| Keep troops in Iraq | $48 \quad 5044$ |
| Don't know | $\underline{4} \quad \underline{4} \quad \underline{6} \quad \underline{4}$ |
|  | 100100100100 |
| Should set timetable |  |
| for troop withdrawal? |  |
| Yes | $50-$-- 5553 |
| No | 42 -- 3940 |
| Other/Don’t know | $\underline{8} \quad--\quad \underline{6} \quad \underline{7}$ |
|  | 100100100 | There are sharp partisan differences as well, with two-thirds (67\%) of Democrats supporting a timetable, compared with $55 \%$ of independents and $38 \%$ of Republicans.

A plurality of Americans (37\%) believe the war in Iraq has increased the chances of terrorist attacks in the U.S., down somewhat from July 2005 (45\%), in a survey conducted shortly after the July 7 bombings in London. Roughly a quarter (27\%) currently thinks the war has lessened the chances of a terrorist strike, and $33 \%$ say it has made no difference.

## Iraq Another Vietnam?

Americans are divided over whether the war in Iraq will ultimately resemble the American experience in Vietnam; $41 \%$ say Iraq will turn out to be another Vietnam, while $43 \%$ say the U.S. will accomplish its goals there. The public has grown more pessimistic in this view since September of last year, when 39\% said Iraq would be another Vietnam and $48 \%$ believed the U.S. would accomplish its objectives.

As is the case with nearly every issue related to Iraq, there is a sizable partisan divide in views of whether the U.S. military operation in Iraq will end up as another Vietnam. Republicans by greater than four-

| Different Perspectives on Iraq |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Will war in Iraq be another Vietnam? Another Vietnam | Total Rep Dem Ind |  |  |  |
|  | \% | \% | \% | \% |
|  | 41 | 15 | 62 | 46 |
| US will achieve goals | 43 | 73 | 24 | 37 |
| Too early to tell (VOL) | 5 | 4 | 4 | 7 |
| Don't know |  |  | 10 | $\underline{10}$ |
|  | 100 |  | 100 | 100 |
| Iraqis better off w/ Saddam Hussein removed from power? |  |  |  |  |
| Better off | 78 | 94 | 69 | 74 |
| Worse off | 13 | 3 | 20 | 16 |
| Don't know |  |  |  | $\underline{10}$ |
|  |  |  | 100 | 100 | to-one (73\%-15\%) say the U.S. will accomplish its

goals in Iraq, while Democrats by 62\%-24\% believe that Iraq will become another Vietnam.

However, there is one issue concerning Iraq on which there is widespread agreement: overwhelmingly, Americans agree (78\%) that the people of Iraq will be better off in the long run because Saddam Hussein has been removed from power. This is down slightly from $84 \%$ in February 2004, but the belief that Iraqis will be better off remains high across the board, including $94 \%$ of Republicans, 74\% of independents, and 69\% of Democrats.

## Bush Faulted on Leak Case

About a third of Americans (32\%) say they have heard a lot about news reports that President Bush may have authorized his staff to leak pre-war intelligence about Iraq to undermine war critics; another $46 \%$ say they have heard a little about the case.

Among those who have heard at least a little about the leak reports, 57\% believe President Bush acted improperly, while 34\% disagree. Large majorities of Democrats (82\%) and independents (67\%) feel Bush acted improperly; two-thirds of Republicans (67\%) say he did nothing wrong.

## Strong Interest in Immigration

The massive immigration protests in several U.S. cities and the congressional debate over immigration have raised the issue's profile with the public. About four-in-ten Americans (39\%) say they have been following the immigration issue very closely. Among news stories tested, only Iraq drew slightly more public interest ( $43 \%$ very closely).

Public opinion toward immigration policy continues to divide the public, though the partisan differences are smaller than on Iraq and other issues. A solid majority (58\%) favors a proposal to allow undocumented immigrants who have been in the U.S. for several years to gain legal working status and the possibility of future citizenship.

More divisive is a proposal to make it a criminal

| Immigration Policies |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Following news about immigration | $\frac{\text { Total }}{\%}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{Rep}}{\%}$ | $\frac{\text { Dem }}{\%}$ | $\frac{\text { Ind }}{\%}$ |
| Very closely | 39 | 40 | 42 | 37 |
| Fairly closely | 34 | 37 | 33 | 34 |
| Not too/at all closely |  | 23 | 24 | 28 |
| Don’t know | $\frac{1}{100}$ | $\stackrel{*}{100}$ | $\frac{1}{100}$ | $\stackrel{1}{100}$ |
| Provide path to citizenship for undocumenteds in US |  |  |  |  |
| Favor | 58 | 53 | 64 | 62 |
| Oppose | 35 | 42 | 31 | 33 |
| Don't know | $\frac{7}{100}$ | $\stackrel{5}{100}$ | $\stackrel{5}{100}$ | $\stackrel{5}{100}$ |
| Make it a crime to assist undocument | ds |  |  |  |
| Favor | 45 | 57 | 36 | 43 |
| Oppose | 47 | 36 | 56 | 50 |
| Don't know | $\stackrel{8}{100}$ | $\frac{7}{100}$ | $\underline{8}$ | $\frac{7}{100}$ |
| Who can best handle immigration |  |  |  |  |
| Democrats | 43 | 15 | 75 | 37 |
| Republicans | 27 | 60 | 7 | 21 |
| Both (Vol) | 6 | 6 | 4 | 8 |
| Neither (Vol) | 11 | 9 | 5 | 18 |
| Don't know | 13 | 10 | $\underline{9}$ | 16 |
|  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

offense to assist an undocumented immigrant to remain in the U.S.; 45\% favor such a proposal, while $47 \%$ are opposed. There is more partisanship on this issue than on whether illegal immigrants should be provided a path to citizenship. A majority of Republicans (57\%) favor making it a crime to assist an undocumented immigrant to stay in the U.S., while just 36\% of Democrats agree.

By 43\%-27\%, more Americans say the Democratic Party can better handle immigration. Roughly one-in-seven Republicans (15\%) believe Democrats can do a better job on this issue, compared with 7\% of Democrats who favor the GOP on immigration. Independents by $37 \%-21 \%$ think the Democratic Party can better handle immigration.


#### Abstract

ABOUT THIS SURVEY Results for this survey are based on telephone interviews conducted under the direction of Princeton Survey Research Associates International among a nationwide sample of 1,501 adults, 18 years of age or older, from April 7-16, 2006. For results based on the total sample, one can say with $95 \%$ confidence that the error attributable to sampling is plus or minus 3 percentage points. For results based on form $1(\mathrm{~N}=764)$ and form $2(\mathrm{~N}=737)$ the sampling error is plus or minus 4 percentage points.


In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.

## ABOUT THE CENTER

The Pew Research Center for the People \& the Press is an independent opinion research group that studies attitudes toward the press, politics and public policy issues. We are sponsored by The Pew Charitable Trusts and are one of six projects that make up the Pew Research Center, a nonpartisan "fact tank" that provides information on the issues, attitudes and trends shaping America and the world.

The Center's purpose is to serve as a forum for ideas on the media and public policy through public opinion research. In this role it serves as an important information resource for political leaders, journalists, scholars, and public interest organizations. All of our current survey results are made available free of charge.

All of the Center's research and reports are collaborative products based on the input and analysis of the entire Center staff consisting of:

Andrew Kohut, Director<br>Jodie Allen, Senior Editor<br>Scott Keeter, Director of Survey Research<br>Carroll Doherty and Michael Dimock, Associate Directors<br>Carolyn Funk and Richard Wike, Senior Project Directors<br>April Rapp, Research Associate<br>Nilanthi Samaranayake, Peyton Craighill, and Courtney Kennedy, Project Directors<br>Kate DeLuca, Research Assistant

# PEW RESEARCH CENTER FOR THE PEOPLE \& THE PRESS APRIL 2006 NEWS INTEREST INDEX FINAL TOPLINE April 7-16, 2006 <br> $\mathrm{N}=\mathbf{1 , 5 0 1}$ 

Q. 1 Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job as president? [IF DK ENTER AS DK. IF DEPENDS PROBE ONCE WITH: Overall do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling his job as president? IF STILL DEPENDS ENTER AS DK]

|  | (VOL.) |  |  |  | (VOL.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | App- | Dis- | Don't |  | App- | Dis- | Don't |
|  | rove | approve | know |  | rove | approve | know |
| April, 2006 | 35 | 55 | $10=100$ | Early July, 2003 | 60 | 29 | $11=100$ |
| March, 2006 | 33 | 57 | $10=100$ | June, 2003 | 62 | 27 | $11=100$ |
| February, 2006 | 40 | 52 | $8=100$ | May, 2003 | 65 | 27 | $8=100$ |
| January, 2006 | 38 | 54 | $8=100$ | April 10-16, 2003 | 72 | 22 | $6=100$ |
| 2005 |  |  |  | April 9, 2003 | 74 | 20 | $6=100$ |
| December, 2005 | 38 | 54 | 8=100 | April 2-7, 2003 | 69 | 25 | $6=100$ |
| Early November, 2005 | 36 | 55 | $9=100$ | March 28-April 1, 2003 | 71 | 23 | $6=100$ |
| Late October, 2005 | 40 | 52 | 8=100 | March 25-27, 2003 | 70 | 24 | $6=100$ |
| Early October, 2005 | 38 | 56 | 6=100 | March 20-24, 2003 | 67 | 26 | $7=100$ |
| September 8-11, 2005 | 40 | 52 | $8=100$ | March 13-16, 2003 | 55 | 34 | $11=100$ |
| September 6-7, 2005 | 40 | 52 | $8=100$ | February, 2003 | 54 | 36 | $10=100$ |
| July, 2005 | 44 | 48 | $8=100$ | January, 2003 | 58 | 32 | $10=100$ |
| June, 2005 | 42 | 49 | $9=100$ | 2002 |  |  |  |
| Late May, 2005 | 42 | 48 | $10=100$ | December, 2002 | 61 | 28 | $11=100$ |
| Mid-May, 2005 | 43 | 50 | $7=100$ | Late October, 2002 | 59 | 29 | $12=100$ |
| Late March, 2005 | 49 | 46 | $5=100$ | Early October, 2002 | 61 | 30 | $9=100$ |
| Mid-March, 2005 | 45 | 46 | $9=100$ | Mid-September, 2002 | 67 | 22 | $11=100$ |
| February, 2005 | 46 | 47 | $7=100$ | Early September, 2002 | 63 | 26 | $11=100$ |
| January, 2005 | 50 | 43 | $7=100$ | Late August, 2002 | 60 | 27 | $13=100$ |
| 2004 |  |  |  | August, 2002 | 67 | 21 | $12=100$ |
| December, 2004 | 48 | 44 | 8=100 | Late July, 2002 | 65 | 25 | $10=100$ |
| Mid-October, 2004 | 44 | 48 | 8=100 | July, 2002 | 67 | 21 | $12=100$ |
| August, 2004 | 46 | 45 | $9=100$ | June, 2002 | 70 | 20 | $10=100$ |
| July, 2004 | 46 | 46 | 8=100 | April, 2002 | 69 | 18 | $13=100$ |
| June, 2004 | 48 | 43 | $9=100$ | Early April, 2002 | 74 | 16 | $10=100$ |
| May, 2004 | 44 | 48 | 8=100 | February, 2002 | 78 | 13 | $9=100$ |
| Late April, 2004 | 48 | 43 | $9=100$ | January, 2002 | 80 | 11 | $9=100$ |
| Early April, 2004 | 43 | 47 | $10=100$ | 2001 |  |  |  |
| Late March, 2004 | 47 | 44 | $9=100$ | Mid-November, 2001 | 84 | 9 | $7=100$ |
| Mid-March, 2004 | 46 | 47 | $7=100$ | Early October, 2001 | 84 | 8 | $8=100$ |
| February, 2004 | 48 | 44 | $8=100$ | Late September, 2001 | 86 | 7 | $7=100$ |
| Mid-January, 2004 | 56 | 34 | $10=100$ | Mid-September, 2001 | 80 | 9 | $11=100$ |
| Early January, 2004 | 58 | 35 | $7=100$ | Early September, 2001 | 51 | 34 | $15=100$ |
| 2003 |  |  |  | August, 2001 | 50 | 32 | $18=100$ |
| December, 2003 | 57 | 34 | $9=100$ | July, 2001 | 51 | 32 | $17=100$ |
| November, 2003 | 50 | 40 | $10=100$ | June, 2001 | 50 | 33 | $17=100$ |
| October, 2003 | 50 | 42 | 8=100 | May, 2001 | 53 | 32 | $15=100$ |
| September, 2003 | 55 | 36 | $9=100$ | April, 2001 | 56 | 27 | $17=100$ |
| Mid-August, 2003 | 56 | 32 | $12=100$ | March, 2001 | 55 | 25 | $20=100$ |
| Early August, 2003 | 53 | 37 | $10=100$ | February, 2001 | 53 | 21 | $26=100$ |

