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# In Gay Marriage Debate, Both Supporters and Opponents See Legal Recognition as 'Inevitable'

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### In Gay Marriage Debate, Both Supporters and Opponents See Legal Recognition as 'Inevitable'

As support for gay marriage continues to increase, nearly three-quarters of Americans – 72% – say that legal recognition of same-sex marriage is "inevitable." This includes 85% of gay marriage supporters, as well as 59% of its opponents.

The national survey by the Pew Research Center, conducted May 1-5 among 1,504 adults, finds that support for same-sex

marriage continues to grow: For the first time in Pew Research Center polling, just over half (51%) of Americans favor allowing gays and lesbians to marry legally. Yet the issue remains divisive, with 42% saying they oppose legalizing gay marriage. Opposition to gay marriage — and to societal acceptance of homosexuality more generally — is rooted in religious attitudes, such as the belief that engaging in homosexual behavior is a sin.

At the same time, more people today have gay or lesbian acquaintances, which is associated with acceptance of homosexuality and support for gay marriage. Nearly nine-inten Americans (87%) personally know someone who is gay or lesbian (up from 61% in 1993). About half (49%) say a close family member or one of their closest friends is gay or lesbian. About a quarter (23%) say they know a lot of people who are gay or lesbian, and 31% know a gay or lesbian person who is raising children. The link between these experiences and attitudes about homosexuality is strong. For example, roughly two-thirds (68%) of those who know a lot of people who are gay or lesbian favor gay marriage, compared with just 32% of those who don't know anyone.

#### Most See Legal Recognition of Same-Sex Marriage as 'Inevitable'

|  | 2004    | 2013 |
|--|---------|------|
| Percent who say legal<br>recognition of same-sex<br>marriage is inevitable | %       | %    |
|  | 59      | 72   |
| Among those who  |         |      |
| Favor allowing gays to marry leg   | gally   | 85   |
| Oppose allowing gays to marry  | legally | 59   |
| PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 20  | 013.    |      |

### Half Have 'Close' Gay Friends or Family

| Do you personally know anyone who                             | Jun<br>1993 | May<br>2013 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| is gay or lesbian?  | %           | %           |
| Yes   | 61          | 87          |
| No/DK   | <u>38</u>   | <u>13</u>   |
|   | 100         | 100         |
| How many people<br>are gay or lesbian<br>know?                |             |             |
| A lot   |             | 23          |
| Some  |             | 44          |
| Only one or two   |             | 19          |
| None/Don't know   |             | <u>13</u>   |
|   |             | 100         |
| Have close family<br>members or friend<br>are gay or lesbian? |             |             |
| Yes   |             | 49          |
| No/Don't know   |             | <u>51</u>   |
|   |             | 100         |
| Know any gay or le<br>people raising child                    |             |             |
| Yes   |             | 31          |
| No/Don't know   |             | <u>69</u>   |
|   |             | 100         |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER. May 1-5, 2013. Q59-62. Figures may not add to 100% because of rounding. June 1993 survey by NBC News/Wall Street Journal.

Part of this is a matter of who is more likely to have many gay acquaintances: the young, city dwellers, women, and the less religious, for example. But even taking these factors into account, the relationship between personal experiences and acceptance of homosexuality is a strong one.

Yet opposition to gay marriage remains substantial, and religious beliefs are a major factor in opposition. Just under half of Americans (45%) say they think engaging in homosexual behavior is a sin, while an equal number says it is not. Those who believe homosexual behavior is a sin overwhelmingly oppose gay marriage. Similarly, those who say they personally feel there is a lot of conflict between their religious beliefs and homosexuality (35% of the public) are staunchly opposed to same-sex marriage.

The survey finds that as support for same-sex marriage has risen, other attitudes about homosexuality have changed as well. In a 2004 Los Angeles Times poll, most Americans (60%) said they would be upset if they had a child who told them that they were gay or lesbian; 33% said they would be very upset over this. Today, 40% say they would be upset if they learned they had a gay or lesbian child, and just 19% would be very upset.

Favorable opinions of both gay men and lesbians have risen since 2003. Moreover, by nearly two-to-one (60% to 31%), more Americans say that homosexuality should be accepted rather than discouraged by society. A decade ago, opinions about societal acceptance of homosexuality were evenly divided (47% accepted, 45% discouraged).

The religious basis for opposition to homosexuality is seen clearly in the reasons people give for saying it should be discouraged by society. By far the most frequently cited

### **Shift in Public Attitudes Goes Far Beyond Same-Sex Marriage**

| Homosexuality   | 2003 | 2013 | Change |
|---|------|------|--------|
| should be   | %    | %    |        |
| Accepted by society   | 47   | 60   | +13    |
| Discouraged by society  | 45   | 31   | -14    |
| Favorable opinion of  |      |      |        |
| Gay men   | 38   | 54   | +16    |
| Lesbian women   | 39   | 58   | +19    |
| Reaction if your child told you they were gay or lesbian*       |      |      |        |
| Very/Somewhat upset   | 60   | 40   | -20    |
| Very upset  | 33   | 19   | -14    |
| Not upset   | 36   | 55   | +19    |
| Is it a sin to engage in homosexual behavior?                   |      |      |        |
| Is a sin  | 55   | 45   | -10    |
| Is not a sin  | 33   | 45   | +12    |
| Same-sex marriage<br>would go against my<br>religious beliefs** |      |      |        |
| Agree   | 62   | 56   | -6     |
| Disagree  | 33   | 41   | +8     |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q17b, Q56, Q63, Q72, Q59/Q61.

factors -mentioned by roughly half (52%) of those who say homosexuality should be discouraged - are moral objections to homosexuality, that it conflicts with religious

<sup>\*</sup>Trend from March 2004 survey by Los Angeles Times.

<sup>\*\*</sup>From March 2013 Pew Research Center survey.

beliefs, or that it goes against the Bible. No more than about one-in-ten cite any other reasons as to why homosexuality should be discouraged by society.

#### Widespread Belief that Legal Recognition Is 'Inevitable'

Despite the increasing support for legal samesex marriage in recent years, opinions about the issue remain deeply divided by age, partisanship and religious affiliation.

By contrast, large majorities across most demographic groups think that legal recognition of same-sex marriage is inevitable.

Republicans (73%) are as likely as Democrats (72%) or independents (74%) to view legal recognition for gay marriage as inevitable. Just 31% of Republicans favor allowing gays and lesbians to marry legally, compared with majorities of Democrats (59%) and independents (58%).

Similarly, people 65 and older are 30 points more likely to view legal recognition of same-sex marriage as inevitable than to favor it (69% vs. 39%). Among those younger than 30, about as many see legal same-sex marriage as inevitable as support gay marriage (69%, 65%).

Just 22% of white evangelical Protestants favor same-sex marriage, but about three times that percentage (70%) thinks legal recognition for gay marriage is inevitable. Among other religious groups, there are smaller differences in underlying opinions about gay marriage and views of whether it is inevitable.

### Far More See Same-Sex Marriage as Inevitable than Support It

|                   | Favor<br>same-sex<br>marriage | Same-sex<br>marriage is<br>inevitable | Diff |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|
|                   | %                             | %                                     |      |
| Total             | 51                            | 72                                    | +21  |
| Men               | 46                            | 70                                    | +24  |
| Women             | 56                            | 75                                    | +19  |
| White             | 51                            | 77                                    | +26  |
| Black             | 39                            | 69                                    | +30  |
| Hispanic          | 60                            | 62                                    | +2   |
| 18-29             | 65                            | 69                                    | +4   |
| 30-49             | 54                            | 76                                    | +22  |
| 50-64             | 45                            | 74                                    | +29  |
| 65 and older      | 39                            | 69                                    | +30  |
| College grad+     | 62                            | 82                                    | +20  |
| Some college      | 51                            | 78                                    | +27  |
| HS or less        | 43                            | 62                                    | +19  |
| Republican        | 31                            | 73                                    | +42  |
| Democrat          | 59                            | 72                                    | +13  |
| Independent       | 58                            | 74                                    | +16  |
| Protestant        | 37                            | 71                                    | +34  |
| White evangelical | 22                            | 70                                    | +48  |
| White mainline    | 56                            | 79                                    | +23  |
| Catholic          | 61                            | 71                                    | +10  |
| Unaffiliated      | 71                            | 82                                    | +11  |
| Northeast         | 64                            | 77                                    | +13  |
| Midwest           | 50                            | 74                                    | +24  |
| South             | 43                            | 69                                    | +26  |
| West              | 53                            | 73                                    | +20  |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q36a, 38. Whites and blacks include only those who are not Hispanic.

### SECTION 1: SAME-SEX MARRIAGE, CIVIL UNIONS AND INEVITABILITY

Support for same-sex marriage has edged above 50% for the first time in a Pew Research Center survey. Currently, 51% favor gays and lesbians marrying legally, while 42% are opposed. In March, 49% favored same-sex marriage and 44% were opposed.

The long-term trend toward support for gay marriage exists across most segments of the American population, though significant divides persist. People younger than 30 support gay marriage by about two-to-one, while those age 50 and older are divided. There is far more support for gay marriage among college graduates than among those who never attended college. And there continues to be a substantial difference of opinion regionally, with more support in the Northeast than in other regions.

As support for same-sex marriage has increased, so too has the percentage favoring legal agreements for gays and lesbians that would give them many of the same rights as married couples. Currently, 67% favor gays and lesbians being allowed to enter legal agreements that would give them many of the rights of married couples, while just 28% are opposed. Support for legal agreements crossed the 50% threshold in 2005, but a decade ago, opinion was evenly divided (46% favor, 47% oppose).

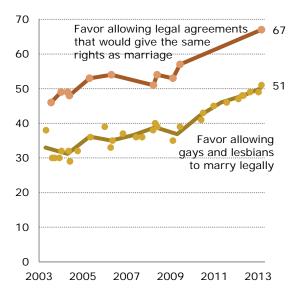
#### Behind the Growing Support for Gay Marriage

See the following resources for detailed investigations on attitudes toward gay marriage

- Click <u>HERE</u> for a detailed look at opinions about same-sex marriage based on combined data from our 2003 and 2013 surveys.
- Click <u>HERE</u> to view an interactive slideshow on how views on this issue have changed since 2001.
- Click <u>HERE</u> to see a state-by-state map of policies toward gay marriage.
- Click <u>HERE</u> for our March report on how both generational change and shifting attitudes are affecting views on the issue.
- Click <u>HERE</u> for our November report on the geographic divide in gay marriage attitudes.
- Click <u>HERE</u> to see attitudes toward homosexuality around the world.

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### **Growing Support for Same-Sex Marriage, Gay Legal Agreements**



PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q36a-b. Trend line for gay marriage shows yearly averages for readability.

Like the rise in support for same-sex marriage, growing support for providing the same legal rights to gay and lesbian couples has occurred among most demographic and partisan groups. But some of the most dramatic increases have occurred among groups in which there continues to be broad opposition to gay marriage, including Republicans, older Americans and white evangelical Protestants.

Currently, 63% of Republicans favor legal agreements for gays and lesbians that would give them many of the rights of married couples, up from just 34% a decade ago. In the current survey, Republicans are nearly as likely as Democrats (68%) to favor legal agreements for gays and lesbians that give them similar rights to married couples. In 2003, there was a 21-point gap in these opinions.

Over the past decade, support for legal agreements for gays and lesbians has about doubled among people 65 and older (from 26% to 57%) and white evangelical Protestants (from 23% to 49%).

And while support for legal agreements continues to be virtually unanimous among all who support same-sex marriage, it has increased by 16 points — from 20% to 36% among those who oppose same-sex marriage.

