

NEWS Release

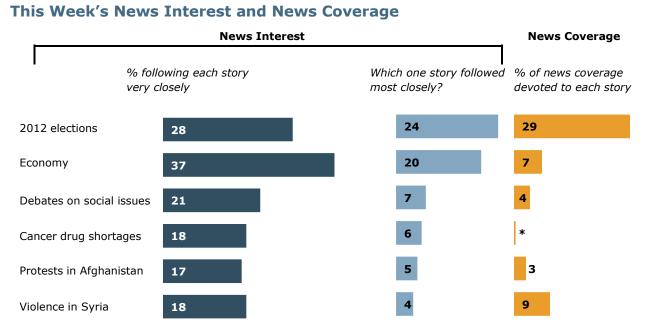
1615 L Street, N.W., Suite 700 Washington, D.C. 20036 Tel (202) 419-4350 Fax (202) 419-4399

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: Tuesday, February 28, 2012 FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: Andrew Kohut, Director Michael Remez, Senior Writer

Elections, Economy Top Public's News Interest

Americans continued to focus most closely on two interrelated news stories last week: the 2012 elections and the condition of the U.S. economy.

About a quarter of the public (24%) says news about candidates for the 2012 presidential elections was their top story. About as many (20%) say they followed news about the economy most closely, according to the latest weekly News Interest Index survey, conducted Feb. 23-26 among 1,005 adults by the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press.



News interest shows the percentage of people who say they followed each story very closely and which one story they followed most closely, Pew Research Center for the People and the Press, February 23-26, 2012. News coverage shows the percentage of news coverage devoted to each story, Pew Research Center's Project for Excellence in Journalism, February 20-26, 2012.

The economy dominated coverage, accounting for 29% of the newshole, according to a separate analysis by the Pew Research Center's Project for Excellence in Journalism (PEJ). News about Syria ranked second, accounting for 9% of coverage. Few (4%) say this was the news they followed most closely.

Nearly four-in-ten (37%) say they followed news about the economy very closely, a level of interest that has fluctuated only slightly in recent weeks. About three-in-ten (28%) say they followed news about the candidates very closely.

Just 7% say they most closely followed the recent debates about social issues such as gay marriage and contraception; 21% say they followed these debates very closely. Roughly equal percentages of Republicans (21%), Democrats (24%) and independents (21%) say they followed news about these issues very closely. News about recent debates over gay marriage, contraception and abortion accounted for 4% of the newshole last week.

Another 6% say their top story was news about shortages of drugs to treat cancer and other illnesses; 18% say they followed this news very closely. This news accounted for less than 1% of coverage.

Just 5% say their top story was the violence that erupted in Afghanistan after copies of the Koran were burned at a NATO air base. Nearly two-in-ten (17%) say they followed this news very closely. News about Afghanistan made up 3% of coverage.

News about the violence in Syria continued to attract modest interest with 4% saying this was the news they followed most closely. Nearly two-in-ten (18%) say they followed news about this situation very closely.

These findings are based on the most recent installment of the weekly News Interest Index, an ongoing project of the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press. The index, building on the Center's longstanding research into public attentiveness to major news stories, examines news interest as it relates to the news media's coverage. The weekly survey is conducted in conjunction with The Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, which monitors the news reported by major newspaper, television, radio and online news outlets on an ongoing basis. In the most recent week, data relating to news coverage were collected Feb. 20-26, and survey data measuring public interest in the top news stories of the week were collected Feb. 23-26, 2012 from a nationally representative sample of 1,005 adults.

About the News Interest Index

The *News Interest Index* is a weekly survey conducted by the Pew Research Center for the People & the Press aimed at gauging the public's interest in and reaction to major news events. This project has been undertaken in conjunction with the Project for Excellence in Journalism's *News Coverage Index*, an ongoing content analysis of the news. The News Coverage Index catalogues the news from top news organizations across five major sectors of the media: newspapers, network television, cable television, radio and the internet. Each week (from Monday through Sunday) PEJ compiles this data to identify the top stories for the week. (For more information about the Project for Excellence in Journalism's News Coverage Index, go to www.journalism.org.) The News Interest Index survey collects data from Thursday through Sunday to gauge public interest in the most covered stories of the week.

Results for this survey are based on telephone interviews conducted February 23-26, 2012, among a national sample of 1,005 adults 18 years of age or older living in the continental United States (602 respondents were interviewed on a landline telephone, and 403 were interviewed on a cell phone, including 201 who had no landline telephone). The survey was conducted by interviewers at Princeton Data Source under the direction of Princeton Survey Research Associates International. A combination of landline and cell phone random digit dial samples were used; both samples were provided by Survey Sampling International. Interviews were conducted in English. Respondents in the landline sample were selected by randomly asking for the youngest adult male or female who is now at home. Interviews in the cell sample were conducted with the person who answered the phone, if that person was an adult 18 years of age or older.