## IF APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE (1,2 IN Q.1)

Q.1a Do you (approve/disapprove) very strongly, or not so strongly?

|  | Dec | March | Dec | Nov | Sept | June | April |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2001}$ |
| 35 Approve | 38 | 49 | 48 | 50 | 55 | 70 | 56 |
| 23 Very strongly | 26 | 32 | 34 | 34 | 35 | 46 | 34 |
| 11 Not so strongly | 11 | 16 | 12 | 14 | 18 | 21 | 20 |
| 1 Don't know (VOL) | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 55 Disapprove | 54 | 46 | 44 | 40 | 36 | 20 | 27 |
| 45 Very strongly | 42 | 36 | 35 | 30 | 27 | 8 | 18 |
| 10 Not so strongly | 11 | 10 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 12 | 9 |
| * Don't know (VOL) | 1 | * | 1 | 1 | * | 0 | * |
| 10 Don't know/Refused (VOL) | 8 | $\underline{5}$ | 8 | 10 | $\underline{9}$ | 10 | 17 |
| 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

## ASK ALL:

Q. 2 Now thinking about a few groups ... Is your overall opinion of [INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE] very favorable, mostly favorable, mostly UNfavorable, or very unfavorable?

Q. 2 CONTINUED...

|  |  | --------Favorable------ |  |  | -----Unfavorable----- |  |  | (VOL.) Never | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (VOL.) } \\ & \text { Can't } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Very | Mostly | Total | Very | Mostly | heard of | rate/Ref |
| b. | The Democratic Party | 47 | 12 | 35 | 42 | 14 | 28 | * | 11=100 |
|  | February, 2006 | 48 | 14 | 34 | 44 | 17 | 27 | 0 | $8=100$ |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 49 | 14 | 35 | 41 | 15 | 26 | * | 10=100 |
|  | July, 2005 | 50 | 15 | 35 | 41 | 14 | 27 | * | $9=100$ |
|  | June, 2005 | 52 | 12 | 40 | 39 | 13 | 26 | * | 9=100 |
|  | December, 2004 | 53 | 13 | 40 | 41 | 14 | 27 | * | 6=100 |
|  | June, 2004 | 54 | 12 | 42 | 36 | 11 | 25 | 0 | $10=100$ |
|  | Early February, 2004 | 58 | 14 | 44 | 37 | 9 | 28 | * | $5=100$ |
|  | June, 2003 | 54 | 11 | 43 | 38 | 10 | 28 | 0 | 8=100 |
|  | April, 2003 | 57 | 13 | 44 | 36 | 11 | 25 | * | $7=100$ |
|  | December, 2002 | 54 | 15 | 39 | 37 | 10 | 27 | * | $9=100$ |
|  | July, 2001 | 58 | 18 | 40 | 34 | 10 | 24 | * | $8=100$ |
|  | January, 2001 | 60 | 18 | 42 | 30 | 9 | 21 | 1 | $9=100$ |
|  | September, 2000 (RVs) | 60 | 16 | 44 | 35 | 12 | 23 | * | $5=100$ |
|  | August, 1999 | 59 | 14 | 45 | 37 | 9 | 28 | * | $4=100$ |
|  | February, 1999 | 58 | 11 | 47 | 37 | 11 | 26 | 0 | $5=100$ |
|  | January, 1999 | 55 | 14 | 41 | 38 | 12 | 26 | 0 | 7=100 |
|  | Early December, 1998 | 59 | 18 | 41 | 34 | 10 | 24 | 0 | 7=100 |
|  | Early October, 1998 (RVs) | 56 | 11 | 45 | 38 | 9 | 29 | * | 6=100 |
|  | Early September, 1998 | 60 | 13 | 47 | 33 | 8 | 25 | * | $7=100$ |
|  | March, 1998 | 58 | 15 | 43 | 36 | 10 | 26 | * | 6=100 |
|  | August, 1997 | 52 | 11 | 41 | 42 | 10 | 32 | 0 | $6=100$ |
|  | June, 1997 | 61 | 10 | 51 | 33 | 8 | 25 | * | $6=100$ |
|  | January, 1997 | 60 | 13 | 47 | 35 | 7 | 28 | * | $5=100$ |
|  | October, 1995 | 49 | 9 | 40 | 48 | 11 | 37 | 0 | $3=100$ |
|  | December, 1994 | 50 | 13 | 37 | 44 | 13 | 31 | * | 6=100 |
|  | July, 1994 | 62 | 13 | 49 | 34 | 7 | 27 | * | $4=100$ |
|  | May, 1993 | 57 | 14 | 43 | 34 | 9 | 25 | 0 | $9=100$ |
|  | July, 1992 | 61 | 17 | 44 | 33 | 9 | 24 | * | $6=100$ |
| c. | The news media | 48 | 8 | 40 | 46 | 15 | 31 | * | 6=100 |
|  | February, 2006 | 59 | 12 | 47 | 37 | 10 | 27 | 0 | $4=100$ |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 52 | 11 | 41 | 42 | 13 | 29 | 0 | 6=100 |
|  | Mid-March, 2005 | 56 | 12 | 44 | 40 | 13 | 27 | 0 | $4=100$ |
|  | December, 2004 | 43 | 8 | 35 | 51 | 18 | 33 | * | 6=100 |
|  | Late October, 2000 (RVs) | 50 | 7 | 43 | 45 | 14 | 31 | 0 | 5=100 |
|  | February, 1999 | 49 | 6 | 43 | 49 | 15 | 34 | 0 | 2=100 |
|  | March, 1998 | 48 | 9 | 39 | 50 | 16 | 34 | * | 2=100 |
|  | October, 1997 | 50 | 7 | 43 | 48 | 14 | 34 | * | 2=100 |

## ASK FORM 1 ONLY [N=764]:

Thinking about the news for a moment...
Q.3F1 What is the FIRST news story that comes to mind when you think about what's been in the news lately? [OPEN END. RECORD FIRST MENTION ONLY; FIRST FEW WORDS/BASIC CONCEPT IS SUFFICIENT]

Early
FIRST STORY MENTIONED:

| Mar | Feb | Jan | Nov |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{2006}{25}$ | $\frac{2006}{25}$ | $\frac{2006}{25}$ | $\frac{2005}{19}$ |

31 Iraq war/troop casualties
15 Immigration/Border issues
$9 \quad$ Other local news
3 Recent hurricanes and response
3 Weather/natural disasters (non-hurricane/tornadoes)
3 Iran/Nuclear program
3 CIA Leak/Leak of classified information/Libby scandal
3 Gas prices/Energy costs/Oil
3 Crime (general)
3 Tornadoes
2 Bush (general)
1 Zacarias Moussaoui trial
1 Terrorism (general)
1 Duke rape story/scandal
1 Tom Delay/resign/retire
6 All others
12 Don’t Know/Refused
100

## ASK FORM 2 ONLY [ $\mathrm{N}=737$ ]:

Thinking about people who have been in the news lately...
Q.4F2 Aside from the president, can you tell me the name of someone you've heard about in the news lately [PROBE IF NECESSARY: Just the FIRST name that comes to mind when you think about who's been in the news lately?] [OPEN END. RECORD UP TO THREE NAMES]

## FIRST NAME MENTIONED:

13 Dick Cheney
6 Condoleezza Rice
6 Tom DeLay
4 Donald Rumsfeld
2 Lewis "Scooter" Libby
2 Arnold Schwarzenegger
2 John McCain/AZ Senator
2 Hillary Clinton/The Clintons
1 Zacarias Moussaoui
1 Saddam Hussein
1 Katie Couric
1 Barry Bonds
1 George W. Bush
1 Cynthia McKinney
1 Ted Kennedy
1 Bill Frist
1 John Kerry
23 Other
31 Don’t Know/None

## ASK ALL:

Q. 5 Now I will read a list of some stories covered by news organizations this past month. As I read each item, tell me if you happened to follow this news story very closely, fairly closely, not too closely, or not at all closely.
[INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE.]
a.