#### Little Partisan Gap in Views of Legal Agreements for Gays

| % favoring legal<br>agreements for gays &<br>lesbians giving many<br>of same rights as<br>married couples | Oct<br>2003 | May<br>2013 | Diff |
|---|-------------|-------------|------|
|   | %           | %           |      |
| Total   | 46          | 67          | +21  |
| Men   | 40          | 61          | +21  |
| Women   | 51          | 71          | +20  |
| 18-29   | 60          | 73          | +13  |
| 30-49   | 48          | 76          | +28  |
| 50-64   | 45          | 57          | +12  |
| 65 and older  | 26          | 57          | +31  |
| College grad+   | 52          | 78          | +26  |
| Some college  | 53          | 72          | +19  |
| HS or less  | 40          | 55          | +15  |
| Republican  | 34          | 63          | +29  |
| Democrat  | 55          | 68          | +13  |
| Independent   | 54          | 69          | +15  |
| Protestant  | 38          | 58          | +20  |
| White evangelical   | 23          | 49          | +26  |
| White mainline  | 57          | 72          | +15  |
| Catholic  | 50          | 76          | +26  |
| White Catholic  | 49          | 81          | +32  |
| Unaffiliated  |             | 75          |      |
| Favor same-sex marriage   | 97          | 93          | -4   |
| Oppose same-sex marriage  | 20          | 36          | +16  |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q36b. Asked of Form 1 only (n=740). Whites include only those who are not Hispanic. Oct 2003 asked about "gay and lesbian couples." Data for unaffiliated in 2003 not shown because survey used different measure of religious disaffiliation.

Overall, 15% of Americans say they support legal agreements that would give gay and lesbian couples the same rights as married couples, but oppose same-sex marriage. When asked to explain in their own words why they oppose gay marriage, 41% cite moral concerns and religious beliefs as the reason. As one 34-year-old woman put it: "For me, I think it's a religious and moral issue. They shouldn't be discriminated against but it's important to preserve what marriage is morally."

### Why Some Favor Gay Legal Rights, But Oppose Same-Sex Marriage

| Among those who oppose same-sex marriage and favor legal agreements | May 1-5,<br>2013 |
|---|------------------|
| (15% of public), why do you oppose it?                              | %                |
| Morally wrong/Against religious beliefs                             | 41               |
| Marriage only for man and a woman/Needed to procreate               | 37               |
| The term "marriage"/Part of religion                                | 10               |
| It's just wrong/Don't agree with it                                 | 4                |
| Other   | 10               |
| Don't know/Refused  | 8                |
|   |                  |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q37F1. Open-ended responses. Asked of Form 1 only (n=123) Total exceeds 100% because of multiple responses.

In addition, 37% holding these views say that

marriage is only for a man and a woman, or that the main purpose of marriage is procreation. "I am old-fashioned. I believe marriage is between a man and a woman," said a 79-year-old woman. Another 10% emphasize the term "marriage" itself, such as this 64-year-old man: "Marriage is a religious institution that belongs to religion, not the government."

#### Is Gay Marriage 'Inevitable'?

Along with rising support for gay marriage is the increasing sense that the legal recognition of gay marriage is inevitable: 72% of Americans now say this, up from 59% in a 2004 Los Angeles Times survey.

The rising sense of inevitability is most notable among some of the groups that tend to be the least supportive of gay marriage itself. The share of Republicans who see gay marriage as inevitable rose from 47% to 73% over the past nine years. While there was a steep partisan divide in 2004, now there is none: Republicans are just as likely as Democrats (72%) and independents (74%) to see legal recognition of same-sex marriage as inevitable.

Similarly, in 2004 71% of 18-29 year-olds felt that gay marriage was inevitable, compared with 45% of those age 65 and older. Today there is no such divide: 69% of both the youngest and oldest hold this view.

The same pattern holds along religious lines: the share of white evangelical Protestants who see gay marriage as inevitable rose from 49% to 70%, and there is less of a difference across religious lines today than in 2004.

### More See Legal Recognition of Same-Sex Marriage as Inevitable

| % saying legal<br>recognition of<br>same-sex marriage<br>is inevitable | March<br>2004 | May<br>2013 | Diff |
|--|---------------|-------------|------|
|  | %             | %           |      |
| Total  | 59            | 72          | +13  |
| Men  | 63            | 70          | +7   |
| Women  | 54            | 75          | +21  |
| White  | 59            | 77          | +18  |
| Black  |               | 69          |      |
| Hispanic   |               | 62          |      |
| 18-29  | 71            | 69          | -2   |
| 30-49  | 60            | 76          | +16  |
| 50-64  | 54            | 74          | +20  |
| 65 and older   | 45            | 69          | +24  |
| College grad+  | 59            | 82          | +23  |
| Some college   | 60            | 78          | +18  |
| HS or less   | 58            | 62          | +4   |
| Republican   | 47            | 73          | +26  |
| Democrat   | 67            | 72          | +5   |
| Independent  | 61            | 74          | +13  |
| Protestant   | 52            | 71          | +19  |
| White evangelical  | 49            | 70          | +21  |
| White mainline   | 58            | 79          | +21  |
| Catholic   | 66            | 71          | +5   |
| White Catholic   | 66            | 76          | +10  |
| Unaffiliated   | 73            | 82          | +9   |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q38. Whites and blacks include only those who are not Hispanic. March 2004 data from L.A. Times (not sufficient sample size to separately show blacks and Hispanics).

One divide that exists on this opinion is by education. Eight-in-ten adults with at least some college believe same-sex marriage is inevitable, compared to about six-in-ten (62%) of those with no college experience. This gap did not exist in 2004, when about six-in-ten people of all educational levels believed this.

### SECTION 2: VIEWS OF GAY MEN AND LESBIANS, ROOTS OF HOMOSEXUALITY, PERSONAL CONTACT WITH GAYS

Most Americans say they are not personally bothered being around gays and lesbians. Currently, 82% say "it doesn't bother them to be around homosexuals," while 14% say it does. This is only modestly changed from a decade ago, when there was far less acceptance of homosexuality generally. In October 2003, 76% said it did not bother them to be around homosexuals.

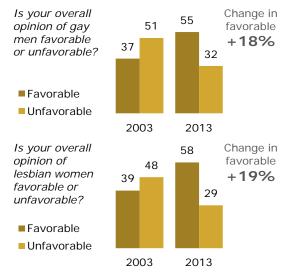
The new survey finds larger changes over the past decade in favorable opinions of gay men and lesbians. Ten years ago, the balance of opinion toward both gay men and lesbians was unfavorable: 37% viewed gay men favorably, while 51% viewed them

unfavorably; 39% had a favorable impression of lesbian women while 48% had an unfavorable opinion.

Today, by a 55% to 32% margin, more have a favorable than unfavorable opinion of gay men. And about twice as many view lesbian women favorably (58%) than unfavorably (29%).

As with many attitudes about homosexuality, opinions about gay men and lesbians have become more positive across nearly all demographic and partisan categories over the past decade. Yet there continue to be wide differences among these groups in opinions about both gay men and lesbians.

### A Decade of Change in Favorable Views of Gay Men, Lesbians



PEW RESEARCH CENTER. May 1-5, 2013. Q56.

More than eight-in-ten liberal Democrats view gay men (85%) and lesbian women (84%) favorably. Opinions are nearly as favorable among white women college graduates (81% favorable view of gay men,

80% favorable view of lesbians).

By contrast, just 36% of white evangelical Protestants have a favorable opinion of gay men, while 50% have an unfavorable view. White evangelicals express mixed views of lesbian women (39% favorable, 46% unfavorable).

Among African Americans, about as many have favorable views as unfavorable opinions of both gay men (42% favorable, 50% unfavorable) and lesbians (50% favorable, 45% unfavorable).

### Large Majorities of Liberals, White Female College Grads View Gays, Lesbians Favorably

|                                     | Gay men |       | Les | bians |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-------|-----|-------|
|                                     | Fav     | Unfav | Fav | Unfav |
|                                     | %       | %     | %   | %     |
| Total                               | 55      | 32    | 58  | 29    |
| Groups highly favorable             |         |       |     |       |
| Liberal Democrat                    | 85      | 12    | 84  | 13    |
| White college+ women                | 81      | 11    | 80  | 11    |
| All post-grad                       | 72      | 17    | 74  | 14    |
| Religiously unaffiliated            | 66      | 24    | 73  | 17    |
| White Catholic                      | 66      | 20    | 66  | 22    |
| 18-29                               | 64      | 26    | 70  | 22    |
| Groups w/unfavorable or mixed views |         |       |     |       |
| White evangelical Protestant        | 36      | 50    | 39  | 46    |
| African American                    | 42      | 52    | 50  | 45    |
| Conservative Republican             | 41      | 39    | 42  | 37    |
| All high school or less             | 45      | 42    | 51  | 37    |
| White non-college-grad men          | 41      | 43    | 47  | 37    |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q56. Whites and blacks include only those who are not Hispanic.

And while white women college graduates stand out for their positive views of both groups, white men who have not completed college have mixed impressions of gay men (41% favorable, 43% unfavorable) and lesbian women (47% favorable, 37% unfavorable).

#### Reactions to Learning Your Child Is Gay or Lesbian

In 1985, a Los Angeles Times survey found that 64% of the public said they would be "very upset" if their child told them he or she was gay or lesbian. By 2004, that number had fallen by almost half (33%). Since then, it has declined another 14 points, to 19%.

Instead, a majority (55%) now says they would not be upset if they learned their child was gay or lesbian, a 19-point increase since 2004 and a 46-point increase since the mid-1980s.

Again, this has been an across-the-board shift in attitudes. Yet the change has been more dramatic among some groups than others. In 2004, fully 82% of those 65 and older said they would be upset if their child told them they were gay, and 50% said they'd be very upset. Today, only about half (47%) say they'd be upset and just 24% say they'd be very upset.

### Most Now Say They Would Not Be Upset If They Learned Their Child Was Gay or Lesbian

| Reaction if your child told you he or she was | Dec<br>1985 | June<br>2000 | March<br>2004 | May<br>2013 |
|---|-------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| gay or lesbian                                | %           | %            | %             | %           |
| Very upset                                    | 64          | 36           | 33            | 19          |
| Somewhat upset                                | 25          | 37           | 27            | 21          |
| Not upset                                     | 9           | 23           | 36            | 55          |
| Don't know                                    | <u>3</u>    | <u>4</u>     | <u>4</u>      | <u>5</u>    |
|   | 100         | 100          | 100           | 100         |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May-1-5 2013. Q63. Figures may not add to 100% because of rounding. 1985-2004 from Los Angeles Times.

### Steep Decline in Share of Older Americans Who'd Be Very Upset If Child Was Gay, Lesbian

|   | March 2004 |               |              | May 2013 | 3             |              |
|---|------------|---------------|--------------|----------|---------------|--------------|
| Reaction if your child told you he or she | Upset      | Very<br>upset | Not<br>upset | Upset    | Very<br>upset | Not<br>upset |
| was gay or lesbian                        | %          | %             | %            | %        | %             | %            |
| Total                                     | 61         | 33            | 36           | 40       | 19            | 55           |
| Men                                       | 62         | 35            | 34           | 45       | 19            | 50           |
| Women                                     | 59         | 32            | 38           | 36       | 19            | 60           |
| 18-29                                     | 48         | 30            | 51           | 36       | 18            | 62           |
| 30-49                                     | 57         | 28            | 37           | 34       | 12            | 63           |
| 50-64                                     | 62         | 33            | 35           | 47       | 26            | 46           |
| 65+                                       | 82         | 50            | 14           | 47       | 24            | 47           |
| Republican                                | 78         | 44            | 16           | 55       | 22            | 40           |
| Democrat                                  | 53         | 28            | 44           | 37       | 18            | 60           |
| Independent                               | 53         | 27            | 44           | 34       | 19            | 60           |
| Parent of child under 18                  | 58         | 30            | 38           | 40       | 18            | 57           |
| Not a parent                              | 62         | 35            | 34           | 41       | 20            | 54           |
|   |            |               |              |          |               |              |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q63. 2004 data from Los Angeles Times.