The combined landline and cell phone sample are weighted using an iterative technique that matches gender, age, education, race, Hispanic origin and region to parameters from the March 2011 Census Bureau's Current Population Survey and population density to parameters from the Decennial Census. The sample is also weighted to match current patterns of telephone status based on extrapolations from the 2011 National Health Interview Survey. The weighting procedure also accounts for the fact that respondents with both landline and cell phones have a greater probability of being included in the combined sample and adjusts for household size within the landline sample. Sampling errors and statistical tests of significance take into account the effect of weighting. The following table shows the sample sizes and the error attributable to sampling that would be expected at the 95% level of confidence for different groups in the survey:

Group	Sample Size	Plus or minus
Total sample	1,005	4.0 percentage points
Republicans	270	7.0 percentage points
Democrats	294	7.0 percentage points
Independents	347	6.5 percentage points

Sample sizes and sampling errors for other subgroups are available upon request.

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.

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PEW RESEARCH CENTER FEBRUARY 23-26, 2012 NEWS INTEREST INDEX FINAL TOPLINE N=1,005

ASK ALL:

PEW.1 As I read a list of some stories covered by news organizations this past week, please tell me if you happened to follow each news story very closely, fairly closely, not too closely, or not at all closely. First, [INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE;] [IF NECESSARY "Did you follow [ITEM] very closely, fairly closely, not too closely or not at all closely?"]

		Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly closely	Not too closely	Not at all closely	(VOL.) DK/Ref
a.	Reports about the condition of the U.S. economy	·	•	·	•	
	February 23-26, 2012	37	33	14	15	1
	February 16-20, 2012	33	32	16	17	1
	February 9-12, 2012	42	30	14	13	1
	February 2-5, 2012	38	32	16	13	1
	January 26-29, 2012	35	31	16	19	*
	January 19-22, 2012	35	30	16	19	1
	January 12-15, 2012	33	32	14	20	1
	January 5-8, 2012	39	31	15	15	*
	December 15-18, 2011	36	32	14	16	1
	December 8-11, 2011	41	29	13	16	1
	December 1-4, 2011	40	33	13	13	1
	November 17-20, 2011	35	33	16	15	1
	November 10-13, 2011	39	31	15	14	*
	November 3-6, 2011	37	31	15	17	1
	October 27-30, 2011	38	33	14	15	1
	October 20-23, 2011	38	32	14	16	1
	October 13-16, 2011	39	32	14	14	*
	October 6-9, 2011	43	28	14	14	1
	September 29-October 2, 2011	46	26	14	14	*
	September 22-25, 2011	44	33	11	11	*
	September 8-11, 2011	40	30	15	14	1
	September 1-4, 2011	44	30	11	15	*
	August 25-28, 2011	44	28	14	13	1
	August 18-21, 2011	44	29	12	14	1
	August 4-7, 2011	46	30	11	13	1 *
	July 28-31, 2011	43	30	13	13	
	July 21-24, 2011	41	32	13	13	1
	July 14-17, 2011	41	30	14	14	1
	July 7-10, 2011 June 30-July 3, 2011	36 38	30 32	15 13	18 16	1 1
	June 23-26, 2011	37	29	15	19	*
	June 16-19, 2011	39	33	14	13	*
	June 9-12, 2011	39	30	15	16	1
	June 2-5, 2011	35	34	17	14	*
	May 19-22, 2011	33	34	17	16	*
	May 12-15, 2011	32	32	17	18	2
	May 5-8, 2011	40	35	15	9	1
	April 21-25, 2011	41	33	12	14	*
	April 14-17, 2011	44	30	14	12	1
	April 7-10, 2011	46	30	14	10	*
	March 31-April 3, 2011	42	31	16	11	0
	March 24-27, 2011	36	32	17	15	*
	March 17-20, 2011	38	32	17	13	*
	March 10-13, 2011	40	30	16	13	*
	March 3-6, 2011	37	31	17	13	1
	February 24-27, 2011	49	29	11	10	*
	February 17-20, 2011	35	33	14	17	*

PEW.1 CONTINUED...