News about the current situation in Iraq

| Very closely | Fairly closely | Not too closely | Not at all closely | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DK/ } \\ & \text { Ref } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43 | 36 | 13 | 7 | 1=100 |
| 43 | 38 | 12 | 6 | $1=100$ |
| 39 | 42 | 12 | 6 | $1=100$ |
| 40 | 40 | 12 | 7 | $1=100$ |
| 45 | 38 | 11 | 5 | $1=100$ |
| 41 | 40 | 13 | 6 | * $=100$ |
| 43 | 36 | 15 | 6 | * $=100$ |
| 32 | 40 | 20 | 7 | $1=100$ |
| 43 | 37 | 13 | 6 | $1=100$ |
| 41 | 39 | 12 | 7 | $1=100$ |
| 42 | 42 | 11 | 5 | * $=100$ |
| 40 | 39 | 14 | 5 | $2=100$ |
| 38 | 45 | 13 | 4 | * $=100$ |
| 48 | 37 | 11 | 4 | * $=100$ |
| 34 | 44 | 15 | 6 | 1=100 |
| 42 | 38 | 11 | 8 | $1=100$ |
| 47 | 37 | 9 | 6 | $1=100$ |
| 39 | 42 | 12 | 6 | $1=100$ |
| 43 | 40 | 11 | 6 | * $=100$ |
| 39 | 42 | 12 | 6 | $1=100$ |
| 54 | 33 | 8 | 5 | * $=100$ |
| 47 | 36 | 12 | 4 | 1=100 |
| 47 | 38 | 10 | 4 | $1=100$ |
| 48 | 39 | 9 | 4 | * $=100$ |
| 44 | 38 | 11 | 6 | $1=100$ |
| 52 | 33 | 9 | 5 | $1=100$ |
| 38 | 40 | 14 | 7 | $1=100$ |
| 50 | 33 | 10 | 6 | $1=100$ |
| 45 | 39 | 10 | 5 | $1=100$ |
| 37 | 41 | 13 | 8 | $1=100$ |
| 46 | 35 | 13 | 6 | *=100 |
| 63 | 29 | 6 | 2 | * $=100$ |
| 47 | 40 | 10 | 2 | 1=100 |
| 54 | 34 | 9 | 2 | $1=100$ |
| 57 | 33 | 7 | 2 | $1=100$ |
| 62 | 27 | 6 | 4 | $1=100$ |
| 62 | 25 | 8 | 4 | $1=100$ |
| 55 | 29 | 10 | 4 | $2=100$ |
| 51 | 32 | 10 | 6 | $1=100$ |
| 53 | 33 | 8 | 5 | $1=100$ |
| 60 | 28 | 6 | 5 | $1=100$ |
| 48 | 29 | 15 | 6 | $2=100$ |

February, 2006
January, 2006
December, 2005
Early November, 2005
Early October, 2005
Early September, 2005
July, 2005
June, 2005
Mid-May, 2005
Mid-March, 2005
February, 2005
January, 2005
December, 2004
Mid-October, 2004
Early September, 2004
August, 2004
July, 2004
June, 2004
April, 2004
Mid-March, 2004
Early February, 2004
Mid-January, 2004
December, 2003
November, 2003
October, 2003
September, 2003
Mid-August, 2003
Early July, 2003
June, 2003
May, 2003
April 11-16, $2003^{1}$
April 2-7, 2003
March 20-24, 2003
March 13-16, $2003^{2}$
February, 2003
January, 2003
December, 2002
Late October, 2002
Early October, 2002
Early September, 2002

From March 20 to April 16, 2003 the story was listed as "News about the war in Iraq."
From October 2002 to March 13-16, 2003 the story was listed as "Debate over the possibility that the U.S. will take military action in Iraq." In Early September 2002 the story was listed as "Debate over the possibility that the U.S. will invade Iraq."

## Q. 5 CONTINUED...

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Very } \\ \text { closely } \end{gathered}$ | Fairly closely | Not too closely | Not at all closely | DK/ Ref |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. | The issue of immigration | 39 | 34 | 16 | 10 | $1=100$ |
| c. | Protests by students in France | 8 | 20 | 31 | 40 | $1=100$ |
| d. | Tom DeLay retiring from Congress | 14 | 20 | 28 | 36 | $2=100$ |
|  | Early October, 2005 DeLay criminal indictment ${ }^{3}$ | 18 | 25 | 26 | 30 | $1=100$ |
|  | Mid May, 2005 DeLay Ethics complaints ${ }^{4}$ | 8 | 21 | 28 | 42 | $1=100$ |
| e. | Katie Couric leaving the Today Show to work at CBS | 12 | 19 | 26 | 42 | $1=100$ |
| f. | Accused terrorist Zacarias Moussaoui's death penalty trial | 23 | 33 | 24 | 19 | $1=100$ |

## NO QUESTION 6

## ROTATE Q. 7 AND Q.8F1/Q.9F2

Q. 7 In general, do you think news reports are making the situation in Iraq seem WORSE than it really is or BETTER than it really is, or are reports showing the situation about the way it really is?

|  |  | Mid- |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dec | Sept | Oct |
|  |  | $\frac{2005}{39}$ | $\frac{2005}{35}$ | $\frac{2003}{38}$ |
| 37 | Worse | 19 | 19 | 14 |
| 17 | Better | 35 | 38 | 36 |
| 35 | About the way it really is | $\frac{7}{10}$ | $\underline{8}$ | $\underline{12}$ |
| $\frac{11}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL) | 100 | 100 | 100 |

## ASK FORM 1 ONLY [ $\mathrm{N}=764$ ]:

Q.8F1 In your opinion, are the news organizations you are familiar with being fair or unfair to the Bush administration?
(VOL)

| $\frac{\text { Fair }}{56}$ | $\frac{\text { Unfair }}{31}$ |  | DK/Ref <br> 56 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 31 |  | $19=100$ |
| 62 | 24 |  | $14=100$ |
| 65 | 19 |  | $16=100$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| 52 | 40 |  | $8=100$ |
| 49 | 44 | $7=100$ |  |
| 67 | 26 |  | $7=100$ |
| 52 | 36 |  | $12=100$ |
| 66 | 21 | $13=100$ |  |
| 51 | 43 | $6=100$ |  |
| 72 | 17 |  | $11=100$ |

## Q.8F1 CONTINUED...

|  |  |  | (VOL) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bush, Sr. | Fair | Unfair | DK/Ref |
| January, 1992 | 77 | 15 | 8=100 |
| November, 1990 | 72 | 15 | $13=100$ |
| January, 1990 | 76 | 14 | $10=100$ |
| August, 1989 | 82 | 12 | $6=100$ |
| Reagan |  |  |  |
| January, 1988 | 66 | 21 | $13=100$ |
| January, 1987 | 67 | 25 | $8=100$ |
| July, 1985 | 78 | 12 | $10=100$ |

## ASK FORM 2 ONLY [ $\mathbf{N}=737$ ]:

Q.9F2 Do you think the press has been too critical of the Bush Administration policies and performance, not critical enough or do you think that the press has handled this about right?

|  | Early <br> Nov 2005 | Early <br> July 2003 | Clinton <br> June 1993 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | Press too critical | 32 |  | 35 |
| 30 | Not critical enough | 28 | 23 | 12 |
| 34 | About right | 34 | 48 | 49 |
| $\frac{6}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL) | $\underline{6}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{4}$ |
| 100 | 100 | 100 |  |  |

## ASK ALL:

On a different subject...
Q. 10 Thinking about the Democratic and Republican parties, would you say there is a great deal of difference in what they stand for, a fair amount of difference, or hardly any difference at all?

|  |  | June | Feb | March | June | Oct | July | May | May |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{1999}$ | $\underline{1998}$ | $\frac{1997}{25}$ | $\frac{1995}{34}$ | $\frac{1994}{23}$ | $\frac{1990}{24}$ | $\frac{1987}{25}$ |
| 33 | A great deal | 29 | 33 | 28 | 25 | 46 | 51 | 45 | 45 |
| 42 | A fair amount | 49 | 46 | 45 | 48 | 46 | 24 | 25 |  |
| 21 | Hardly any | 20 | 18 | 23 | 25 | 18 | 24 | 27 |  |
| $\frac{4}{100}$ | DK/Ref (VOL) | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{5}$ |
| 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |  |  |

ROTATE Q.11F2 AND Q.12F2
ASK FORM 2 ONLY [ $\mathrm{N}=737$ ]:
Q.11F2 Please tell me what one word best describes your impression of the Republican Party. Tell me just the ONE best word that comes to mind. (OPEN-END. PROBE ONCE IF RESPONDENT ANSWERS "DON'T KNOW". ACCEPT UP TO TWO RESPONSES, BUT DO NOT PROBE FOR SECOND RESPONSE).
Q.12F2 Please tell me what one word best describes your impression of the Democratic Party. Tell me just the ONE best word that comes to mind. (OPEN-END. PROBE ONCE IF RESPONDENT ANSWERS "DON'T KNOW". ACCEPT UP TO TWO RESPONSES, BUT DO NOT PROBE FOR SECOND RESPONSE).

The numbers listed represent the number of respondents who offered each response; the numbers are not percentages.

| Q.11 | Republicans | Q.12 | Democrats |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
| 53 | Conservative | 57 | Liberal |
| 22 | Fair | 31 | Fair |
| 19 | Good | 20 | Good |
| 17 | Greedy | 18 | Weak |
| 15 | Rich | 13 | Too liberal |
| 14 | Business | 11 | Okay |
| 10 | Crooks | 7 | Confused |
| 9 | Corrupt | 7 | Disorganized |
| 9 | Money | 7 | Favorable |
| 7 | Confused | 6 | Crooks |
| 7 | For rich people | 6 | Hopeful |
| 6 | Dishonest | 6 | Poor |
| 6 | Great | 5 | People |
| 6 | Liars | 5 | Socialist |
| 6 | Okay | 5 | Stupid |
| 6 | Suck | 4 | Communists |
| 5 | Disappointed | 4 | Conservative |
| 5 | Lousy | 4 | Dishonest |
| 5 | Out of touch | 4 | Great |
| 5 | Poor | 4 | Hypocritical |
| 4 | Arrogant | 4 | Slow |
| 4 | Bad | 4 | Struggling |
| 4 | Disorganized | 4 | Unorganized |
| 4 | Moral | 4 | Untruthful |
| 4 | Realistic |  |  |
| 4 | Stinks |  |  |
| 4 | Untruthful |  |  |
| 4 | Weak |  |  |

## ASK ALL:

On a different subject...
Q. 13 If the 2006 elections for U.S. Congress were being held TODAY, would you vote for the Republican Party’s candidate or the Democratic Party's candidate for Congress in your district?

## IF ANSWERED ‘3' OTHER OR '9' DON’T KNOW IN Q.13, ASK:

Q.13a As of TODAY, do you LEAN more to the Republican or the Democrat?