Among Republicans, the percentage saying they'd be very upset if they learned their child was gay or lesbian also has fallen by half – from 44% to 22% – since 2004.

#### Views of Gays, Lesbians Raising Children

In recent years, there has been a decline in the percentage of Americans who think that more gays and lesbians raising children is a bad thing for American society. Currently, 35% view this as a negative trend for society. While that is unchanged from 2011, it represents a 15-point decline since 2007 (from 50%), according to a separate survey, conducted March 21-April 8 among 4,006 adults.

Over this period, the percentage saying more gays and lesbians raising children is a good thing has nearly doubled, from 11% to 21%. About four-in-ten (41%) say more gays and lesbians raising children does not make much difference.

### Fewer Express Negative Views of More Gays Raising Children

| Is each a good/bad<br>thing for American<br>society, or doesn't it | Good<br>thing | Bad<br>thing | Not<br>much<br>diff | DK      |
|--|---------------|--------------|---------------------|---------|
| make much difference?  | %             | %            | %                   | %       |
| More gay and lesbian<br>couples raising<br>children                |               |              |                     |         |
| April 2013   | 21            | 35           | 41                  | 3=100   |
| March 2011   | 14            | 35           | 48                  | 3 = 100 |
| Jan 2010   | 13            | 42           | 40                  | 4 = 100 |
| Feb 2007   | 11            | 50           | 34                  | 5 = 100 |
| More people of<br>different races<br>marrying each other           |               |              |                     |         |
| April 2013   | 37            | 10           | 51                  | 2 = 100 |
| March 2011   | 25            | 9            | 64                  | 2 = 100 |
| Jan 2010   | 24            | 13           | 61                  | 3=100   |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER March 21-April 8, 2013.

The public also takes a more positive view of another social trend — more people of different races marrying each other. Currently, 37% say this is a good thing for American society, up from 25% in 2011 and 24% in 2010. About half (51%) say more interracial marriage does not make much difference, compared with 64% in 2011 and 61% in 2010. About one-in-ten (10%) continue to view this as a negative trend for American society.

#### Divided Opinions over Why People Are Gay, Lesbian

The public has divided views about why people are gay or lesbian: 42% say being gay or lesbian is "just the way some people choose to live," while nearly as many say "people are born gay or lesbian." Just 8% say being gay or lesbian "is a result of a person's upbringing."

A decade ago, in a slightly different version of the question, 30% said that "homosexuality is something that people are born with."

Opinions about why people are gay or lesbian vary widely by race, educational attainment, partisanship and religious affiliation. Fully 66% of African Americans think that being gay or lesbian is just the way some people choose to live, while just 20% say people are born gay or lesbian. Among whites and Hispanics, opinion is more closely divided: 44% of

#### Wide Racial, Education Differences in Opinions About Why People Are Gay or Lesbian

Which comes closer to your view?

|                     | People are<br>born gay<br>or lesbian | Result of person's upbringing | Just the way some choose to live | DK       |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
|                     | %                                    | %                             | %                                | %        |
| Total               | 41                                   | 8                             | 42                               | 9=100    |
| Men                 | 35                                   | 12                            | 43                               | 11=100   |
| Women               | 47                                   | 5                             | 41                               | 7 = 100  |
| White               | 44                                   | 8                             | 39                               | 9=100    |
| Black               | 20                                   | 9                             | 66                               | 6=100    |
| Hispanic            | 48                                   | 8                             | 36                               | 8=100    |
| 18-29               | 38                                   | 13                            | 45                               | 4 = 100  |
| 30-49               | 42                                   | 6                             | 45                               | 7 = 100  |
| 50-64               | 42                                   | 8                             | 40                               | 10=100   |
| 65+                 | 43                                   | 7                             | 35                               | 15=100   |
| Post grad degree    | 58                                   | 5                             | 27                               | 10=100   |
| College degree      | 50                                   | 5                             | 36                               | 9=100    |
| Some college        | 38                                   | 10                            | 43                               | 8=100    |
| High school or less | 35                                   | 9                             | 48                               | 9=100    |
| Republican          | 28                                   | 10                            | 52                               | 10=100   |
| Democrat            | 48                                   | 7                             | 39                               | 7 = 100  |
| Independent         | 45                                   | 8                             | 37                               | 9=100    |
| Protestant          | 29                                   | 9                             | 53                               | 9=100    |
| White evangelical   | 18                                   | 9                             | 62                               | 11 = 100 |
| White mainline      | 52                                   | 7                             | 33                               | 9=100    |
| Catholic            | 54                                   | 8                             | 28                               | 10=100   |
| White Catholic      | 52                                   | 7                             | 28                               | 10=100   |
| Unaffiliated        | 53                                   | 7                             | 34                               | 7 = 100  |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q57. Whites and blacks include only those who are not Hispanic; Hispanics are of any race. Figures may not add to 100% because of rounding.

whites say people are born lesbian or gay while 39% say it is a choice; Hispanics' views are similar (48% born, 36% choice).

Overall, most (58%) who say that homosexuality should be accepted think that people are born gay or lesbian. A majority (63%) of those who say homosexuality should be discouraged think it is just a way some people choose to live.

However, while people under 30 are more likely than those 50 and older to favor societal acceptance of homosexuality, young people are actually

#### Most Who Favor Acceptance of Homosexuality Say It Is Something People are Born With

Which comes closer to your view?

|  | People are<br>born gay<br>or lesbian | Result of person's upbringing | Just the way some choose to live | DK       |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
|  | %                                    | %                             | %                                | %        |
| Total  | 41                                   | 8                             | 42                               | 9=100    |
| Among those who say homosexuality should be by society |                                      |                               |                                  |          |
| Accepted (60%)   | 58                                   | 6                             | 30                               | 6=100    |
| Discouraged (31%)                                      | 13                                   | 13                            | 63                               | 11 = 100 |
|  |                                      |                               |                                  |          |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q57. Whites and blacks include only those who are not Hispanic; Hispanics are of any race. Figures may not add to 100% because of rounding.

more likely than older people to say being gay or lesbian is just the way some people choose to live.

#### Personal Contacts with Gays and Lesbians

An overwhelming percentage of Americans (87%) say they know someone who is gay or lesbian. Twenty years ago, far fewer (61%) say they had a gay or lesbian acquaintance, according to an NBC News/Wall Street Journal survey.

Nearly a quarter (23%) say they personally know "a lot" of gay or lesbian people, while 44% say they know some, and 19% have only one or two gay or lesbian acquaintances. Overall, nearly a third of Americans (31%) say they know no one who is gay or lesbian (12%) or have only one or two gay acquaintances (19%).

About half of Americans (49%) say that a close family member or one of their closest friends is gay or lesbian. And nearly a third (31%) say they know gays or lesbians who are raising children.

While large majorities across virtually all demographic and partisan groups say they know at least someone who is gay or lesbian, there are differences in the number of gay acquaintances that people have.

### Half Have 'Close' Gay Friends or Family

| Do you personally know<br>anyone who is gay or                     | May<br>2013 |
|--|-------------|
| lesbian?   | %           |
| Yes  | 87          |
| No   | 12          |
| Don't know   | <u>1</u>    |
|  | 100         |
| How many people who<br>are gay or lesbian do<br>you know?          |             |
| A lot  | 23          |
| Some   | 44          |
| Only one or two  | 19          |
| None/Don't know  | <u>13</u>   |
|  | 100         |
| Have close family<br>members or friends who<br>are gay or lesbian? |             |
| Yes  | 49          |
| No/Don't know  | <u>51</u>   |
|  | 100         |
| Know any gay or lesbian people raising children?                   |             |
| Yes  | 31          |
| No/Don't know  | <u>69</u>   |
|  | 100         |
| PEW RESEARCH CENTER. May<br>2013. Q59-62. Figures may n            |             |

100% because of rounding.

Adults ages 65 and older are half as likely as those under 30 to know a lot of gays and lesbians (15% vs. 30%). Roughly one-in-five of those 65 and older (21%) say they do not know any at all.

Familiarity with gays and lesbians also differs by religious affiliation. Three-in-ten (30%) of those unaffiliated with a religion say they know a lot of gays and lesbians and just 8% say they know none. Among Catholics, 22% know a lot of gays and lesbians, while 14% of white evangelical Protestants say this.

Democrats (24%) and independents (27%) are about equally likely to know a lot of gays and lesbians, compared to 13% of Republicans. There is also a divide based on community type: People who live in urban areas (29%) are much more likely to know a lot of gays and lesbians than suburbanites (20%) or people in rural areas (17%).

### Gay Contacts Vary by Age, Community Type

| How many gays<br>and lesbians do |       |      | Only |      |
|----------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|
| you know?                        | A lot | Some | 1-2  | None |
|                                  | %     | %    | %    | %    |
| Total                            | 23    | 44   | 19   | 12   |
| Men                              | 20    | 42   | 21   | 15   |
| Women                            | 26    | 46   | 17   | 10   |
| White                            | 20    | 48   | 20   | 11   |
| Black                            | 30    | 35   | 22   | 11   |
| Hispanic                         | 25    | 37   | 13   | 23   |
| 18-29                            | 30    | 43   | 15   | 11   |
| 30-49                            | 24    | 49   | 16   | 11   |
| 50-64                            | 21    | 43   | 24   | 10   |
| 65+                              | 15    | 40   | 21   | 21   |
| Republican                       | 13    | 47   | 27   | 12   |
| Democrat                         | 24    | 43   | 16   | 16   |
| Independent                      | 27    | 45   | 17   | 9    |
| Protestant<br>White              | 19    | 47   | 20   | 13   |
| evangelical                      | 14    | 49   | 22   | 13   |
| White mainline                   | 16    | 52   | 21   | 10   |
| Catholic                         | 22    | 40   | 20   | 16   |
| White Catholic                   | 24    | 43   | 23   | 10   |
| Unaffiliated                     | 30    | 47   | 15   | 8    |
| Urban                            | 29    | 42   | 17   | 10   |
| Suburban                         | 20    | 45   | 21   | 14   |
| Rural                            | 17    | 49   | 17   | 14   |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER. May 1-5, 2013. Q59-60. Whites and blacks include only those who are not Hispanic. Figures read across.

#### **Gay Friends and Support for Same-Sex Marriage**

Fully 68% of those who know a lot of gays and lesbians — and 61% who have close friends or family members who are gay — say they support same-sex marriage.

There is far less support for gay marriage among those with few or no gay contacts and those who do not have close gay friends or family members. Just 37% of those who know only one or two gay people favor gay marriage, as do 32% of those with no gay acquaintances.

People who have more gay contacts and close gay friends are more likely to be women, young, and religiously unaffiliated, groups that tend to be more supportive of same-sex marriage. But even holding demographic factors constant, those who have many gay acquaintances, or close gay friends and family members, are more likely to favor same-sex marriage than those who do not.