		Very <u>closely</u>	Fairly closely	Not too closely	Not at all closely	(VOL.) DK/Ref
	February 10-13, 2011	36	34	13	16	*
	February 3-6, 2011	35	37	14	14	*
	January 20-23, 2011	37	33	14	15	1
	January 13-16, 2011	37	29	15	18	1
	January 6-9, 2011	39	37	11	12	1
	SEE TRENDS FOR PREVIOUS YEARS: http://	//www.people	-press.org/fil	les/2011/11/	NII-Economy-Ti	ends.pdf
b.	Protests in Afghanistan after NATO personnel					
	burned copies of the Koran					
	February 23-26, 2012	17	22	24	36	1
	TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:					
	April 1-3, 2011: Deadly protests in					
	Afghanistan after a Florida pastor burned a Koran	15	19	29	36	1
	September 9-12, 2010: Controversy over a	13	19	29	30	T
	Florida pastor's plan, later cancelled, to					
	burn copies of the Koran on September					
	11th ¹	33	25	15	25	1
	June, 2005: Newsweek's retraction of a		_5			_
	story about flushing the Koran down a					
	toilet as part of prisoner interrogation	20	29	21	29	1
c.	Shortages of drugs to treat cancer and other					
	conditions					
	February 23-26, 2012	18	20	24	38	1
d.	Political violence in Syria					
u.	February 23-26, 2012	18	24	21	35	1
	February 9-12, 2012	17	23	23	36	*
	January 12-15, 2012	12	17	26	45	1
	TRENDS FOR COMPARISON:			_0		_
	August 4-7, 2011: Political violence					
	following uprisings in Syria	10	19	26	44	1
	May 5-8, 2011	14	27	30	28	1
	June 2-5, 2011: Anti-government protests					
	and violence in some Middle Eastern					
	countries	18	25	25	32	*
	April 28-May 1, 2011	18	29	25	27	1
	February 3-6, 2011: Anti-government					
	protests in Egypt and other Middle Eastern countries	32	35	16	18	*
	January 27-30, 2011	32 17	26	21	35	*
	January 27 30, 2011	1,	20	21	33	
e.	Recent debates over social issues such as gay					
	marriage and contraception					
	February 23-26, 2012	21	24	22	32	1
f.	News about candidates for the 2012					
١.	presidential elections					
	February 23-26, 2012	28	29	18	24	1
	February 16-20, 2012	25	29	19	25	2
	February 9-12, 2012	35	25	18	20	1
	February 2-5, 2012	30	27	20	21	1
	January 26-29, 2012	28	30	21	21	1
	January 19-22, 2012	28	30	17	24	*
	January 12-15, 2012	29	29	18	23	1

On the first night of the field period (September 9) the item was worded: "Plans by a Florida pastor to burn copies of the Koran on September 11th."

PEW.1 CONTINUED...

	Very	Fairly	Not too	Not at all	(VOL.)
January F 9, 2012	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	<u>closely</u>	DK/Ref *
January 5-8, 2012	29 26	30 24	16 20	25 29	1
December 15-18, 2011	27	27	20 18	29	*
December 1 4 2011	25	28	20	26 26	
December 1-4, 2011	23	31	21	23	1 1
November 3 6 2011	22	31	20	25 26	1
November 3-6, 2011	22	26	21	30	1
October 27-30, 2011	21	28	22	28	1
October 20-23, 2011	26	26 29	22	23	1
October 13-16, 2011	25	25	23	23 27	1
October 6-9, 2011	25 27		23 21	25	*
September 29-October 2, 2011	25	26 26	23	25 25	1
September 22-25, 2011 September 15-18, 2011	23	28	23 21	25 27	1
•	22	26	21	31	*
September 8-11, 2011	22	23	22	32	1
September 1-4, 2011 August 25-28, 2011	22	22	22	33	1
	27	26	19	28	1
August 18-21, 2011 August 11-14, 2011	19	24	20	36	1
,	18	24	20	37	1
August 4-7, 2011 July 28-31, 2011	17	27	22	35	1
July 21-24, 2011	17	22	28	32	*
July 14-17, 2011	18	26	26 27	28	1
July 7-10, 2011 July 7-10, 2011	16	23	27	33	1
June 30-July 3, 2011	21	28	24	25	2
June 23-26, 2011	19	26	24	31	*
June 16-19, 2011	23	29	23	25	*
June 9-12, 2011	18	30	22	30	1
June 2-5, 2011	21	31	22	26	*
May 26-29, 2011	20	27	24	28	*
May 19-22, 2011	15	27	24	32	1
May 12-15, 2011	15	22	26	35	1
May 5-8, 2011	16	24	27	32	1
April 21-25, 2011	18	26	23	32	1
April 14-17, 2011	20	23	29	27	1
March 24-27, 2011	13	19	26	41	1
March 10-13, 2011	15 15	21	26	38	0
February 10-13, 2011	16	19	24	40	*
February 3-6, 2011	15	20	23	42	*
CEE TREADS FOR PREVIOUS VEARS.	., 13	۷۵ (۵	23	42	

 $\underline{\textbf{SEE TRENDS FOR PREVIOUS YEARS}}: \ \text{http://www.people-press.org/files/2011/11/NII-Election-Trends.pdf}$

ASK ALL:

PEW.2 Which ONE of the stories I just mentioned have you followed most closely, or is there another story you've been following MORE closely? **[DO NOT READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.]**

Feb 23-26 2012	
24	News about candidates for the 2012 presidential elections
20	Reports about the condition of the U.S. economy
7	Recent debates over social issues such as gay marriage and contraception
6	Shortages of drugs to treat cancer and other conditions
5	Protests in Afghanistan after NATO personnel burned copies of the Koran
4	Political violence in Syria
10	Some other story (VOL.)
24	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

PEW.3-PEW.4 AND PEWWP.1 HELD FOR FUTURE RELEASE