## BASED ON REGISTERED VOTERS [N=1,249]:

|  | Rep/ Lean Rep | Dem/ Lean Dem | Other/ Undecided |  | Rep/ Lean Rep | Dem/ Lean Dem | Other/ Undecided |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April, 2006 | 41 | 51 | $8=100$ | August, 1995 | 50 | 43 | $7=100$ |
| February, 2006 | 41 | 50 | $9=100$ | 1994 Election |  |  |  |
| Mid-September, 2005 | 40 | 52 | $8=100$ | November, 1994 | 45 | 43 | $12=100$ |
| 2004 Election |  |  |  | Late October, 1994 | 47 | 44 | $9=100$ |
| June, 2004 | 41 | 48 | $11=100$ | Early October, 1994 | 52 | 40 | $8=100$ |
| 2002 Election |  |  |  | September, 1994 | 48 | 46 | $6=100$ |
| Early November, 2002 | 42 | 46 | $12=100$ | July, 1994 | 45 | 47 | $8=100$ |
| Early October, 2002 | 44 | 46 | $10=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| Early September, 2002 | 24 | 46 | $10=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| June, 2002 | 44 | 46 | $10=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| February, 2002 | 46 | 45 | $9=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| Early November, 2001 | - 44 | 44 | $12=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 Election |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Early November, 2000 | 42 | 48 | $10=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| Early October, 2000 | 43 | 47 | $10=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| July, 2000 | 43 | 47 | $10=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| February, 2000 | 44 | 47 | $9=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| October, 1999 | 43 | 49 | $8=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| June, 1999 | 40 | 50 | $10=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 Election |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Late October, 1998 | 40 | 47 | $13=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| Early October, 1998 | 43 | 44 | $13=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| Early September, 1998 | 45 | 46 | $9=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| Late August, 1998 | 44 | 45 | $11=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| Early August, 1998 | 42 | 49 | $9=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| June, 1998 | 44 | 46 | $10=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| March, 1998 | 40 | 52 | $8=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| February, 1998 | 41 | 50 | $9=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| January, 1998 | 41 | 51 | $8=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| August, 1997 | 45 | 48 | $7=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1996 Election |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November, 1996 ${ }^{5}$ | 44 | 48 | $8=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| October, 1996 | 42 | 49 | $9=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| Late September, 1996 | 43 | 49 | $8=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| Early September, 1996 | 643 | 51 | $6=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| July, 1996 | 46 | 47 | $7=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| June, 1996 | 44 | 50 | $6=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| March, 1996 | 44 | 49 | $7=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| January, 1996 | 46 | 47 | $7=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| October, 1995 | 48 | 48 | $4=100$ |  |  |  |  |

[^0]
## ASK ALL:

Thinking ahead...
Q. 14 Would you like to see your representative in Congress be re-elected in the next congressional election, or not?

BASED ON REGISTERED VOTERS [N=1249]:

|  | $\underline{\text { Yes }}$ | No | (VOL.) <br> Congressperson not running | (VOL) <br> DK/Ref |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April, 2006 | 57 | 28 | 1 | 14=100 |
| February, 2006 | 59 | 28 | 1 | $12=100$ |
| Mid-September, 2005 | 57 | 25 | 1 | $17=100$ |
| Early October, 2002 | 58 | 19 | 2 | $21=100$ |
| June, 2002 | 58 | 23 | 1 | $18=100$ |
| Early November, 2000 | 59 | 16 | 2 | $23=100$ |
| October, 2000 | 60 | 17 | 1 | $22=100$ |
| July, 1999 | 66 | 23 | * | $11=100$ |
| Late October, 1998 | 64 | 19 | 1 | $16=100$ |
| Early October, 1998 | 58 | 20 | 2 | $20=100$ |
| Early September, 1998 | 63 | 20 | 1 | $16=100$ |
| March, 1998 | 63 | 21 | 1 | $15=100$ |
| January, 1998 | 66 | 23 | 0 | $11=100$ |
| August, 1997 | 66 | 22 | 0 | $12=100$ |
| Early November, 1996 | 60 | 16 | 3 | $21=100$ |
| October, 1996 | 62 | 19 | 2 | $17=100$ |
| Late September, 1996 | 55 | 17 | 2 | $26=100$ |
| Early September, 1996 | 62 | 19 | 2 | $17=100$ |
| November, 1994 | 58 | 25 | 1 | $16=100$ |
| Late October, 1994 | 55 | 30 | 2 | $13=100$ |
| Early October, 1994 | 49 | 29 | 2 | $20=100$ |
| Gallup: October, 1990 | 62 | 22 | 2 | $14=100$ |

Q. 15 Regardless of how you feel about your own representative, would you like to see most members of Congress re-elected in the next congressional election, or not?

## BASED ON REGISTERED VOTERS [N=1249]:

| April, 2006 | $\underline{\text { Yes }}$ | $\frac{\text { No }}{}$ | (VOL) <br> $\underline{\text { DK/Ref }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| February, 2006 | 34 | 53 | $13=100$ |
| September, 2005 | 36 | 49 | $15=100$ |
| Early October, 2002 | 36 | 48 | $16=100$ |
| June, 2002 | 39 | 38 | $23=100$ |
| October, 2000 | 45 | 37 | $18=100$ |
| July, 1999 | 40 | 34 | $26=100$ |
| Late October, 1998 | 41 | 47 | $12=100$ |
| Early October, 1998 | 41 | 37 | $22=100$ |
| Early September, 1998 | 39 | 39 | $22=100$ |
| March, 1998 | 46 | 36 | $18=100$ |
| January, 1998 | 45 | 41 | $14=100$ |
| August, 1997 | 44 | 43 | $13=100$ |
|  | 45 | 42 | $13=100$ |

## Q. 15 CONTINUED...

| Early September, 1996 | $\underline{\text { Yes }}$ | $\frac{\text { No }}{43}$ | (VOL) <br> DK/Ref |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| November, 1994 | 31 | 51 | $14=100$ |
| Late October, 1994 | 31 | 56 | $13=100$ |
| Early October, 1994 | 28 | 56 | $16=100$ |

Q. 16 Will the issue of which party controls Congress, the Republicans or the Democrats, be a factor in your vote for Congress this year, or not?

## BASED ON REGISTERED VOTERS [N=1249]:

|  |  | Early Early Early |  |  |  | Early |  |  | Late Early Early Early |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | June Nov | Oct | Sept | June | Feb | Oct | July | Oct | Oct | Sept | Aug |  |
|  |  | $\underline{2004} \underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2000}$ | 2000 | 1998 | 1998 | 1998 | 1998 | 1998 |
| 56 | Yes, will be a factor | 4348 | 42 | 44 | 47 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 47 | 41 | 44 | 45 |
| 39 | No, will not | 5149 | 55 | 51 | 50 | 49 | 50 | 49 | 50 | 49 | 56 | 53 | 51 |
| 5 | DK/Ref (VOL) | $\underline{6}$ 3 | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{5}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{5}$ | 4 | $\underline{5}$ | 4 | 4 | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{3}$ | 4 |
| 100 |  | 100100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Q. 17 Do you think of your vote for Congress this fall as a vote for George W. Bush, as a vote against George W. Bush, or isn't George W. Bush much of a factor in your vote?

## BASED ON REGISTERED VOTERS [N=1249]:

(VOL)
Q. 18 Some people say we should have a third major political party in this country in addition to the Democrats and Republicans. Do you agree or disagree?
$A B C /$

On another subject...
Q. 19 Compared to recent Congresses, would you say THIS Congress has accomplished more, accomplished less, or accomplished about the same amount?

## BASED ON REGISTERED VOTERS [N=1249]:

|  |  | Nov | June | July | Aug | Early Oct | Early <br> Sept | Early <br> Aug | Nov | April |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\underline{2000}$ | 1999 | 1998 | 1998 | 1998 | 1997 | 1997 |
| 7 | More | 11 | 16 | 21 | 13 | 24 | 24 | 18 | 25 | 10 |
| 41 | Less | 27 | 22 | 16 | 23 | 23 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 24 |
| 47 | Same | 54 | 57 | 56 | 60 | 49 | 55 | 62 | 59 | 58 |
| 5 | Don't know/Refused | 8 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | $\underline{3}$ | 8 |
| 100 |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

## ASK IF "LESS" (2 IN Q.19) [N=602]:

Q. 20 Who do you think is most to blame for this [READ AND ROTATE]?

| 58 | Republican leaders in Congress |
| :---: | :--- |
| 13 | Democratic leaders in Congress |
| 24 | Both/Neither/Someone else (VOL) |
| $\frac{5}{100}$ | Don't Know/Refused (VOL) |

[^1]
## ASK ALL:

Thinking about immigration for a moment...

## ROTATE Q. 21 AND Q. 22

Q. 21 Do you approve or disapprove of the way George W. Bush is handling the nation's immigration policy?

|  |  | Feb | Late Oct |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\frac{2006}{23}$ | $\frac{2005}{24}$ |
| 25 | Approve | 57 | 54 |
| 62 | Disapprove | $\underline{22}$ |  |
| $\frac{13}{100}$ | Don't Know/Refused (VOL) | $\underline{100}$ | $\underline{100}$ |

Q. 22 Do you approve or disapprove of the way Congress is handling the nation's immigration policy?

| 21 | Approve |
| :--- | :--- |
| 64 | Disapprove |
| $\frac{15}{100}$ | Don't Know/Refused (VOL) |

## ROTATE C. 1 AND C. 2

C. 1 One proposal would allow undocumented immigrants who have been in the U.S. for several years to gain legal working status and the possibility of citizenship in the future. Would you favor or oppose this proposal?

| 58 | Favor |
| :--- | :--- |
| 35 | Oppose |
| $\frac{7}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL) |

C. 2 One proposal would make it a criminal offense for an American to assist an undocumented immigrant to remain in the U.S. Would you favor or oppose this proposal?

| 45 | Favor |
| :--- | :--- |
| 47 | Oppose |
| $\frac{8}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL) |

Thinking about the political parties for a moment...
Q. 23 Please tell me if you think each phrase I read better describes the REPUBLICAN Party and its leaders or the DEMOCRATIC Party and its leaders (First,) which party do you think is better described by the phrase.. (INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE)?

|  |  | (VOL.) |  |  |  | (VOL.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Republican | Democratic | Both | (VOL.) | DK/ |
|  |  | Party | Party | equally | Neither | Ref |
| a. | Able to manage the federal government well | 35 | 39 | 3 | 15 | $8=100$ |
|  | January, 2006 | 34 | 40 | 4 | 12 | $10=100$ |
|  | Early October, 2005 | 35 | 41 | 3 | 13 | $8=100$ |
|  | July, 2004 | 37 | 40 | 4 | 9 | $10=100$ |
|  | Early September, 1998 | 37 | 32 | 8 | 12 | $11=100$ |
|  | August, 1997 | 39 | 33 | 4 | 16 | $8=100$ |
|  | July, 1996 | 45 | 32 | 4 | 12 | $7=100$ |
|  | April, 1995 | 49 | 30 | 3 | 13 | $5=100$ |