### Those Most Familiar with Gays Strongly Back Same-Sex Marriage

| Do you favor or oppose<br>allowing gays and lesbians<br>to marry legally?                     | Favor      | Oppose |
|---|------------|--------|
|   | %          | %      |
| Total   | 51         | 42     |
| How many people who are<br>gay or lesbian do you know?  |            |        |
| A lot* (23%)  | 68         | 24     |
| Some (44%)  | 53         | 40     |
| Only one or two (19%)   | 37         | 58     |
| None/Don't know (13%)   | 32         | 55     |
| Thinking about your close family members and closest friends, are any of them gay or lesbian? |            |        |
| Yes* (49%)  | 61         | 32     |
| No/Don't know (51%)   | 41         | 51     |
| Do you know any gay or lesbian people raising children?                                       |            |        |
| Yes* (31%)  | 66         | 29     |
| No/Don't know (69%)   | 44         | 47     |
| All 3 starred answers (10%)   | 76         | 18     |
| PEW RESEARCH CENTER. May 1-5,   | 2013. Q36a | а.     |

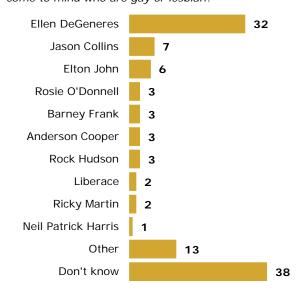
#### Most Visible Gay, Lesbian Public Figure: Ellen DeGeneres

Comedian and talk show host Ellen
DeGeneres is by far the most visible gay or
lesbian public figure. When asked which
public or entertainment figures who are gay
or lesbian first come to mind, 32% cite
DeGeneres. Jason Collins, the professional
basketball player who revealed he was gay
shortly before the survey was conducted, was
named by 7%, while 6% named Elton John.

Overall, 38% of the public could not name any gay or lesbian public figure. This includes 61% of those age 65 and older and 57% those with no more than a high school education.

#### 'Ellen' Is Most Visible Gay or Lesbian Public Figure

What entertainment or public figures, if any, first come to mind who are gay or lesbian?



PEW RESEARCH CENTER. May 1-5, 2013. Q70. Open-ended responses. Total exceeds 100% because of multiple responses.

### SECTION 3: RELIGIOUS BELIEF AND VIEWS OF HOMOSEXUALITY

Religious belief continues to be an important factor in opposition to societal acceptance of homosexuality and same-sex marriage.

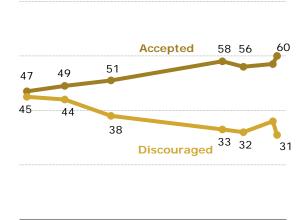
Overall, the share of Americans who say that homosexuality should be accepted by society has increased from 47% to 60% over the past decade, while the percentage saying it should be discouraged has fallen from 45% to 31%.

Yet among those who attend religious services weekly or more, there continues to be slightly more opposition than support for societal acceptance of homosexuality. And when the nearly one-third of Americans who say homosexuality should be discouraged are asked in an open-ended question why they feel this way, by far the most common reason — given by 52% — is that homosexuality conflicts with their religious or moral beliefs.

A 62-year-old man said: "My religious background taught me that this was something that was taboo and not accepted." A 32-year-old woman described her reasons for why homosexuality should be discouraged this way: "It clearly states in the Bible that it goes against God's teachings."

Much smaller percentages cite other reasons, such as concerns that homosexuality is bad for the family or bad for children (mentioned by 13%), that a man and woman are needed to create life, that it's not natural, or "just wrong" (10% each).

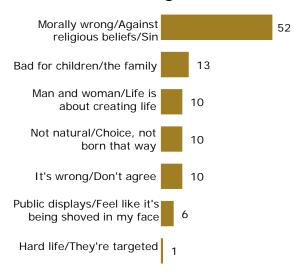
### Should Homosexuality Be Accepted or Discouraged?



03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q17b.

### Why Do You Think Homosexuality Should Be Discouraged?



PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q71. Open-ended question asked of half of those who say homosexuality should be discouraged by society (N=243). Multiple responses accepted.

Across most demographic subgroups, including most religious groups, the percentage saying homosexuality should be accepted has increased over the past decade. Nonetheless, about half (48%) of those who attend religious services weekly or more often say homosexuality should be discouraged. Among less frequent attenders, 71% favor societal acceptance of homosexuality.

White evangelical Protestants, by about two-to-one (59% to 30%), think that homosexuality should be discouraged. Among black Protestants, as well, more say homosexuality should be discouraged (51%) than accepted (39%).

By contrast, wide majorities of Catholics (71%) and white mainline Protestants (65%) say homosexuality should be accepted by society. And those without religious affiliation favor societal

### White Evangelical, Black Protestants Say Homosexuality Should Be Discouraged

|                            | June     | 2003             | May      | Change           |              |
|----------------------------|----------|------------------|----------|------------------|--------------|
| Should<br>homosexuality be | Accepted | Dis-<br>couraged | Accepted | Dis-<br>couraged | in daccepted |
| by society?                | %        | %                | %        | %                |              |
| Total                      | 47       | 45               | 60       | 31               | +13          |
| Protestant                 | 36       | 57               | 47       | 43               | +11          |
| White evangelical          | 22       | 71               | 30       | 59               | +8           |
| White mainline             | 49       | 43               | 65       | 26               | +16          |
| Black Protestant           |          |                  | 39       | 51               |              |
| Catholic                   | 62       | 32               | 71       | 20               | +9           |
| White Catholic             | 65       | 28               | 70       | 22               | +5           |
| Unaffiliated               |          |                  | 79       | 16               |              |
| Attend services            |          |                  |          |                  |              |
| Weekly or more             | 33       | 60               | 41       | 48               | +8           |
| Less than weekly           | 55       | 37               | 71       | 22               | +16          |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q17b. Figures read across. Whites and blacks include only those who are not Hispanic.

acceptance of homosexuality by roughly five-to-one (79% to 16%).

#### Conflict Between Religious Beliefs and Homosexuality

About half of Americans (48%) say there is a conflict between their religious beliefs and homosexuality, with 35% saying there is a lot of conflict. Another 48% see no conflict between their religious beliefs and homosexuality.

Among those who attend religious services weekly or more, 66% say homosexuality conflicts with their religious beliefs, with 50% saying there is a great deal of conflict. Most people (59%) who attend religious services less than once a week see no conflict between their beliefs and homosexuality.

Fully 74% of white evangelical Protestants say there is a conflict between homosexuality and their religious beliefs, as do majorities of white Catholics (62%) and black Protestants (58%).

Among white mainline Protestants, however, 41% say there is a conflict between their religious beliefs and homosexuality, while 55% see no conflict.

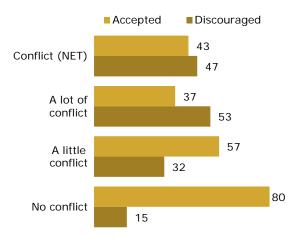
The tension between religious beliefs and homosexuality is closely associated with views about societal acceptance of homosexuality. Among those who see a lot of conflict between their own religious beliefs and homosexuality, a majority (53%) opposes societal acceptance. Those who see a little conflict between religion and homosexuality favor societal acceptance by 57% to 32%. And 80% of those who say there is no conflict between their religious beliefs and homosexuality support societal acceptance.

### About Half Say Religious Beliefs, Homosexuality Conflict

| Conflict between your religious beliefs and | Yes,<br>conflict | A lot | A little | No<br>conflict |
|---|------------------|-------|----------|----------------|
| homosexuality?                              | %                | %     | %        | %              |
| Total                                       | 48               | 35    | 12       | 48             |
| Protestants                                 | 58               | 42    | 16       | 37             |
| White evang.                                | 74               | 54    | 20       | 22             |
| White mainline                              | 41               | 26    | 15       | 55             |
| Black Prot.                                 | 58               | 48    | 11       | 35             |
| Catholic                                    | 54               | 42    | 12       | 43             |
| White Catholic                              | 62               | 48    | 14       | 37             |
| All affiliated                              | 55               | 41    | 14       | 41             |
| Unaffiliated                                | 16               | 10    | 7        | 81             |
| Attend services                             |                  |       |          |                |
| Weekly or more                              | 66               | 50    | 16       | 30             |
| Less than weekly                            | 38               | 27    | 11       | 59             |
| Religion in your li                         | ife is           |       |          |                |
| Very important                              | 59               | 46    | 14       | 37             |
| Less important                              | 32               | 21    | 11       | 65             |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q58. Figures read across. Whites and blacks include only those who are not Hispanic

#### Should Homosexuality Be Accepted or Discouraged by Society?



PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q17b.

#### Fewer See Homosexual Behavior as a Sin

The public is divided over whether engaging in homosexual behavior is a sin: 45% say it is a sin while an identical percentage says it is not. In 2003, a majority (55%) viewed

homosexual behavior as was sinful, while 33% disagreed.

#### Is It a Sin to Engage in Homosexual Behavior?

| Among several religious       |
|-------------------------------|
| groups, there has been        |
| relatively little change in   |
| these opinions over the past  |
| decade. Fully 78% of white    |
| evangelical Protestants view  |
| homosexual behavior as a      |
| sin; 82% said this in 2003.   |
| About as many black           |
| Protestants view              |
| homosexuality as a sin today  |
| (79%) as did so ten years ago |
| (74%).                        |

|                   | Oct . | 2003 | May . | 2013 | Change in 'yes' |
|-------------------|-------|------|-------|------|-----------------|
|                   | Yes   | No   | Yes   | No   |                 |
|                   | %     | %    | %     | %    |                 |
| Total             | 55    | 33   | 45    | 45   | -10             |
| Protestant        | 64    | 25   | 64    | 28   | 0               |
| White evangelical | 82    | 9    | 78    | 14   | -4              |
| White mainline    | 43    | 44   | 38    | 53   | -5              |
| Black Protestant  | 74    | 14   | 79    | 11   | +5              |
| Catholic          | 49    | 37   | 33    | 53   | -16             |
| White Catholic    | 49    | 36   | 35    | 55   | -14             |
| Unaffiliated      |       |      | 18    | 72   |                 |
| Attend services   |       |      |       |      |                 |
| Weekly or more    | 73    | 15   | 67    | 24   | -6              |
| Less than weekly  | 44    | 45   | 34    | 57   | -10             |
|                   |       |      |       |      |                 |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER May 1-5, 2013. Q72. Whites and blacks include only those who are not Hispanic.

#### However, opinions among

Catholics have changed substantially. In 2003, more Catholics said homosexual behavior was a sin than said it was not (49% vs. 37%). Today, a third of Catholics (33%) say it is sin, while 53% disagree.

People who attend religious services weekly or more continue to view homosexual behavior as a sin by a wide margin (67% to 24%). Nearly six-in-ten (57%) of those who attend less often think such behavior is not a sin, while 34% say it is; 10 years ago, opinion was divided (44% sin, 45% not a sin).

Opinions about whether homosexuality is sinful – as well as views about the conflict between religious beliefs and homosexuality – are highly associated with attitudes toward gay marriage.

Nearly three-quarters (74%) of those who say engaging in homosexual behavior is a sin oppose same-sex marriage. An even larger percentage (84%) of those who say it is not sinful favor gay marriage.

The gap in opinions about gay marriage is nearly as wide between those who say there is a lot of conflict between homosexuality and their religious beliefs (67% oppose gay marriage) and those who see no conflict (71% favor gay marriage).

Similarly, those who say religion is very important in their lives are only half as likely to support gay marriage as those who place less importance on religion (36% favor vs. 72% favor).

### Religious Beliefs Strongly Linked with Views of Gay Marriage

Do you favor or oppose allowing gays and lesbians to marry legally?

|   | Favor<br>% | Oppose % |
|---|------------|----------|
| Total   | 51         | 42       |
| Do you think it is a sin, or not, to engage in homosexual behavior?   |            |          |
| Is a sin (45%)  | 21         | 74       |
| Is not a sin (45%)  | 84         | 11       |
| Is there a conflict between your religious beliefs and homosexuality? |            |          |
| Yes, a lot (35%)  | 28         | 67       |
| Yes, a little (12%)   | 43         | 48       |
| No conflict (48%)   | 71         | 21       |
| Importance of religion in your life                                   |            |          |
| Very important (59%)  | 36         | 56       |
| Less important (41%)  | 72         | 21       |
| Religion  |            |          |
| Protestant  | 37         | 56       |
| White evangelical   | 22         | 72       |
| White mainline  | 56         | 36       |
| Black Protestant  | 30         | 61       |
| Catholic  | 61         | 31       |
| White Catholic  | 59         | 34       |
| Unaffiliated  | 71         | 20       |
| Attend services   |            |          |
| Weekly or more (35%)  | 31         | 62       |
| At least a few times a year (35%)                                     | 56         | 37       |
| Seldom/Never (28%)  | 69         | 22       |

PEW RESEARCH CENTER. May 1-5, 2013. Q36a. Whites and blacks include only those who are not Hispanic.

#### **About the Survey**

The analysis in this report is based on telephone interviews conducted May 1-5, 2013 among a national sample of 1,504 adults, 18 years of age or older, living in all 50 U.S. states and the District of Columbia (751 respondents were interviewed on a landline telephone, and 753 were interviewed on a cell phone, including 401 who had no landline telephone). The survey was conducted by interviewers at Princeton Data Source under the direction of Princeton Survey Research Associates International. A combination of landline and cell phone random digit dial samples were used; both samples were provided by Survey Sampling International. Interviews were conducted in English and Spanish. Respondents in the landline sample were selected by randomly asking for the youngest adult male or female who is now at home. Interviews in the cell sample were conducted with the person who answered the phone, if that person was an adult 18 years of age or older. For detailed information about our survey methodology, see <a href="http://people-press.org/methodology/">http://people-press.org/methodology/</a>

The combined landline and cell phone sample are weighted using an iterative technique that matches gender, age, education, race, Hispanic origin and nativity and region to parameters from the 2011 Census Bureau's American Community Survey and population density to parameters from the Decennial Census. The sample also is weighted to match current patterns of telephone status and relative usage of landline and cell phones (for those with both), based on extrapolations from the 2012 National Health Interview Survey. The weighting procedure also accounts for the fact that respondents with both landline and cell phones have a greater probability of being included in the combined sample and adjusts for household size among respondents with a landline phone. Sampling errors and statistical tests of significance take into account the effect of weighting. The following table shows the unweighted sample sizes and the error attributable to sampling that would be expected at the 95% level of confidence for different groups in the survey:

| Group               | Unweighted sample size | Plus or minus         |
|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Total sample        | 1,504                  | 2.9 percentage points |
| Republicans         | 399                    | 5.7 percentage points |
| Democrats           | 489                    | 5.2 percentage points |
| Independents        | 529                    | 5.0 percentage points |
| Favor gay marriage  | 756                    | 4.1 percentage points |
| Oppose gay marriage | 625                    | 4.6 percentage points |

Sample sizes and sampling errors for other subgroups are available upon request.

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.

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#### **SAME-SEX MARRIAGE DETAILED TABLES**

Pew Research Center

Do you strongly favor, favor, oppose, or strongly oppose allowing gays and lesbians to marry legally?

|                     | 2003         |               |        |      | March-May 2013 |               |        |      |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------|--------|------|----------------|---------------|--------|------|
|                     | <u>Favor</u> | <u>Oppose</u> | DK/Ref | 2003 | <u>Favor</u>   | <u>Oppose</u> | DK/Ref | 2013 |
|                     | %            | %             | %      | N    | %              | %             | %      | N    |
| TOTAL               | 32           | 59            | 9      | 3181 | 50             | 43            | 8      | 3005 |
| SEX                 |              |               |        |      |                |               |        |      |
| Men                 | 28           | 63            | 9      | 1543 | 46             | 46            | 8      | 1451 |
| Women               | 36           | 55            | 9      | 1638 | 53             | 39            | 7      | 1554 |
| AGE                 |              |               |        |      |                |               |        |      |
| 18-49               | 40           | 52            | 9      | 1773 | 58             | 35            | 7      | 1283 |
| 50+                 | 22           | 68            | 10     | 1361 | 39             | 52            | 9      | 1673 |
| DETAILED AGE        |              |               |        |      |                |               |        |      |
| 18-29               | 51           | 42            | 7      | 577  | 68             | 28            | 4      | 494  |
| 30-49               | 34           | 57            | 9      | 1196 | 51             | 40            | 9      | 789  |
| 50-64               | 27           | 64            | 9      | 823  | 41             | 51            | 7      | 885  |
| 65+                 | 14           | 75            | 11     | 538  | 36             | 53            | 11     | 788  |
| SEX BY AGE          |              |               |        |      |                |               |        |      |
| Men 18-49           | 35           | 56            | 9      | 891  | 56             | 37            | 7      | 688  |
| Men 50+             | 19           | 72            | 9      | 639  | 32             | 58            | 10     | 742  |
| Women 18-49         | 45           | 47            | 8      | 882  | 61             | 33            | 7      | 595  |
| Women 50+           | 25           | 65            | 10     | 722  | 45             | 47            | 8      | 931  |
| RACE                |              |               |        |      |                |               |        |      |
| White, non-Hispanic | 32           | 59            | 9      | 2483 | 50             | 43            | 6      | 2114 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 28           | 63            | 9      | 277  | 38             | 51            | 10     | 306  |
| Hispanic            |              |               |        | 92   | 54             | 32            | 13     | 320  |
| EDUCATION           |              |               |        |      |                |               |        |      |
| College grad+       | 44           | 48            | 8      | 1137 | 61             | 33            | 6      | 1115 |
| Some college        | 34           | 57            | 9      | 776  | 51             | 43            | 6      | 866  |
| High school or less | 26           | 65            | 9      | 1257 | 41             | 49            | 10     | 999  |
| FAMILY INCOME       |              |               |        |      |                |               |        |      |
| \$75,000+           | 39           | 54            | 7      | 716  | 55             | 37            | 7      | 866  |
| \$30,000-\$74,999   | 33           | 59            | 8      | 1185 | 51             | 44            | 6      | 911  |
| Less than \$30,000  | 31           | 59            | 10     | 849  | 47             | 44            | 10     | 848  |
| DETAILED INCOME     |              |               | _      |      | =-             |               | _      |      |
| \$100,000+          | 40           | 51            | 9      | 386  | 58             | 36            | 7      | 547  |
| \$75,000-\$99,000   | 38           | 57            | 5      | 330  | 52             | 39            | 9      | 319  |
| \$50,000-\$74,990   | 33           | 58            | 9      | 514  | 53             | 44            | 3      | 415  |
| \$30,000-\$49,999   | 34           | 59            | 7      | 671  | 49             | 44            | 7      | 496  |
| Less than \$30,000  | 31           | 59            | 10     | 849  | 47             | 44            | 10     | 848  |
| REGION              | 40           | 40            | 11     | (00  |                | 20            | 7      | F20  |
| Northeast           | 40           | 49            | 11     | 609  | 61             | 32            | 7      | 539  |
| Midwest             | 30           | 59            | 10     | 816  | 49             | 45            | 6      | 675  |
| South               | 25           | 67            | 8      | 1149 | 41             | 49            | 10     | 1076 |
| West                | 40           | 51            | 8      | 607  | 55             | 38            | 8      | 715  |

Data shown represent averages of multiple Pew Research Center surveys that asked about same-sex marriage. This includes three surveys from 2003 and two surveys from 2013, including the most recent May 2013 survey. Whites and blacks are non-Hispanic only; Hispanics are of any race. Hispanic figures are based only on surveys where bilingual interviews were used. Figures are not shown when too few interviews are available.

#### SAME-SEX MARRIAGE DETAILED TABLES (CONT.)

Pew Research Center

Do you strongly favor, favor, oppose, or strongly oppose allowing gays and lesbians to marry legally?

| 2003 March-May 2013        |              |               |        |      |              |               |        |      |
|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------|------|--------------|---------------|--------|------|
|                            | <u>Favor</u> | <u>Oppose</u> | DK/Ref | 2003 | <u>Favor</u> | <u>Oppose</u> | DK/Ref | 2013 |
|                            | %            | %             | %      | N    | %            | %             | %      | N    |
| PARTY ID*                  |              |               |        |      |              |               |        |      |
| Republican                 | 22           | 71            | 7      | 545  | 29           | 65            | 6      | 819  |
| Democrat                   | 43           | 48            | 9      | 527  | 59           | 34            | 7      | 976  |
| Independent                | 40           | 48            | 12     | 529  | 57           | 36            | 7      | 1027 |
| IDEOLOGY                   |              |               |        |      |              |               |        |      |
| Conservative               | 18           | 76            | 6      | 1285 | 30           | 63            | 8      | 1186 |
| Moderate                   | 36           | 55            | 10     | 1126 | 58           | 34            | 8      | 1015 |
| Liberal                    | 57           | 33            | 10     | 621  | 73           | 22            | 5      | 649  |
| PARTY AND IDEOLOGY*        |              |               |        |      |              |               |        |      |
| Conservative Republican    | 15           | 80            | 5      | 367  | 23           | 70            | 6      | 566  |
| Mod/Lib Republican         | 36           | 53            | 11     | 169  | 42           | 52            | 6      | 241  |
| Mod/Cons Democrat          | 37           | 55            | 8      | 340  | 47           | 44            | 8      | 572  |
| Liberal Democrat           | 61           | 29            | 10     | 167  | 79           | 18            | 3      | 367  |
| PARTY AND AGE*             |              |               |        |      |              |               |        |      |
| Republican                 |              |               |        |      |              |               |        |      |
| 18-29                      |              |               |        | 82   |              |               |        | 97   |
| 30-49                      | 25           | 68            | 7      | 225  | 32           | 62            | 6      | 201  |
| 50-64                      | 13           | 79            | 7      | 134  | 25           | 68            | 7      | 254  |
| 65+                        |              |               |        | 95   | 18           | 74            | 9      | 260  |
| Democrat                   |              |               |        |      |              |               |        |      |
| 18-29                      |              |               |        | 94   | 73           | 25            | 2      | 140  |
| 30-49                      | 46           | 44            | 10     | 186  | 61           | 32            | 7      | 261  |
| 50-64                      | 35           | 57            | 8      | 154  | 55           | 37            | 7      | 284  |
| 65+                        |              |               |        | 86   | 47           | 42            | 11     | 285  |
| Independent                |              |               |        |      |              |               |        |      |
| 18-29                      | 46           | 46            | 8      | 122  | 77           | 20            | 4      | 222  |
| 30-49                      | 41           | 44            | 15     | 202  | 57           | 34            | 8      | 279  |
| 50-64                      | 37           | 49            | 13     | 136  | 44           | 49            | 6      | 306  |
| 65+                        |              |               |        | 64   | 43           | 47            | 11     | 201  |
| RELIGIOUS PREFERENCE       |              |               |        |      |              |               |        |      |
| Total Protestants          | 23           | 69            | 8      | 1877 | 37           | 55            | 8      | 1542 |
| White non-Hisp. evang.     | 12           | 83            | 5      | 743  | 23           | 72            | 5      | 610  |
| White non-Hisp. Mainline   | 35           | 53            | 12     | 753  | 55           | 35            | 9      | 494  |
| Black non-Hisp. Protestant | 25           | 68            | 7      | 222  | 32           | 56            | 12     | 233  |
| Total Catholic             | 38           | 51            | 11     | 684  | 54           | 37            | 9      | 650  |
| White non-Hisp. Cath.      | 36           | 54            | 11     | 523  | 53           | 41            | 6      | 433  |
| Hispanic Catholic          |              |               |        | 49   | 55           | 31            | 15     | 160  |
| Jewish                     |              |               |        | 50   |              |               |        | 65   |
| Unaffiliated               | 59           | 31            | 10     | 351  | 74           | 18            | 8      | 520  |
| Grianillateu               | 37           | 31            | 10     | 331  | , -          | 10            | U      | 320  |

<sup>\*</sup> Figures by party affiliation for 2003 are based on two surveys rather than three surveys as shown for other subgroups. The omitted survey asked party affiliation only of registered voters.