## Q. 23 CONTINUED...

|  | (VOL.) |  |  |  | (VOL.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Republican | Democratic | Both | (VOL.) | DK/ |
|  | Party | Party | equally | Neither | Ref |
| July, 1994 | 43 | 31 | 4 | 17 | $5=100$ |
| May, 1993 | 36 | 32 | 2 | 17 | $13=100$ |
| July, 1992 | 30 | 36 | 1 | 23 | $10=100$ |
| May, 1990 | 28 | 20 | 12 | 31 | $9=100$ |
| May, 1988 | 33 | 30 | 10 | 17 | $10=100$ |
| January, 1988 | 30 | 28 | 12 | 20 | $10=100$ |
| May, 1987 | 24 | 25 | 13 | 28 | $10=100$ |
| Governs in an honest and ethical way | 28 | 36 | 4 | 23 | $9=100$ |
| January, 2006 | 30 | 37 | 4 | 19 | $10=100$ |
| Early October, 2005 | 30 | 40 | 6 | 18 | $6=100$ |
| July, 2004 | 34 | 37 | 5 | 15 | $9=100$ |
| Early September, 1998 | 31 | 28 | 6 | 23 | $12=100$ |
| March, 1998 | 28 | 32 | 7 | 24 | $9=100$ |
| August, 1997 | 28 | 33 | 5 | 26 | $8=100$ |
| July, 1996 | 38 | 37 | 2 | 18 | $5=100$ |
| April, 1995 | 35 | 36 | 4 | 19 | $6=100$ |
| July, 1994 | 32 | 35 | 6 | 21 | $6=100$ |

c. Can bring about the kind of changes the country needs
Early October, 2005
July, 2004
Early September, 1998
March, 1998
August, 1997
July, 1996
April, 1995
July, 1994
May, 1993
July, 1992
May, 1990
May, 1988
January, 1988
May, 1987
d. Is concerned with the needs of
people like me
Early October, 2005
July, 2004
Early September, 1998
March, 1998
August, 1997
July, 1996
April, 1995
July, 1994
May, 1990
May, 1988
January, 1988

28
30
30

| 47 | 2 | 12 | $7=100$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 48 | 4 | 9 | $7=100$ |
| 46 | 3 | 7 | $9=100$ |
| 40 | 7 | 8 | $11=100$ |
| 45 | 7 | 8 | $8=100$ |
| 40 | 4 | 11 | $7=100$ |
| 46 | 2 | 7 | $6=100$ |
| 34 | 4 | 7 | $4=100$ |
| 42 | 4 | 10 | $5=100$ |
| 49 | 2 | 10 | $9=100$ |
| 47 | 2 | 16 | $11=100$ |
| 31 | 13 | 18 | $11=100$ |
| 43 | 9 | 11 | $10=100$ |
| 37 | 14 | 11 | $10=100$ |
| 36 | 14 | 14 | $10=100$ |


| 52 | 3 | 10 | $7=100$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 52 | 5 | 7 | $6=100$ |
| 50 | 5 | 8 | $7=100$ |
| 46 | 5 | 9 | $9=100$ |
| 51 | 4 | 8 | $7=100$ |
| 49 | 3 | 10 | $7=100$ |
| 50 | 2 | 7 | $6=100$ |
| 49 | 2 | 7 | $3=100$ |
| 49 | 4 | 8 | $4=100$ |
| 42 | 12 | 18 | $7=100$ |
| 51 | 8 | 11 | $7=100$ |
| 47 | 11 | 13 | $7=100$ |


|  | (VOL.) |  |  |  | (VOL.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Republican | Democratic | Both | (VOL.) | DK/ |
|  | Party | Party | equally | Neither | Ref |
| e. Is more influenced by lobbyists and special interests | 45 | 28 | 14 | 2 | $11=100$ |

Q. 24 Do you think the Republican Party or the Democratic Party could do a better job of ...[INSERT ITEM, ROTATE]

|  |  | (VOL.) |  |  |  | (VOL.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Republican | Democratic | Both | (VOL.) | DK/ |
|  |  | Party | Party | equally | Neither | Ref |
| a. | Reforming government in Washington | 28 | 44 | 5 | 15 | $8=100$ |
|  | February, 2006 | 29 | 42 | 7 | 12 | $10=100$ |
|  | March, 1998 ${ }^{7}$ | 37 | 35 | 8 | 10 | $10=100$ |
|  | July, 1994 | 39 | 40 | 3 | 11 | $7=100$ |
| b. | Dealing with immigration | 27 | 43 | 6 | 11 | $13=100$ |
|  | February, 2006 | 34 | 38 | 8 | 9 | $11=100$ |

## ASK FORM 1 ONLY [ $\mathbf{N = 7 6 4 ] :}$

Q.25F1 In your view, does the [INSERT ITEM; ROTATE] or the [NEXT ITEM] have better political leaders?

|  |  | Feb |
| ---: | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | $\underline{2006}$ |
| 38 | Republican Party | 41 |
| 40 | Democratic Party | 37 |
| 4 | Both equally (VOL.) | 5 |
| 9 | Neither (VOL.) | 8 |
| $\frac{9}{100}$ | Don’t know/Refused (VOL.) | $\underline{9}$ |
|  |  | 100 |

## ASK FORM 2 ONLY [N=737]:

Q.26F2 In your view, does the [INSERT ITEM; ROTATE] or the [NEXT ITEM] have stronger political leaders?

| 53 | Republican Party |
| ---: | :--- |
| 26 | Democratic Party |
| 4 | Both equally (VOL.) |
| 8 | Neither (VOL.) |
| $\frac{9}{100}$ | Don’t know/Refused (VOL.) |

In March 1998 and July 1994 the item was worded "reforming government."

## ASK ALL:

## Q. 27 Thinking about the Democratic Party, who do YOU think of as the leader of the Democratic Party these days? [SINGLE RESPONSE, DO NOT READ OPTIONS. USE PRECODES AS APPROPRIATE; ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.]

|  |  | Feb |
| ---: | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | $\frac{2006}{15}$ |
| 16 | Hillary Clinton | 15 |
| 7 | Ted Kennedy | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| 1 | Harry Reid | 1 |
| 4 | Bill Clinton | 11 |
| 3 | John Kerry | 8 |
| 3 | Howard Dean | 3 |
| 2 | John Edwards | 2 |
| 2 | Barack Obama | 4 |
| 1 | Harry Reid | 1 |
| 1 | Joseph Biden | 3 |
| 1 | Nancy Pelosi | 1 |
| 1 | Joseph Lieberman | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| 5 | (VOL. DO NOT READ) Other [SPECIFY: | $9^{8}$ |
| 30 | (VOL. DO NOT READ) Nobody is | 13 |
| 24 | (VOL. DO NOT READ) Don't know/Refused | $\underline{30}$ |
| 100 |  | 100 |

Q. 28 Now I'd like your views on some people. (First,) would you say your overall opinion of... [INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE; OBSERVE FORM SPLITS] is very favorable, mostly favorable, mostly UNfavorable, or very unfavorable? [INTERVIEWERS: PROBE TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN "NEVER HEARD OF" AND "CAN'T RATE."]

| a. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (VOL) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | (VOL) |
| :---: |
| Can't |

In February 2006, the "Other" category did not offer a SPECIFY option, meaning interviewers were not instructed to enter responses that were not included on a list of pre-coded names. Ted Kennedy and Joe Lieberman were therefore not coded.

| Q. 28 CONTINUED... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | -------F | avorab | le---- | -----Un | favor | le--- | (VOL) <br> Never | $\begin{gathered} \text { (VOL) } \\ \text { Can't } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Total | Very | Mostly | Total |  | Mostly | Heard of | rate/Ref |
|  | March, 1999 ${ }^{9}$ | 61 | 21 | 40 | 21 | 7 | 14 | 4 | 14=100 |
|  | November, 1997 | 54 | 13 | 41 | 18 | 6 | 12 | 9 | $19=100$ |
| ASK FORM 1 ONLY [ $\mathrm{N}=764$ ]: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| b.F1 | Bill Clinton | 61 | 27 | 34 | 36 | 18 | 18 | 0 | $3=100$ |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 62 | 26 | 36 | 34 | 18 | 16 | * | $4=100$ |
|  | Late March, 2005 | 64 | 24 | 40 | 32 | 13 | 19 | 0 | $4=100$ |
|  | December, 2002 | 46 | 17 | 29 | 49 | 27 | 22 | * | 5=100 |
|  | July, 2001 | 50 | 20 | 30 | 46 | 27 | 19 | 0 | $4=100$ |
|  | January, 2001 | 64 | 23 | 41 | 34 | 17 | 17 | 0 | $2=100$ |
|  | May, 2000 | 48 | 17 | 31 | 47 | 28 | 19 | * | $5=100$ |
|  | March, 1999 | 55 | 21 | 34 | 42 | 23 | 19 | * | $3=100$ |
|  | December, 1998 | 55 | 23 | 32 | 43 | 24 | 19 | 0 | $2=100$ |
|  | Early October, 1998 (RVs) | 52 | 15 | 37 | 44 | 24 | 20 | 0 | 4=100 |
|  | Early September, 1998 | 57 | 18 | 39 | 41 | 23 | 18 | 0 | $2=100$ |
|  | Late August, 1998 | 54 | 18 | 36 | 44 | 24 | 20 | 0 | $2=100$ |
|  | March, 1998 | 62 | 22 | 40 | 35 | 16 | 19 | * | $3=100$ |
|  | November, 1997 | 63 | 19 | 44 | 35 | 14 | 21 | 0 | 2=100 |
|  | October, 1997 | 62 | 15 | 47 | 36 | 16 | 20 | * | $2=100$ |
|  | September, 1997 | 62 | 18 | 44 | 35 | 14 | 21 | 0 | $3=100$ |
|  | August, 1997 | 61 | 16 | 45 | 38 | 17 | 21 | 0 | 1=100 |
|  | April, 1997 | 61 | 17 | 44 | 37 | 16 | 21 | * | $2=100$ |
|  | January, 1997 | 66 | 17 | 49 | 32 | 14 | 18 | * | $2=100$ |
|  | October, 1996 (RVs) | 57 | 12 | 45 | 41 | 19 | 22 | 0 | 2=100 |
|  | June, 1996 | 61 | 16 | 45 | 37 | 14 | 23 | * | $2=100$ |
|  | April, 1996 | 57 | 16 | 41 | 40 | 16 | 24 | 0 | $3=100$ |
|  | February, 1996 | 55 | 20 | 35 | 43 | 21 | 22 | 0 | $2=100$ |
|  | January, 1996 | 56 | 13 | 43 | 42 | 15 | 27 | 0 | $2=100$ |
|  | August, 1995 | 49 | 13 | 36 | 49 | 20 | 29 | 0 | $2=100$ |
|  | February, 1995 | 55 | 14 | 41 | 42 | 17 | 25 | 0 | $3=100$ |
|  | December, 1994 | 51 | 17 | 34 | 46 | 22 | 24 | 0 | $3=100$ |
|  | July, 1994 | 58 | 15 | 43 | 41 | 16 | 25 | * | $1=100$ |
|  | May, 1993 | 60 | 18 | 42 | 35 | 12 | 23 | 0 | 5=100 |
|  | July, 1992 | 59 | 17 | 42 | 34 | 9 | 25 | 0 | $7=100$ |
|  | June, 1992 | 46 | 10 | 36 | 47 | 14 | 33 | 1 | $6=100$ |
|  | May, 1992 | 53 | 11 | 42 | 42 | 10 | 32 | * | $5=100$ |
|  | March, 1992 | 53 | 10 | 43 | 40 | 11 | 29 | 1 | $6=100$ |
|  | February, 1992 | 59 | 15 | 44 | 31 | 7 | 24 | 2 | $8=100$ |
|  | January, 1992 | 37 | 9 | 28 | 15 | 4 | 11 | 27 | $21=100$ |
|  | November, 1991 | 30 | 5 | 25 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 39 | $21=100$ |
| c.F1 | John Kerry | 45 | 10 | 35 | 44 | 20 | 24 | 2 | $9=100$ |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 46 | 12 | 34 | 43 | 20 | 23 | 2 | $9=100$ |
|  | Late March, 2005 | 49 | 13 | 36 | 41 | 17 | 24 | 2 | $8=100$ |
|  | Mid-October, 2004 (RVs) | 56 | 21 | 35 | 40 | 16 | 24 | 0 | $3=100$ |
|  | Early October, 2004 (RVs) | 53 | 16 | 37 | 41 | 16 | 25 | * | $6=100$ |
|  | Early September, 2004 | 49 | 17 | 32 | 43 | 19 | 24 | * | $8=100$ |

[^2]
## Q. 28 CONTINUED...