#### SAME-SEX MARRIAGE DETAILED TABLES (CONT.)

Pew Research Center
Do you strongly favor, favor, oppose, or strongly oppose allowing gays and lesbians to marry legally?

| Do you strongly lavor, lavor, oppos | se, or stro    | 2003     | anowing ( | gays and |          | rch-May 2 |         |      |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|---------|------|
|                                     | Favor          | Oppose   | DK/Ref    | 2003     | Favor    | Oppose    | DK/Ref  | 2013 |
|                                     | <u>1 a voi</u> | %        | %         | N        | <u> </u> | %         | %       | N    |
| ATTEND RELIGIOUS SERVICES           | ,,             | , 0      | , ,       |          | ,,,      | , ,       | , ,     |      |
| Weekly or more                      | 17             | 76       | 8         | 1315     | 30       | 61        | 8       | 1136 |
| Less than weekly                    | 43             | 47       | 10        | 1837     | 61       | 32        | 7       | 1838 |
| RELIGION BY ATTENDANCE              |                |          |           |          |          |           |         |      |
| White non-Hisp evang. Prot.         |                |          |           |          |          |           |         |      |
| Weekly or more                      | 7              | 90       | 3         | 513      | 16       | 79        | 5       | 378  |
| Less than weekly                    | 21             | 71       | 8         | 228      | 33       | 62        | 5       | 230  |
| White non-Hisp. mainline Prot.      |                |          |           |          |          |           |         |      |
| Weekly or more                      | 22             | 60       | 18        | 203      | 47       | 42        | 11      | 134  |
| Less than weekly                    | 40             | 50       | 10        | 547      | 59       | 33        | 8       | 354  |
| Black non-Hisp. Protestant          |                |          |           |          |          |           |         |      |
| Weekly or more                      | 17             | 80       | 4         | 121      | 22       | 69        | 10      | 125  |
| Less than weekly                    | 34             | 56       | 11        | 101      | 44       | 41        | 14      | 108  |
| White non-Hisp. Catholic            |                |          |           |          |          |           |         |      |
| Weekly or more                      | 23             | 68       | 9         | 243      | 40       | 53        | 7       | 190  |
| Less than weekly                    | 46             | 43       | 12        | 279      | 61       | 34        | 5       | 242  |
| RELIGION AND AGE                    |                |          |           |          |          |           |         |      |
| White non-Hisp. evang. Prot.        |                |          | _         |          |          |           |         |      |
| 18-34                               | 25             | 68       | 7         | 127      |          |           |         | 67   |
| 35-49                               | 13             | 83       | 4         | 216      | 29       | 69        | 3       | 107  |
| 50-64                               | 6              | 91       | 3         | 211      | 21       | 75        | 4       | 211  |
| 65+                                 | 5              | 88       | 6         | 178      | 17       | 73        | 10      | 216  |
| White non-Hisp. mainline Prot.      | 40             | 4.4      | •         | 4.44     |          |           |         | 0.4  |
| 18-34                               | 49             | 41       | 9         | 141      |          |           |         | 81   |
| 35-49                               | 39             | 51       | 10        | 204      |          |           |         | 69   |
| 50-64                               | 36             | 52       | 12        | 231      | 55       | 39        | 6       | 153  |
| 65+                                 | 17             | 67       | 16        | 168      | 42       | 45        | 13      | 185  |
| Catholic                            | 58             | 33       | 9         | 181      | 71       | 22        | 7       | 110  |
| 18-34                               | 38             |          | 9<br>13   | 234      | 55       |           | 7<br>12 | 161  |
| 35-49                               | 38<br>26       | 49<br>60 | 13        | 162      | 55<br>47 | 33<br>44  | 12<br>9 | 206  |
| 50-64                               |                |          |           |          |          |           |         |      |
| 65+                                 | 12             | 82       | 6         | 102      | 43       | 51        | 6       | 162  |
| Unaffiliated                        |                |          |           | =        |          |           | _       |      |
| 18-34                               | 67             | 23       | 10        | 145      | 85       | 10        | 5       | 194  |
| 35-49                               |                |          |           | 98       | 69       | 23        | 8       | 123  |
| 50-64                               |                |          |           | 79       | 60       | 30        | 10      | 125  |
| 65+                                 |                |          |           | 25       |          |           |         | 73   |
|                                     |                |          |           |          |          |           |         |      |

#### SAME-SEX MARRIAGE DETAILED TABLES (CONT.)

Pew Research Center
Do you strongly favor, favor, oppose, or strongly oppose allowing gays and lesbians to marry legally?

| 2003 March-May 2013         |              |        |        |      |       |               |        |      |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|------|-------|---------------|--------|------|
|                             | <u>Favor</u> | Oppose | DK/Ref | 2003 | Favor | <u>Oppose</u> | DK/Ref | 2013 |
|                             | %            | %      | %      | N    | %     | %             | %      | N    |
| AMONG WHITES                |              |        |        |      |       |               |        |      |
| Men                         | 28           | 64     | 9      | 1206 | 46    | 47            | 7      | 1021 |
| Women                       | 36           | 55     | 9      | 1277 | 54    | 40            | 6      | 1093 |
| 18-49                       | 40           | 51     | 9      | 1266 | 61    | 34            | 5      | 754  |
| 18-29                       | 52           | 40     | 8      | 354  | 71    | 26            | 3      | 261  |
| 30-49                       | 35           | 56     | 9      | 912  | 54    | 40            | 6      | 493  |
| 50+                         | 22           | 69     | 10     | 1190 | 41    | 51            | 8      | 1332 |
| 50-64                       | 28           | 62     | 9      | 703  | 43    | 51            | 6      | 676  |
| 65+                         | 13           | 77     | 10     | 487  | 38    | 52            | 10     | 656  |
| College grad+               | 44           | 48     | 8      | 946  | 63    | 31            | 6      | 860  |
| Some college or less        | 27           | 64     | 9      | 1530 | 45    | 48            | 7      | 1246 |
| Male college grad+          | 39           | 53     | 8      | 478  | 58    | 35            | 7      | 440  |
| Female college grad+        | 48           | 42     | 9      | 468  | 68    | 28            | 4      | 420  |
| Male some college or less   | 23           | 68     | 9      | 724  | 41    | 52            | 7      | 577  |
| Female some college or less | 31           | 60     | 9      | 806  | 48    | 45            | 6      | 669  |
| \$75,000+                   | 39           | 54     | 7      | 599  | 55    | 39            | 7      | 700  |
| \$30,000-\$74,999           | 32           | 60     | 8      | 950  | 51    | 43            | 6      | 656  |
| Less than \$30,000          | 31           | 59     | 11     | 592  | 47    | 47            | 6      | 488  |
| Republican*                 | 21           | 72     | 7      | 490  | 28    | 65            | 7      | 718  |
| Democrat*                   | 47           | 42     | 10     | 328  | 70    | 26            | 4      | 554  |
| Independent*                | 41           | 46     | 12     | 404  | 57    | 35            | 7      | 748  |
| Northeast                   | 41           | 47     | 12     | 490  | 63    | 31            | 6      | 385  |
| Midwest                     | 30           | 60     | 10     | 713  | 49    | 45            | 6      | 547  |
| South                       | 24           | 68     | 8      | 861  | 40    | 52            | 8      | 712  |
| West                        | 38           | 54     | 8      | 419  | 58    | 37            | 6      | 470  |
| AMONG BLACKS                |              |        |        |      |       |               |        |      |
| Men                         | 22           | 69     | 9      | 125  | 35    | 57            | 9      | 137  |
| Women                       | 32           | 59     | 9      | 152  | 41    | 47            | 11     | 169  |
| 18-49                       | 30           | 63     | 7      | 197  | 43    | 48            | 9      | 167  |
| 18-29                       |              |        |        | 85   |       |               |        | 76   |
| 30-49                       | 27           | 66     | 7      | 112  |       |               |        | 91   |
| 50+                         |              |        |        | 77   | 30    | 58            | 12     | 137  |
| College grad+               |              |        |        | 63   |       |               |        | 87   |
| Some college or less        | 27           | 64     | 9      | 214  | 37    | 53            | 10     | 217  |
| AMONG HISPANICS             |              |        |        |      |       |               |        |      |
| Men                         |              |        |        | 57   | 50    | 36            | 14     | 152  |
| Women                       |              |        |        | 35   | 58    | 30            | 12     | 168  |
| 18-49                       |              |        |        | 69   | 61    | 26            | 13     | 225  |
| 18-29                       |              |        |        | 30   | 74    | 20            | 7      | 104  |
| 30-49                       |              |        |        | 39   | 51    | 32            | 17     | 121  |
| 50+                         |              |        |        | 20   |       |               |        | 93   |
| College grad+               |              |        |        | 18   |       |               |        | 59   |
| Some college or less        |              |        |        | 74   | 53    | 34            | 13     | 258  |
|                             |              |        |        |      |       |               |        |      |

<sup>\*</sup> Figures by party affiliation for 2003 are based on two surveys rather than three surveys as shown for other subgroups. The omitted survey asked party affiliation only of registered voters.

## PEW RESEARCH CENTER FOR THE PEOPLE & THE PRESS MAY 2013 POLITICAL SURVEY FINAL TOPLINE May 1-5, 2013 N=1,504

QUESTIONS 1-5, 9, 14, 17c PREVIOUSLY RELEASED QUESTION 17a HELD FOR FUTURE RELEASE NO QUESTIONS 6-8, 10-13, 15-16

#### **ASK ALL:**

Q.17 Here are some pairs of statements. Please tell me whether the FIRST statement or the SECOND statement comes closer to your own views — even if neither is exactly right. The first pair is... [READ AND RANDOMIZE PAIRS BUT NOT STATEMENTS WITHIN EACH PAIR]

| b. |                            | Homosexuality should be<br>accepted by society | Homosexuality should be discouraged by society | <b>(VOL.)</b><br>Both/Neither/<br><u>DK/Ref</u> |
|----|----------------------------|--|--|---|
|    | May 1-5, 2013              | 60   | 31   | 8   |
|    | Mar 13-17, 2013            | 57   | 36   | 7   |
|    | Jan 4-8, 2012              | 56   | 32   | 12  |
|    | Feb 22-Mar 14, 2011        | 58   | 33   | 8   |
|    | October, 2006 <sup>1</sup> | 51   | 38   | 11  |
|    | December, 2004             | 49   | 44   | 7   |
|    | June, 2003                 | 47   | 45   | 8   |
|    | September, 2000            | 50   | 41   | 9   |
|    | August, 1999               | 49   | 44   | 7   |
|    | October, 1997              | 46   | 48   | 6   |
|    | June, 1997                 | 45   | 50   | 5   |
|    | October, 1996              | 44   | 49   | 7   |
|    | April, 1996                | 44   | 49   | 7   |
|    | October, 1995              | 45   | 50   | 5   |
|    | April, 1995                | 47   | 48   | 5   |
|    | October, 1994              | 46   | 48   | 6   |
|    | July, 1994                 | 46   | 49   | 5   |

QUESTIONS 17c, 18-20, 25-27, 29-30 PREVIOUSLY RELEASED NO QUESTIONS 21-24, 28, 31-35

In 2006 and before, both answer choices began "Homosexuality is a way of life that should be..."