$\left.\begin{array}{lccccccccc}\text { (VOL) } \\ & & & & & & & & \text { (VOL) } & \text { Never } \\ \text { Can't }\end{array}\right)$
$10 \quad$ Mid-October 2004 and earlier trend numbers are based on registered voters.
11 In March 1991 and May 1990 the category was listed: "Richard Cheney."

12 For the CNN/USAToday/Gallup Poll in December 1999, the category was listed: "Arizona Senator John McCain."

| Q. 28 CONTINUED... |  | Favorable |  |  | -----Unfavorable----- |  |  | (VOL) <br> Never <br> Heard of |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| h.F1 |  | Total | Very | Mostly | Total |  | Mostly |  |  |
|  | Bill Frist | 24 | 5 | 19 | 29 | 12 | 17 | 32 | 15=100 |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 21 | 3 | 18 | 26 | 8 | 18 | 35 | $18=100$ |
|  | January, 2003 | 27 | 7 | 20 | 12 | 2 | 10 | 42 | $19=100$ |
| i.F1 | Mark Warner | 21 | 3 | 18 | 16 | 4 | 12 | 43 | $20=100$ |
| ASK FORM 2 ONLY [ $\mathrm{N}=737]$ : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| j.F2 | Hillary Clinton | 54 | 20 | 34 | 42 | 21 | 21 | 1 | $3=100$ |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 56 | 20 | 36 | 38 | 19 | 19 | 1 | $5=100$ |
|  | Late March, 2005 | 57 | 22 | 35 | 36 | 17 | 19 | * | $7=100$ |
|  | December 2002 | 47 | 15 | 32 | 44 | 23 | 21 | 1 | $8=100$ |
|  | July, 2001 | 53 | 20 | 33 | 42 | 23 | 19 | 1 | $4=100$ |
|  | January, 2001 | 60 | 25 | 35 | 35 | 16 | 19 | * | $5=100$ |
|  | May, 2000 | 49 | 15 | 34 | 42 | 22 | 20 | 1 | $8=100$ |
|  | Early December, 1998 | 66 | 32 | 34 | 31 | 15 | 16 | * | $3=100$ |
|  | Early October, 1998 (RVs) | 58 | 24 | 34 | 36 | 18 | 18 | * | $6=100$ |
|  | Early September, 1998 | 64 | 24 | 40 | 31 | 13 | 18 | 0 | $5=100$ |
|  | Late August, 1998 | 63 | 25 | 38 | 34 | 13 | 21 | * | $3=100$ |
|  | March, 1998 | 65 | 26 | 39 | 31 | 14 | 17 | * | $4=100$ |
|  | January, 1997 | 57 | 17 | 40 | 40 | 17 | 23 | * | $3=100$ |
|  | June, 1996 | 53 | 13 | 40 | 43 | 17 | 26 | * | $4=100$ |
|  | April, 1996 | 49 | 12 | 37 | 46 | 19 | 27 | 0 | $5=100$ |
|  | February, 1996 | 42 | 14 | 28 | 54 | 27 | 27 | 0 | $4=100$ |
|  | January, 1996 | 42 | 10 | 32 | 54 | 26 | 28 | 0 | $4=100$ |
|  | October, 1995 | 58 | 14 | 44 | 38 | 14 | 24 | -- | $4=100$ |
|  | August, 1995 | 49 | 16 | 33 | 47 | 22 | 25 | * | $4=100$ |
|  | December, 1994 | 50 | 17 | 33 | 45 | 20 | 25 | 1 | $4=100$ |
|  | July, 1994 | 57 | 19 | 38 | 40 | 18 | 22 | 1 | $2=100$ |
|  | May, 1993 | 60 | 19 | 41 | 29 | 11 | 18 | 1 | $10=100$ |
| k.F2 | Howard Dean | 31 | 5 | 26 | 38 | 15 | 23 | 19 | $12=100$ |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 29 | 4 | 25 | 37 | 15 | 22 | 19 | 15=100 |
|  | Late March, 2005 | 32 | 6 | 26 | 31 | 11 | 20 | 12 | $25=100$ |
|  | January, 2003 | 13 | 2 | 11 | 12 | 3 | 9 | 57 | 18=100 |
| 1.F2 | Joe Biden | 28 | 7 | 21 | 20 | 5 | 15 | 38 | $14=100$ |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 21 | 4 | 17 | 20 | 6 | 14 | 43 | $16=100$ |
|  | September, 1987 | 22 | 4 | 18 | 15 | 4 | 11 | 25 | $38=100$ |
| m.F2 | Donald Rumsfeld | 38 | 10 | 28 | 46 | 21 | 25 | 8 | $8=100$ |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 36 | 8 | 28 | 41 | 18 | 23 | 14 | $9=100$ |
|  | Late March, 2005 | 39 | 10 | 29 | 41 | 18 | 23 | 7 | $13=100$ |
|  | April, 2003 | 61 | 24 | 37 | 19 | 6 | 13 | 9 | $11=100$ |
| n.F2 | Rudy Giuliani | 70 | 26 | 44 | 14 | 4 | 10 | 10 | $6=100$ |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 63 | 22 | 41 | 17 | 6 | 11 | 10 | $10=100$ |
|  | Late March, 2005 | 60 | 20 | 40 | 17 | 5 | 12 | 7 | 16=100 |
|  | May, 2000 | 37 | 9 | 28 | 18 | 6 | 12 | 26 | $19=100$ |
| o.F2 | Tom DeLay | 23 | 5 | 18 | 49 | 25 | 24 | 15 | $13=100$ |
|  | Late October, 2005 | 18 | 2 | 16 | 40 | 20 | 20 | 27 | 15=100 |
| Gallup/CNN/USAToday: April, 2005 |  | 27 | -- | -- | 31 | -- | -- | 26 | 16=100 |


| Q. 28 CONTINUED... |  | -------Favorable------ |  |  | -----Unfavorable----- |  |  | (VOL) <br> Never <br> Heard of | $\begin{gathered} \text { (VOL) } \\ \text { Can't } \\ \text { rate/Ref } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Very | Mostly | Total | Very | Mostly |  |  |
| p.F2 | George Allen | 20 | 4 | 16 | 14 | 4 | 10 | 49 | $17=100$ |
| q.F2 | Russell Feingold | 19 | 4 | 15 | 19 | 7 | 12 | 43 | $19=100$ |

## ASK ALL:

On a different subject...
Q. 29 Looking ahead to the next presidential election, would you like to see a president who offers policies and programs similar to those of the Bush administration, OR would you like to see a president who offers different policies and programs?

|  |  | Early Oct <br> 2005 | ------- Clinton Administration ------- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | June | Feb | Aug | June | Feb |
|  |  | $\underline{2000}$ | $\underline{2000}$ | 1999 | 1999 | 1999 |
| Policies and programs similar to the |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | Bush Administration |  | 25 | 40 | 41 | 43 | 43 | 54 |
| 70 | Different policies and programs |  | 69 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 50 | 41 |
| 7 | Don't know/Refused (VOL) | $\underline{6}$ | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 | $\underline{5}$ |
| 100 |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Q. 30 Now I am going to read you a couple of statements. For each, please tell me if you completely agree with it, mostly agree with it, mostly DISagree with it, or completely DISagree with it. (The first one is...) (INSERT ITEM; ROTATE ITEMS)

Q. 31 Last week, documents were released indicating that President Bush may have authorized his staff to leak pre-war intelligence about Iraq to the press in order to undermine war critics. How much have you heard about this... a lot, a little or nothing at all?

| 32 | A lot |
| :---: | :--- |
| 46 | A little |
| 22 | Nothing at all |
| $\frac{*}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) |

## IF HEARD "A LOT" or "A LITTLE" (1,2 IN Q.31) ASK [N=1229]:

Q. 32 From what you've read and heard about this, do you think President Bush acted improperly, or don't you think so?

57 Yes, acted improperly
34 No, did not act improperly
2 Too early to tell (VOL.)
$\frac{7}{100}$ Don’t know/Refused (VOL.)
100

ASK ALL:
On a different subject...
Q. 33 How concerned are you, if at all, about the influence of lobbyists and special interest groups in Washington these days? [READ]

46 Very concerned
29 Somewhat concerned
13 Not too concerned -OR-
9 Not at all concerned
3 Don't know/Refused (VOL. DO NOT READ) 100
Q. 34 Do you think bribery and corruption in Congress is more common now than it used to be, or no different from the past?

47 More common now
49 No different from the past
4 Don't know/Refused (VOL.)
100

## ASK FORM 1 ONLY [ $\mathrm{N}=764$ ]:

Q.35F1 Congress is considering a law which would place stricter limits on the value of gifts that House and Senate members can accept from lobbyists. Do you favor or oppose this proposal?

|  |  | Sept |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 76 | Favor | $\underline{1995}$ |
| 19 | Oppose | 79 |
| $\frac{6}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | 16 |

## ASK FORM 2 ONLY [ $\mathbf{N}=737$ ]:

Q.36F2 Congress is considering a law which would place stricter limits on the value of gifts that House and Senate members can accept from lobbyists. Do you think a law like this would help to reduce the influence of special interests, or do you think it wouldn't make much difference?

| 45 | Would reduce influence |
| :--- | :--- |
| 52 | Wouldn't make much difference |
| $\frac{3}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) |

ASK ALL:
On a different subject...
Q. 37 Which comes closer to your view about the tax cuts passed under President Bush over the past few years?
[READ IN ORDER]

|  | Dec <br> 25 | Early Sept <br> 2004 <br> 2004 |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: |
| 36 | All of the tax cuts should be made permanent | $\frac{28}{27}$ | 31 |
| 28 | All of the tax cuts should be repealed | 35 | 28 |
| $\frac{11}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL. DO NOT READ) | $\frac{12}{100}$ | $\frac{14}{100}$ |

## NO QUESTIONS 38-44

Turning to the subject of Iraq ...
Q. 45 Do you think the U.S. made the right decision or the wrong decision in using military force against Iraq?