#### ASK ALL:

Next,

Q.36 Do you strongly favor, favor, oppose or strongly oppose [INSERT ITEM; ASK ITEMS IN ORDER]. And how about [NEXT ITEM]?

a. Allowing gays and lesbians to marry legally?

|                              |              | Favor        |              |              | Oppose        |               |        |  |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------|--|
|                              |              | Strongly     |              |              | (VOL.)        |               |        |  |
|                              | <u>Total</u> | <u>favor</u> | <u>Favor</u> | <u>Total</u> | <u>oppose</u> | <u>Oppose</u> | DK/Ref |  |
| May 1-5, 2013                | 51           | 21           | 30           | 42           | 19            | 22            | 8      |  |
| Mar 13-17, 2013 <sup>2</sup> | 49           | 22           | 27           | 44           | 22            | 21            | 8      |  |
| Oct 24-28, 2012              | 49           | 22           | 27           | 40           | 19            | 21            | 11     |  |
| Jun 28-Jul 9, 2012           | 48           | 23           | 25           | 44           | 24            | 20            | 8      |  |
| Jun 7-17, 2012               | 48           | 23           | 25           | 44           | 23            | 21            | 9      |  |
| Apr 4-15, 2012               | 46           | 22           | 25           | 43           | 22            | 21            | 11     |  |
| Sep 22-Oct 4, 2011           | 46           |              |              | 44           |               |               | 9      |  |
| Feb 22-Mar 1, 2011           | 45           | 20           | 25           | 46           | 25            | 21            | 9      |  |
| Aug 25-Sep 6, 2010           | 43           | 16           | 27           | 47           | 26            | 22            | 10     |  |
| Jul 21-Aug 5, 2010           | 41           | 17           | 24           | 48           | 24            | 24            | 10     |  |
| Aug 11-17, 2009              | 39           | 14           | 25           | 53           | 31            | 22            | 8      |  |
| April 14-21, 2009            | 35           | 14           | 21           | 54           | 31            | 23            | 11     |  |
| August, 2008                 | 39           | 13           | 26           | 52           | 30            | 22            | 9      |  |
| June, 2008                   | 40           | 15           | 25           | 52           | 31            | 21            | 8      |  |
| Late May, 2008               | 38           | 15           | 23           | 49           | 29            | 20            | 13     |  |
| November, 2007               | 36           | 12           | 24           | 54           | 29            | 25            | 10     |  |
| August, 2007                 | 36           | 13           | 23           | 55           | 31            | 24            | 9      |  |
| Early January, 2007          | 37           | 13           | 24           | 55           | 33            | 22            | 8      |  |
| July, 2006                   | 35           | 12           | 23           | 56           | 31            | 25            | 9      |  |
| June, 2006                   | 33           | 13           | 20           | 55           | <i>32</i>     | 23            | 12     |  |
| March, 2006                  | 39           | 10           | 29           | 51           | 28            | 23            | 10     |  |
| July, 2005                   | 36           | 13           | 23           | 53           | 31            | 22            | 11     |  |
| December, 2004               | 32           | 14           | 18           | 61           | 38            | 23            | 7      |  |
| August, 2004                 | 29           | 8            | 21           | 60           | 35            | 25            | 11     |  |
| July, 2004                   | 32           | 10           | 22           | 56           | 33            | 23            | 12     |  |
| Mid-March, 2004              | 32           | 10           | 22           | 59           | 35            | 24            | 9      |  |
| Early February, 2004         | 30           | 9            | 21           | 63           | 42            | 21            | 7      |  |
| November, 2003               | 30           | 10           | 20           | 62           | 41            | 21            | 8      |  |
| October, 2003                | 30           | 9            | 21           | 58           | 33            | <i>25</i>     | 12     |  |
| Mid-July, 2003               | 38           | 10           | 28           | 53           | 30            | 23            | 9      |  |
| March, 2001                  | 35           | 8            | 27           | 57           | 34            | 23            | 8      |  |
| June, 1996                   | 27           | 6            | 21           | 65           | 41            | 24            | 8      |  |

#### **ASK FORM 1 ONLY [N=740]:**

b.F1 Allowing gays and lesbians to enter into legal agreements with each other that would give them many of the same rights as married couples?

|                                 | Favor        |              |              | Oppose       |               |               |        |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------|
|                                 |              | Strongly     | ,            | Strongly     |               |               | (VOL.) |
|                                 | <u>Total</u> | <u>favor</u> | <u>Favor</u> | <u>Total</u> | <u>oppose</u> | <u>Oppose</u> | DK/Ref |
| May 1-5, 2013                   | 67           | 30           | 36           | 28           | 13            | 15            | 5      |
| August 11-17, 2009 <sup>3</sup> | 57           | 22           | 35           | 37           | 21            | 17            | 6      |
| April 14-21, 2009               | 53           | 20           | 33           | 39           | 21            | 18            | 8      |
| August, 2008                    | 54           | 18           | 36           | 40           | 21            | 19            | 6      |
| Late May, 2008                  | 51           | 21           | 30           | 41           | 25            | 16            | 8      |
| July, 2006                      | 54           | 19           | 35           | 42           | 24            | 18            | 4      |

In March 2013, October 2012, June 2012, April 2012, March 2011, September 2010, April 2009, May and June 2008, November 2007, June and July 2006, mid-March through August 2004, and October 2003, the question was not part of a list of items. In June and April 2012, August and April 2009, and June and May 2008, the question read "allowing gay and lesbian couples"; all other instances read "allowing gays and lesbians."

In August 2009 and earlier, the question read "allowing gay and lesbian couples" rather than "allowing gays and lesbians." For all surveys prior to August 2009 (with the exception of August 2008) question was not part of a list.

#### Q.36 CONTINUED...

|                 |              | Favor<br>Strongly |              |              | Oppose<br>Strongly |               |        |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|--------|
|                 |              |                   |              |              |                    |               |        |
|                 | <u>Total</u> | <u>favor</u>      | <u>Favor</u> | <u>Total</u> | <u>oppose</u>      | <u>Oppose</u> | DK/Ref |
| July, 2005      | 53           | 22                | 31           | 40           | 24                 | 16            | 7      |
| August, 2004    | 48           | 15                | 33           | 45           | 24                 | 21            | 7      |
| July, 2004      | 49           | 18                | 31           | 43           | 25                 | 18            | 8      |
| Mid-March, 2004 | 49           | 16                | 33           | 44           | 26                 | 18            | 7      |
| October, 2003   | 46           | 14                | <i>32</i>    | 47           | 27                 | 20            | 8      |

### ASK IF FAVOR LEGAL AGREEMENTS AND OPPOSE SAME-SEX MARRIAGE (Q36a=3,4 AND Q36bF1=1,2) [N=123]:

Q.37F1 Why do you oppose allowing gays and lesbians to marry legally? [OPEN END: ACCEPT UP TO THREE RESPONSES.] [IF RESPONDENT IS UNCLEAR/IF NECESSARY: "You said you favor allowing legal agreements for gay and lesbian couples but that you oppose gay marriage, why is that?"]?

| May 1-5     |   |
|-------------|---|
| <u>2013</u> |   |
| 41          | Morally wrong/Against religious beliefs/A sin/God says (or) Bible says          |
|             | Definition of marriage is only for a man and a woman/God created man and woman/ |
| 37          | Man and woman needed to procreate   |
| 10          | The term "marriage"/Marriage is part of religion                                |
| 4           | It's just wrong/I don't agree with it   |
| 10          | Other   |
| 8           | Don't know/Refused  |

Total exceeds 100% because of multiple responses.

#### ASK ALL:

Q.38 Regardless of your opinion about same-sex marriage, do you think legal recognition of it is inevitable, or not?

|         |                           | LA Times |
|---------|---------------------------|----------|
| May 1-5 |                           | March    |
| 2013    |                           | 2004     |
| 72      | Inevitable                | 59       |
| 21      | Not inevitable            | 31       |
| 7       | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | 10       |

#### NO QUESTIONS 39, 43-45, 54-55 QUESTIONS 40-42, 46-53 PREVIOUSLY RELEASED

#### ASK ALL:

Now thinking generally about homosexuality...

Q.56 Would you say your overall opinion of **[READ AND RANDOMIZE]** is very favorable, mostly favorable, mostly unfavorable or very unfavorable? How about **[NEXT ITEM]**?

|    |               | Very<br>favorable | Mostly<br>favorable | Mostly<br>unfavorable | Very<br>unfavorable | (VOL.)        |
|----|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| a. | Gay men       | <u>lavorable</u>  | <u>ravorable</u>    | <u>uriiavorable</u>   | <u>uniavorable</u>  | <u>DR/Rei</u> |
|    | May 1-5, 2013 | 18                | 36                  | 15                    | 17                  | 13            |
|    | October, 2003 | 8                 | 30                  | 21                    | 29                  | 12            |
| b. | Lesbian women |                   |                     |                       |                     |               |
|    | May 1-5, 2013 | 20                | 38                  | 14                    | 15                  | 13            |
|    | October, 2003 | 9                 | 30                  | 22                    | 26                  | 13            |

#### ASK ALL:

Q.57 Thinking about people who are gay or lesbian. Which comes closer to your view. [READ IN ORDER; IN REVERSE ORDER FOR HALF SAMPLE]

| May 1-5     |   |
|-------------|---|
| <u>2013</u> |   |
| 41          | People are born gay or lesbian  |
| 8           | Being gay or lesbian is a result of a person's upbringing [OR]        |
| 42          | Being gay or lesbian is just the way that some people choose to live? |
| 9           | Don't know/Refused (VOL.)   |

#### TREND FOR COMPARISON:

In your opinion, do you think that homosexuality is [READ IN ORDER]

|  | Jul  | Jul          | Oct  | L.A. Times        |
|--|------|--------------|------|-------------------|
|  | 2012 | <u> 2006</u> | 2003 | <u>Sep 1983</u> 4 |
| Something that people are born with                    | 41   | 36           | 30   | 16                |
| Something that develops because                        |      |              |      |                   |
| of the way people are brought up                       | 13   | 13           | 14   | 25                |
| Or is it just the way that some people prefer to live? | 35   | 38           | 42   | 37                |
| Don't know/Refused (VOL.)                              | 11   | 13           | 14   | 22                |

#### **ASK ALL:**

Q.58 And thinking about your own religious beliefs, do you personally feel that there is a conflict between your religious beliefs and homosexuality, or not? [IF CONFLICT: How much conflict do you think there is, a lot or a little?]

| May 1-5     |                           |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| <u>2013</u> |                           |
| 35          | Yes, a lot of conflict    |
| 12          | Yes, a little conflict    |
| 48          | No, no conflict           |
| 4           | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) |

#### **ASK ALL:**

Q.59 Do you personally know anyone who is gay or lesbian, or not?

#### ASK IF KNOW ANYONE (Q59=1):

Q.60 And about how many people who are gay or lesbian would you say you personally know [READ OPTIONS IN ORDER; REVERSE ORDER FOR HALF SAMPLE]?

| May 1-5 |                           | NBC/WSJ   |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------|
| 2013    |                           | June 1993 |
| 87      | Yes                       | 61        |
| 23      | A lot                     |           |
| 44      | Some [OR]                 |           |
| 19      | Only one or two           |           |
| 1       | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) |           |
| 12      | No/None in Q.60 (VOL.)    | 37        |
| 1       | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | 1         |
|         |                           |           |

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In Sep 1983 the Los Angeles Times question was worded: "In your opinion, what causes homosexuality? Is it ... "

#### ASK ALL:

Q.59 Do you personally know anyone who is gay or lesbian, or not?

#### IF KNOW SOMEONE (Q.59=1):

Q.61 And thinking about your CLOSE family members and closest friends, are any of them gay or lesbian, or not?

| May 1-5 |  |
|---------|--|
| 2013    |  |
| 87      | Yes  |
| 49      | Yes, close family members or closest friends   |
| 37      | No, no close family members or closest friends |
| 2       | Don't know/Refused (VOL.)                      |
| 12      | No   |
| 1       | Don't know/Refused (VOL.)                      |

#### **ASK ALL:**

Q.59 Do you personally know anyone who is gay or lesbian, or not? **IF KNOW SOMEONE (Q.59=1):** 

Q.62 And do you happen to personally know any gay or lesbian people who are raising children, or not?

| May 1-5 |   |
|---------|---|
| 2013    |   |
| 87      | Yes   |
| 31      | Yes, know people who are raising children       |
| 56      | No, do not know people who are raising children |
| 1       | Don't know/Refused (VOL.)                       |
| 12      | No  |
| 1       | Don't know/Refused (VOL.)                       |

#### **ASK FORM 1 ONLY [N=740]:**

Q.63F1 If you had a child who told you he or she was gay or lesbian, what do you think your reaction would be? Would you be upset or not? [IF UPSET: would you be very upset or somewhat upset?]

| May 1-5 |                           | L.A. Times | L.A. Times         | L.A. Times |
|---------|---------------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| 2013    |                           | Mar 2004   | <u>June 2000</u> ⁵ | Dec 1985   |
| 19      | Very upset                | 33         | 36                 | 64         |
| 21      | Somewhat upset            | 27         | 37                 | 25         |
| 55      | Not upset                 | 36         | 23                 | 9          |
| 5       | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | 4          | 4                  | 3          |

#### **NO QUESTIONS 64-68**

#### **ASK ALL:**

Q.69 Would you say [READ AND RANDOMIZE]

| May 1-5 |   | Oct  |
|---------|---|------|
| 2013    |   | 2003 |
| 82      | It doesn't bother you to be around homosexuals [OR] | 76   |
| 14      | It makes you uncomfortable to be around homosexuals | 20   |
| 4       | Don't know/Refused (VOL.)                           | 4    |

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In June 2000 and Dec 1985, the *Los Angeles Times* question was worded: "If you had a child who told you he or she was gay or a lesbian, what do you think your reaction would be? Would you be very upset, somewhat upset, not very upset or not upset at all?" "Not very upset" and "Not upset at all" are merged into "Not upset."

#### ASK FORM 1a ONLY<sup>6</sup> [N=426]:

Q.70F1aWhat entertainment or public figures, if any, first come to mind who are gay or lesbian? **[OPEN END: ACCEPT UP TO THREE RESPONSES]** 

| May 1-5     |                     |
|-------------|---------------------|
| <u>2013</u> |                     |
| 32          | Ellen DeGeneres     |
| 7           | Jason Collins       |
| 6           | Elton John          |
| 3           | Rosie O'Donnell     |
| 3           | Barney Frank        |
| 3           | Anderson Cooper     |
| 3           | Rock Hudson         |
| 2           | Liberace            |
| 2           | Ricky Martin        |
| 1           | Neil Patrick Harris |
| 12          | Other (specific)    |
| 1           | Other (general)     |
| 38          | Don't know/Refused  |

Total exceeds 100% because of multiple responses.

#### ASK IF FORM 2 AND DISCOURAGE HOMOSEXUALITY (FORM=2 AND Q.17b=2) [N=243]:

Q.71F2 Earlier you said that homosexuality should be discouraged by society. What are the main reasons you think this? [OPEN END: ACCEPT UP TO THREE RESPONSES. PROBE ONCE FOR CLARITY IF RESPONSE IS SIMPLY "IT'S WRONG" OR "IT'S BAD" OR "I JUST DON'T AGREE WITH IT" OR SIMILARLY VAGUE ANSWERS]

| May 1-5 |  |
|---------|--|
| 2013    |  |
| 52      | Morally wrong/Against religious beliefs/A sin/The Bible says |
| 13      | Bad for children/the family                                  |
| 10      | Man and woman/Life is about creating life                    |
| 10      | Not natural/Not normal/Choice, not born that way             |
| 10      | It's just wrong/I just don't agree with it                   |
| 6       | Public displays/Feel like being shoved in face               |
| 1       | Hard life/They are targeted                                  |
| 9       | Other  |
| 5       | Not sure/Don't know  |

Total exceeds 100% because of multiple responses.

#### **ASK ALL:**

Q.72 Do you think it is a sin, or not, to engage in homosexual behavior?

| May 1-5 |                           | Oct  | L.A. Times      |
|---------|---------------------------|------|-----------------|
| 2013    |                           | 2003 | <u>Aug 1987</u> |
| 45      | Is a sin                  | 55   | 69              |
| 45      | Is not a sin              | 33   | 21              |
| 10      | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) | 12   | 10              |

#### NO QUESTIONS 73-74

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Also asked of Form 1b on Wednesday, May 1, and some interviews on Thursday, May 2. These responses are included here

#### **ASK ALL:**

Q.75 How important is religion in your life – very important, somewhat important, not too important, or not at all important?

| May 1-5 |                           |
|---------|---------------------------|
| 2013    |                           |
| 59      | Very important            |
| 22      | Somewhat important        |
| 11      | Not too important         |
| 8       | Not at all important      |
| 1       | Don't know/Refused (VOL.) |

#### ASK ALL:

PARTY In politics TODAY, do you consider yourself a Republican, Democrat, or independent? **ASK IF INDEP/NO PREF/OTHER/DK/REF (PARTY=3,4,5,9):**PARTYLN As of today do you lean more to the Republican Party or more to the Democratic Party?

|                    |                   |                 |             | (VOL.)            | (VOL.)       |        |            |            |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|--------|------------|------------|
|                    |                   |                 |             | No                | Other        | (VOL.) | Lean       | Lean       |
|                    | <u>Republican</u> | <u>Democrat</u> | Independent | <u>preference</u> | <u>party</u> | DK/Ref | <u>Rep</u> | <u>Dem</u> |
| May 1-5, 2013      | 25                | 32              | 37          | 2                 | 1            | 3      | 14         | 16         |
| Mar 13-17, 2013    | 26                | 33              | 34          | 3                 | 1            | 3      | 14         | 15         |
| Feb.13-18, 2013    | 22                | 32              | 41          | 2                 | *            | 2      | 15         | 19         |
| Jan 9-13, 2013     | 25                | 32              | 38          | 2                 | *            | 2      | 15         | 16         |
| Dec 17-19, 2012    | 21                | 32              | 38          | 4                 | *            | 4      | 15         | 14         |
| Dec 5-9, 2012      | 23                | 33              | 38          | 3                 | 1            | 2      | 14         | 19         |
| Oct 31-Nov 3, 2012 |                   | 34              | 34          | 3                 | 1            | 3      | 13         | 16         |
| Oct 24-28, 2012    | 28                | 33              | 33          | 4                 | *            | 2      | 12         | 16         |
| Oct 4-7, 2012      | 27                | 31              | 36          | 3                 | 1            | 3      | 15         | 15         |
| Sep 12-16, 2012    | 24                | 35              | 36          | 2                 | *            | 2      | 14         | 16         |
| Jul 16-26, 2012    | 22                | 33              | 38          | 4                 | *            | 3      | 14         | 15         |
| Jun 28-Jul 9, 2012 | 24                | 33              | 37          | 3                 | *            | 3      | 15         | 17         |
| Jun 7-17, 2012     | 24                | 33              | 39          | 2                 | *            | 2      | 17         | 17         |
| May 9-Jun 3, 2012  | 24                | 32              | 36          | 4                 | *            | 4      | 13         | 14         |
| Apr 4-15, 2012     | 24                | 31              | 39          | 3                 | *            | 2      | 15         | 15         |
| Yearly Totals      |                   |                 |             |                   |              |        |            |            |
| 2012               | 24.7              | 32.6            | 36.4        | 3.1               | .5           | 2.7    | 14.4       | 16.1       |
| 2011               | 24.3              | 32.3            | 37.4        | 3.1               | . 4          | 2.5    | 15.7       | 15.6       |
| 2010               | 25.2              | 32.7            | 35.2        | 3.6               | . 4          | 2.8    | 14.5       | 14.1       |
| 2009               | 23.9              | 34.4            | 35.1        | 3.4               | .4           | 2.8    | 13.1       | 15.7       |
| 2008               | 25.7              | 36.0            | 31.5        | 3.6               | .3           | 3.0    | 10.6       | 15.2       |
| 2007               | 25.3              | 32.9            | 34.1        | 4.3               | .4           | 2.9    | 10.9       | 17.0       |
| 2006               | 27.8              | 33.1            | 30.9        | 4.4               | .3           | 3.4    | 10.5       | 15.1       |
| 2005               | 29.3              | 32.8            | 30.2        | 4.5               | .3           | 2.8    | 10.3       | 14.9       |
| 2004               | 30.0              | 33.5            | 29.5        | 3.8               | . 4          | 3.0    | 11.7       | 13.4       |
| 2003               | 30.3              | 31.5            | 30.5        | 4.8               | .5           | 2.5    | 12.0       | 12.6       |
| 2002               | 30.4              | 31.4            | 29.8        | 5.0               | .7           | 2.7    | 12.4       | 11.6       |
| 2001               | 29.0              | 33.2            | 29.5        | 5.2               | .6           | 2.6    | 11.9       | 11.6       |
| 2001 Post-Sept 11  | 30.9              | 31.8            | 27.9        | 5.2               | .6           | 3.6    | 11.7       | 9.4        |
| 2001 Pre-Sept 11   | 27.3              | 34.4            | 30.9        | 5.1               | .6           | 1.7    | 12.1       | 13.5       |

#### PARTY/PARTYLN CONTINUED...

|      |                   |                 |                    | (VOL.)     | (VOL.)       |        |            |            |
|------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------|--------------|--------|------------|------------|
|      |                   |                 |                    | No         | Other        | (VOL.) | Lean       | Lean       |
|      | <u>Republican</u> | <u>Democrat</u> | <u>Independent</u> | preference | <u>party</u> | DK/Ref | <u>Rep</u> | <u>Dem</u> |
| 2000 | 28.0              | 33.4            | 29.1               | 5.5        | .5           | 3.6    | 11.6       | 11.7       |
| 1999 | 26.6              | 33.5            | 33.7               | 3.9        | .5           | 1.9    | 13.0       | 14.5       |
| 1998 | 27.9              | 33.7            | 31.1               | 4.6        | .4           | 2.3    | 11.6       | 13.1       |
| 1997 | 28.0              | 33.4            | 32.0               | 4.0        | .4           | 2.3    | 12.2       | 14.1       |
| 1996 | 28.9              | 33.9            | 31.8               | 3.0        | . 4          | 2.0    | 12.1       | 14.9       |
| 1995 | 31.6              | 30.0            | 33.7               | 2.4        | .6           | 1.3    | 15.1       | 13.5       |
| 1994 | 30.1              | 31.5            | 33.5               | 1.3        |              | 3.6    | 13.7       | 12.2       |
| 1993 | 27.4              | 33.6            | 34.2               | 4.4        | 1.5          | 2.9    | 11.5       | 14.9       |
| 1992 | 27.6              | 33.7            | 34.7               | 1.5        | 0            | 2.5    | 12.6       | 16.5       |
| 1991 | 30.9              | 31.4            | 33.2               | 0          | 1.4          | 3.0    | 14.7       | 10.8       |
| 1990 | 30.9              | 33.2            | 29.3               | 1.2        | 1.9          | 3.4    | 12.4       | 11.3       |
| 1989 | 33                | 33              | 34                 |            |              |        |            |            |
| 1987 | 26                | 35              | 39                 |            |              |        |            |            |

ASK REPUBLICANS AND REPUBLICAN LEANERS ONLY (PARTY=1 OR PARTYLN=1) [N=600]:

TEAPARTY3 From what you know, do you agree or disagree with the Tea Party movement, or don't you have an opinion either way?

| May 1-5     |                         | Mar 13-17   | Feb 13-18   | Jan 9-13    |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| <u>2013</u> |                         | <u>2013</u> | <u>2013</u> | <u>2013</u> |
| 28          | Agree                   | 43          | 36          | 35          |
| 8           | Disagree                | 7           | 9           | 10          |
| 61          | No opinion either way   | 47          | 52          | 51          |
| 2           | Haven't heard of (VOL.) | 1           | 1           | 2           |
| 1           | Refused (VOL.)          | 1           | 3           | 2           |