April, 2006
March, 2006
February, 2006
January, 2006
December, 2005
Late October, 2005
Early October, 2005
Mid-September, 2005
July, 2005
June, 2005
February, 2005
January, 2005
December, 2004
November, 2004 (RVs)
Mid-October, 2004
Early October, 2004
Early September, 2004
August, 2004
July, 2004
June, 2004
May, 2004
Late April, 2004
Early April, 2004
Mid-March, 2004
Late February, 2004
Early February, 2004
Mid-January, 2004
Early January, 2004
December, 2003
October, 2003
September, 2003
August, 2003
Early July, 2003
Right
decision

47
45
51
45

## 47

## 48

44
49
49
47

## 47

## 51

49
48
46
50

## 53

53
52
55
51
54

## 57

55
60
56
65
62

## 67

## 60

63
63
67
(VOL.)
Wrong
decision
46
$49 \quad 6=100$
$44 \quad 5=100$
$\begin{array}{ll}47 & 8=100 \\ 48 & 5=100\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}48 & 5=100 \\ 45 & 7=100\end{array}$
$50 \quad 6=100$
$\begin{array}{ll}44 & 7=100 \\ 44 & 7=100\end{array}$
$45 \quad 8=100$
$\begin{array}{ll}47 & 6=100 \\ 44 & 5=100\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}44 & 5=100 \\ 44 & 7=100\end{array}$
$41 \quad 11=100$
$\begin{array}{ll}42 & 12=100 \\ 39 & 11=100\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}39 & 11=100 \\ 39 & 8=100\end{array}$
$41 \quad 6=100$
$43 \quad 5=100$
$38 \quad 7=100$
$\begin{array}{ll}42 & 7=100 \\ 37 & 9=100\end{array}$
$35 \quad 8=100$
$39 \quad 6=100$
$32 \quad 8=100$
$5=100$
$5=100$
$10=100$
$7=100$
$7=100$
6=100
$7=100$
$9=100$

## Q. 45 CONTINUED...

May, 2003
April 10-16, 2003

| Right <br> decision |
| :---: |
| 74 |
| 74 |
| 74 |
| 72 |
| 69 |
| 74 |
| 74 |
| 71 |
| 77 |

$\begin{gathered}\text { (VOL.) } \\ \text { DK/ } \\ \text { Ref }\end{gathered}$
$6=100$
$7=100$
$7=100$
$8=100$
$6=100$
$5=100$
$5=100$
$7=100$
$8=100$
Q. 46 How well is the U.S. military effort in Iraq going? [READ IN ORDER]

|  | Very <br> well | Fairly <br> well | Not too <br> well | Not at all <br> well | DK/ <br> Ref |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April, 2006 | 13 | 34 | 29 | 21 | $3=100$ |
| March, 2006 | 9 | 34 | 30 | 21 | $6=100$ |
| February, 2006 | 13 | 38 | 29 | 17 | $3=100$ |
| January, 2006 | 12 | 39 | 27 | 17 | $5=100$ |
| December, 2005 | 14 | 37 | 29 | 17 | $3=100$ |
| Early October, 2005 | 9 | 35 | 31 | 22 | $3=100$ |
| Mid-September, 2005 | 12 | 41 | 26 | 18 | $3=100$ |
| July, 2005 | 14 | 38 | 27 | 17 | $4=100$ |
| June, 2005 | 9 | 41 | 27 | 19 | $4=100$ |
| February, 2005 | 14 | 40 | 25 | 17 | $4=100$ |
| January, 2005 | 9 | 39 | 29 | 20 | $3=100$ |
| December, 2004 | 10 | 40 | 28 | 18 | $4=100$ |
| Mid-October, 2004 | 13 | 38 | 26 | 17 | $6=100$ |
| Early September, 2004 | 12 | 40 | 26 | 18 | $4=100$ |
| August, 2004 | 12 | 41 | 28 | 16 | $3=100$ |
| July, 2004 | 13 | 42 | 26 | 16 | $3=100$ |
| June, 2004 | 16 | 41 | 25 | 14 | $4=100$ |
| May, 2004 | 10 | 36 | 32 | 19 | $3=100$ |
| Late April, 2004 | 12 | 43 | 26 | 15 | $4=100$ |
| Early April, 2004 | 14 | 43 | 26 | 13 | $4=100$ |
| Mid-March, 2004 | 16 | 45 | 26 | 11 | $2=100$ |
| Early February, 2004 | 17 | 46 | 23 | 11 | $3=100$ |
| Mid-January, 2004 | 22 | 51 | 18 | 6 | $3=100$ |
| Early January, 2004 | 23 | 47 | 18 | 7 | $5=100$ |
| December, 2003 | 28 | 47 | 16 | 6 | $3=100$ |
| October, 2003 | 16 | 44 | 25 | 11 | $4=100$ |
| September, 2003 | 15 | 47 | 26 | 9 | $3=100$ |
| August, 2003 | 19 | 43 | 24 | 11 | $3=100$ |
| Early July, 2003 | 23 | 52 | 16 | 5 | $4=100$ |
| April 10-16, 2003 | 61 | 32 | 3 | 1 | $3=100$ |
| April 8-9, 2003 | 60 | 32 | 3 | 3 | $2=100$ |
| April 2-7, 2003 | 55 | 37 | 3 | 2 | $3=100$ |
| March 25-April 1, 2003 | 39 | 46 | 8 | 2 | $5=100$ |
| March 23-24, 2003 | 45 | 41 | 6 | 2 | $6=100$ |
| March 20-22, 2003 | 65 | 25 | 2 | 1 | $7=100$ |
|  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |

Q. 47 Do you think the U.S. should keep military troops in Iraq until the situation has stabilized, or do you think the U.S. should bring its troops home as soon as possible?

|  | Keep troops <br> in Iraq | Bring troops <br> home | (VOL.) <br> DK/ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April, 2006 | 48 | 48 | $4=100$ |
| March, 2006 | 44 | 50 | $6=100$ |
| February, 2006 | 50 | 46 | $4=100$ |
| January, 2006 | 48 | 48 | $4=100$ |
| December, 2005 | 49 | 46 | $5=100$ |
| Early October, 2005 | 47 | 48 | $5=100$ |
| Mid-September, 2005 | 51 | 45 | $4=100$ |
| July, 2005 | 52 | 43 | $5=100$ |
| June, 2005 | 50 | 46 | $4=100$ |
| February, 2005 | 55 | 42 | $3=100$ |
| January, 2005 | 54 | 41 | $5=100$ |
| December, 2004 | 56 | 40 | $4=100$ |
| Mid-October, 2004 | 57 | 36 | $7=100$ |
| Early September, 2004 | 54 | 40 | $6=100$ |
| August, 2004 | 54 | 42 | $4=100$ |
| July, 2004 | 53 | 43 | $4=100$ |
| June, 2004 | 44 | $5=100$ |  |
| May, 2004 | 51 | 42 | $5=100$ |
| Late April, 2004 | 53 | 40 | $7=100$ |
| Early April, 2004 | 53 | 44 | $6=100$ |
| Early January, 2004 | 50 | 32 | $5=100$ |
| October, 2003 | 63 | 39 | $3=100$ |
| September, 2003 | 58 | 32 | $4=100$ |

## IF "KEEP TROOPS IN IRAQ" (1 IN Q.47)

Q. 48 Do you think more troops are needed in Iraq right now, or do you think there are already enough troops there to do the job?

|  |  | Early | Early |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Oct | July | Jun | Jan | Oct | Sept |
|  |  | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2003}$ |
| 13 | More troops needed | 13 | 16 | 18 | 29 | 32 | 34 |
| 27 | Have enough there to do the job | 26 | 27 | 23 | 26 | 21 | 25 |
| * | Reduce number of troops (VOL.) | 0 | * | * | * | * | * |
| 8 | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | 8 | $\underline{9}$ | 10 | 8 | $\underline{5}$ | $\underline{5}$ |
| 48\% |  | 47\% | 52\% | 51\% | 63\% | 58\% | 64\% |

[^3]
## IF "BRING TROOPS HOME" (2 IN Q.47)

Q. 49 Should the U.S. remove all troops from Iraq immediately, or should the withdrawal of troops be gradual over the next year or two?

|  |  | Jan | Dec |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | Remove all troops immediately | $\underline{2006}$ | $\underline{2005}$ |
| 29 | Gradual withdrawal over the next year or two | 32 | 17 |
| $\frac{1}{48} \%$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{1}$ |

## ASK ALL:

Q. 50 In the long run, do you think the war in Iraq has increased the chances of terrorist attacks in the U.S., lessened the chances, or has it made no difference?

|  |  | Early | Early |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Oct | July | Mid-Oct | Sept | Nov |
|  |  | $\underline{2005}$ | $\frac{2005}{41}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\frac{2004}{3}$ | $\underline{2002}^{14}$ |
| 37 | Increased | 25 | 22 | 32 | 32 | 18 |
| 27 | Lessened | 32 | 30 | 28 | 31 | 30 |
| 33 | No difference | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{7}$ |
| $\frac{3}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Q. 51 Thinking about the people you know, would you say they are becoming LESS emotionally involved in the news from Iraq than they were, MORE emotionally involved, or are the people you know about as involved as they had been?

|  |  | June | Jan | Aug | June | May |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2004}$ |
| 37 | Less emotionally involved | 44 |  | 35 |  | 36 |
| 35 | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | More emotionally involved | 15 | 19 | 19 | 23 | 33 |
| 38 | About as involved as they have been | 36 | 44 | 41 | 37 | 36 |
| 1 | Mixed / Some more, some less (VOL.) | 1 | $*$ | $*$ | 1 | 1 |
| $\frac{3}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{4}$ |
|  |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | to end Saddam Hussein's rule is likely to increase the chances of terrorist attacks in the U.S., lessen the chances, or will it make no difference?"

Q. 52 Some people are comparing Iraq to the war in Vietnam. Do you think Iraq will turn out to be another Vietnam, or do you think the U.S. will accomplish its goals in Iraq? ${ }^{15}$

|  | Mid- | Early | Late |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sept | June | Sept | June | April |
| 41 | Will be another Vietnam | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2004}$ |
| 43 | U.S. will accomplish its goals | 49 | 45 | 29 | 29 | 25 |
| 5 | Too early to tell (VOL.) | 5 | 7 | 54 | 55 | 54 |
| $\frac{11}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | $\underline{8}$ | $\underline{11}$ | $\underline{13}$ | 4 | 6 |
|  |  | 100 | $\underline{12}$ | $\underline{100}$ | $\underline{100}$ | $\underline{15}$ |

Q. 53 Do you think the U.S. should or should not set a timetable for when troops will be withdrawn from Iraq?

|  |  | Mar | Jan | Dec | Early Oct | Mid-Sept | July |  |
| ---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 53 | Should set a timetable | $\underline{2006}$ | $\underline{2006}$ | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2005}$ | $\frac{2005}{49}$ |  |
| 40 | Should not set a timetable | 55 |  | 50 |  | 56 |  | 52 |
| 57 |  | 37 | 45 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Should get out now (VOL.) | 39 | 42 | 38 |  | 43 |  | 37 |
| $\frac{5}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | $\underline{5}$ | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | $*$ |  |
|  |  | $\underline{6}$ | $\underline{6}$ | $\underline{5}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{5}$ | $\underline{6}$ |  |

## NO QUESTIONS 54-55

Q. 56 As I read a few specific things about Iraq, tell me if you think we are making progress or losing ground in each area. First, [INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE OBSERVE FORM SPLITS]?

| A |  | Making progress | Losing ground | (VOL) No change | $\begin{gathered} \text { (VOL.) } \\ \text { DK/ } \\ \underline{\text { Ref }} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| a.F1 | Training Iraqi security forces so they |  |  |  |  |
|  | can replace U.S. troops | 55 | 30 | 1 | $14=100$ |
|  | March, 2006 | 56 | 30 | 1 | $13=100$ |
|  | January, 2006 | 65 | 22 | 1 | $12=100$ |
|  | December, 2005 | 61 | 27 | 1 | $11=100$ |
| b.F1 | Reducing the number of civilian casualties there | 28 | 56 | 3 | $13=100$ |
|  | March, 2006 | 27 | 56 | 3 | $14=100$ |
|  | January, 2006 | 32 | 54 | 3 | $11=100$ |
|  | December, 2005 | 35 | 53 | 3 | $9=100$ |
| c.F1 | Preventing terrorists from using Iraq as a base for attacks against the U.S. and its allies | 44 | 43 | 3 | $10=100$ |
|  | March, 2006 | 42 | 44 | 2 | $12=100$ |
|  | January, 2006 | 52 | 33 | 2 | $13=100$ |
|  | December, 2005 | 48 | 41 | 2 | $9=100$ |

Q. 56 CONTINUED...


## ASK ALL:

Q. 57 Since the start of military action in Iraq, about how many U.S. soldiers have been killed? To the best of your knowledge, have there been around 500, around 1,500, around 2,500, or around 3,500 military deaths in Iraq?

TREND FOR COMPARISON (Correct answers in bold)

|  |  | Oct |  | June | April |  |
| ---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $\underline{2005}$ |  | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2004}^{16}$ |  |
| 4 | Around 500 | Around 500 | 4 | 28 | Under 500 |  |
| 16 | Around 1,500 | 23 | Around 1,000 | 13 | 55 | 500 to 1,000 |
| $\mathbf{5 3}$ | Around 2,500 \{correct\} | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | Around 2,000 | $\mathbf{5 4}$ | 6 | 1,000 to 2,000 |
| 19 | Around 3,500 | 19 | Around 3,000 | 24 | 4 | More than 2,000 |
| 1 | Other (VOL.) | 1 | Other (VOL.) | -- | -- | Other (VOL.) |
| $\frac{7}{100}$ | DK/Ref (VOL.) | $\underline{4}$ | DK/Ref (VOL.) | $\underline{5}$ | $\underline{7}$ | DK/Ref (VOL.) |

Q. 58 Do you think the people of Iraq will be better off or worse off in the long run than they were now that Saddam Hussein has been removed from power by the US and its allies?

|  |  | Feb | May | March |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\frac{2004}{84}$ | $\frac{2003}{87}$ | $\frac{2003}{79}$ |
| 78 | Better off | 9 | 6 | 8 |
| 13 | Worse off | $\underline{9}$ | $\underline{7}$ | $\underline{13}$ |
| $\frac{9}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | $\underline{7} 0$ | 100 | 100 |

## ASK ALL:

PARTY In politics TODAY, do you consider yourself a Republican, Democrat, or Independent?

April, 2006
March, 2006
February, 2006
January, 2006
December, 2005
Late November, 2005
Early November, 2005
Late October, 2005
Early October, 2005
September 8-11, 2005
September 6-7, 2005
July, 2005
June, 2005
Mid-May, 2005
Late March, 2005

|  | Democrat | Independent | (VOL) (VOL) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | No | Other | Don't |
| Republican |  |  | Preference | Party | know |
| 29 | 32 | 33 | 3 | * | 3=100 |
| 28 | 34 | 30 | 4 | * | 4=100 |
| 30 | 33 | 31 | 3 | * | $3=100$ |
| 28 | 32 | 32 | 5 | * | $3=100$ |
| 29 | 34 | 31 | 4 | * | 2=100 |
| 27 | 34 | 29 | 5 | 1 | $4=100$ |
| 28 | 34 | 31 | 5 | * | $2=100$ |
| 29 | 33 | 31 | 5 | * | 2=100 |
| 26 | 34 | 34 | + | * | $2=100$ |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 3 | * | $1=100$ |
| 27 | 33 | 33 | 4 | * | 3=100 |
| 31 | 34 | 29 | 4 | * | $2=100$ |
| 30 | 32 | 32 | 4 | * | $2=100$ |
| 30 | 34 | 29 | 4 | * | 3=100 |
| 29 | 32 | 36 | 2 | * | $1=100$ |

Yearly Totals
2005
2004
2003
2002
2001
2001 Post-Sept 11
2001 Pre-Sept 11
2000
1999
1998
1997

1996
1995
1994
1993
1992
1991
1990

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 30 | 33 |
| 30 | 33 |
| 30 | 31 |
| 30 | 31 |
| 29 | 34 |
| 31 | 32 |
| 28 | 35 |
| 28 | 33 |
| 27 | 33 |
| 28 | 33 |
| 28 | 33 |


| 31 | 4 | $*$ | $2=100$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 30 | 4 | $*$ | $3=100$ |
| 31 | 5 | $*$ | $3=100$ |
| 30 | 5 | 1 | $3=100$ |
| 29 | 5 | $*$ | $3=100$ |
| 28 | 5 | 1 | $3=100$ |
| 30 | 5 | $*$ | $2=100$ |
| 29 | 6 | $*$ | $4=100$ |
| 34 | 4 | $*$ | $2=100$ |
| 32 | 5 | $*$ | $2=100$ |
| 32 | 4 | 1 | $2=100$ |

## PARTY CONTINUED...

|  | Rep | $\frac{\text { Dem }}{\text { Independent/ }}$ | No Pref/Oth/DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1989 | 33 | 33 | $34=100$ |
| 1987 | 26 | 35 | $39=100$ |

## IF ANSWERED 3, 4, 5 OR 9 IN PARTY, ASK:

PARTYLN As of today do you lean more to the Republican Party or more to the Democratic Party?

| Refused |
| :---: |
| to lean |
| $10=39 \%$ |

$13=38 \%$
$10=37 \%$
$14=40 \%$
$11=37 \%$
$17=39 \%$
$13=38 \%$
$12=38 \%$
$11=40 \%$
$9=37 \%$
$15=40 \%$
$11=35 \%$
$12=38 \%$
$14=36 \%$
$9=39 \%$
$9=35 \%$
$14=42 \%$
$13=38 \%$
$15=39 \%$
$16=45 \%$
$12=42 \%$

## ASK REPUBLICANS AND REPUBLICAN LEANERS ONLY (PARTY=1 OR PARTYLN=1):

Q. 59 How good a job is the Republican Party doing these days in standing up for its traditional positions on such things as reducing the size of government, cutting taxes and promoting conservative social values - would you say the Party is doing an excellent job, a good job, only a fair job or a poor job?

## BASED ON REPUBLICANS/REPUBLICAN LEANERS [N=646]:

| (RVs) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Mid- <br> Sept | Late <br> March | July | Aug | May | May | Sept |
|  |  | $\frac{2005}{4}$ | $\frac{2005}{8}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\frac{2001}{12}$ | $\frac{2000}{6}$ |
| 6 | Excellent | 44 | 43 | 49 | 51 | 49 | 50 | 43 |
| 41 | Good | 41 | 36 | 33 | 37 | 38 | 32 | 44 |
| 41 | Only fair | 8 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 10 | Poor | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{1}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{2}$ |
| $\frac{2}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

ASK DEMOCRATS AND DEMOCRATIC LEANERS ONLY (PARTY=2 OR PARTYLN=2):
Q. 60 How good a job is the Democratic Party doing these days in standing up for its traditional positions on such things as protecting the interests of minorities, helping the poor and needy, and representing working people would you say the Party is doing an excellent job, a good job, only a fair job or a poor job?

## BASED ON DEMOCRATS/DEMOCRATIC LEANERS [N=720]:

|  | Mid- | Late |  |  |  | $(R V s)$ |  |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sept | March | July | Aug | May | May | Sept |  |
|  |  | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2005}$ | $\underline{2004}$ | $\underline{2003}$ | $\underline{2002}$ | $\frac{2001}{8}$ | $\frac{2000}{11}$ |  |
| 5 | Excellent | 32 | 30 | 43 | 33 | 39 | 39 | 52 |  |
| 45 | Good | Only fair | 49 | 51 | 40 | 51 | 43 | 40 | 32 |
| 11 | Poor | 14 | 14 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 7 | 4 |  |
| $\frac{1}{100}$ | Don't know/Refused (VOL) | $\underline{\underline{2}}$ | $\underline{\underline{3}}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{3}$ | $\underline{6}$ | $\underline{1}$ |  |
|  |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |  |


[^0]:    November 1996 trend based on likely voters.

[^1]:    6
    In January 1984, the $A B C /$ Washington Post trend was worded: "Can you please tell me if you tend to agree or disagree with the following statement, of if, perhaps, you have no opinion about the statement: We should have a third major political party in this country in addition to the Democrats and Republicans."
    In September 1982, the ABC/Washington Post trend was worded: "I’m going to read a few statements. For each, can you please tell me if you tend to agree or disagree with it, or if, perhaps, you have no opinion about the statements... We should have a third party in this country in addition to the Democrats and Republicans."

[^2]:    9 In March 1999 and November 1997 the category was listed: "Texas Governor George W. Bush."

[^3]:    13
    In June 2004 and earlier, the question was worded: "Do you think the U.S. should keep military troops in Iraq until a stable government is established there, or do you think the U.S. should bring its troops home as soon as possible?"

