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Iran Nuclear Agreement Meets With Public Skepticism

Little Confidence in Iran's Leaders to Live Up to Deal

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON THIS REPORT:

Carroll Doherty, Director of Political Research Jocelyn Kiley, Associate Director, Research Rachel Weisel, Communications Associate

202.419.4372

www.pewresearch.org

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More Americans disapprove than approve of the deal struck last week by the U.S., Iran and five

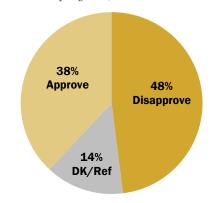
other nations to limit Iran's nuclear program: Among the 79% of Americans who have heard about the agreement, just 38% approve, while 48% disapprove (14% do not offer an opinion).

There is widespread skepticism about aspects of the agreement, particularly the Iranian leadership's commitment to the terms of the deal: Most of those familiar with the agreement say they have not too much (35%) or no confidence at all (38%) that Iran's leaders will uphold their side of the agreement. And while there is greater confidence in the U.S. and international agencies' ability to monitor Iran's compliance, 54% are not too (33%) or not at all (21%) confident, while a smaller share (45%) express at least a fair amount of confidence in their ability.

Views about the agreement's effect on U.S.-Iranian relations also are split: Though a plurality (42%) of those who have heard about the deal say there will be little change, about as many think relations between the two nations will worsen (28%) as think they will improve (25%) as a result of the agreement.

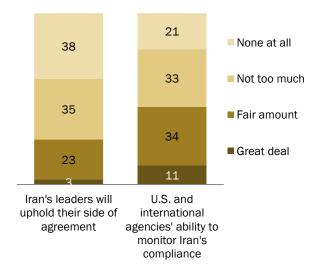
Negative Views of Iran Agreement Among Those Aware of Deal

Among the 79% who have heard about recent agreement on Iran's nuclear program, % who ...



Scant Confidence in Iran's Leaders More Confidence in Int'l Monitors

How much confidence do you have in each ... (%)



Survey conducted July 14-20, 2015. Based on those who have heard about the agreement (N=1,672). Don't know responses not shown on confidence measure.

The latest national survey by the Pew Research Center, conducted July 14-20 among 2,002 adults, including 1,672 who have heard about the agreement, finds deep partisan divides. Among those who are familiar with the agreement, three-quarters of Republicans (75%) disapprove of it, while just 14% approve. Opposition is particularly pronounced among conservative Republicans, with 82% disapproving of the agreement. Among moderate and liberal Republicans a smaller majority (58%) disapproves.

Democratic support for the agreement outweighs opposition by more than two-to-one (59% approve, 25% disapprove). And liberal Democrats are particularly supportive: 74% approve of the deal. Conservative and moderate Democrats who are familiar with the agreement support it by a considerably narrower margin (48% approve, 33% disapprove).

While those under 50 are divided in their views (42% approve, 41% disapprove), those 50 and older express more disapproval (55%) than approval (34%).

Wide Partisan Divide Over Iran Deal

Among the 79% who have heard about recent agreement on Iran's nuclear program, % who ...

	Disa	ppro	ve	Approve	DK
Total		48	8	38	14
18-29			39	43	18
30-49		4	12	41	17
50-64		54		35	11
65+		56		32	12
Post grad			32	55	13
Coll grad		4	14	41	14
Some coll		48	8	35	17
HS or less		56		32	13
Republican	75			1 4	11
Democrat			25	59	16
Independent		49	9	36	14
Cons Rep	82			7	11
Mod/Lib Rep		58		29	13
Cons/Mod Dem			33	48	20
Lib Dem			14		74 12

Survey conducted July 14-20, 2015. Based on those who have heard about the agreement (N=1,672).

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Support for the nuclear agreement is also associated with education: Those with post-graduate degrees are the only group expressing more support than opposition to the deal (55% approve, 32% disapprove), while those with college degrees are divided, and there is more opposition than support among those without college degrees.

Most Skeptical That Iran Will Stick to Terms of Agreement

Before the nuclear agreement was announced on July 14, there was modest support for direct negotiations between the United States and Iran over the country's nuclear program. However, that was accompanied by a deep distrust of Iranian leaders. In March, 63% of the public said that Iran's leaders were "not serious" about addressing international concerns over their country's nuclear enrichment program.

In the wake of the agreement, just 26% of those who have heard at least a little about the agreement say they have a great deal or fair amount of confidence that Iran's leaders will abide by its terms. About a third (35%) do not have much confidence, while 38% say they have no confidence at all.

Republicans, in particular, are dubious: 60% say they have no confidence at all that Iran will uphold its side of the agreement; another 31% have little confidence. And while 44% of Democrats express some confidence in the Iranian leaders to honor the agreement, 54% do not.

Among those who approve of the nuclear agreement, 50% say they have at least a fair amount of confidence that Iran's leaders will uphold their end of the agreement; about as

Majority of Republicans Have No Confidence Iran Will Abide by Deal

Among the 79% who have heard about recent agreement on Iran's nuclear program, confidence that Iran's leaders will uphold their side of the agreement ...

	Great deal/Fair amount	Not too much	None at all	DK/ Ref
	%	%	%	%
Total	26	35	38	2=100
18-29	33	42	24	1=100
30-49	27	37	35	2=100
50-64	23	31	44	2=100
65+	22	31	44	3=100
College grad+	31	31	36	2=100
Some college	25	33	40	3=100
HS or less	21	39	38	1=100
Republican	8	31	60	1=100
Conservative Rep	6	25	68	1=100
Mod/Liberal Rep	15	45	38	2=100
Independent	22	35	41	2=100
Democrat	44	37	17	2=100
Conserv/Mod Dem	36	41	21	2=100
Liberal Dem	55	33	11	1=100
Views of agreement				
Approve (38%)	50	40	8	2=100
Disapprove (48%)	8	26	65	1=100

Survey conducted July 14-20, 2015. Based on those who have heard about the agreement (N=1,672).

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many (48%) say they have little or no confidence. Among those who disapprove, just 8% express at least a fair amount of confidence in Iranian leaders.

Agreement Supporters Confident in U.S., International Oversight

While there is greater confidence in the United States and international agencies' ability to monitor Iran's compliance than in the Iranian leadership's intentions, still, just 45% say they have a great deal or fair amount of confidence in this monitoring, while somewhat more (54%) express little or no confidence.

Three-quarters (75%) of those who approve of the agreement say they are at least fairly confident that the U.S. and its allies can successfully monitor Iran's compliance with the terms of the agreement, a view held by just 21% of those who disapprove of the deal.

And, as with views of the overall agreement, there are substantial partisan divides: Just 22% of Republicans say they have a great deal or fair amount of confidence in the international monitoring of Iran's compliance, compared with 69% of Democrats.

Democrats Have Confidence in Ability to Monitor Iran's Compliance

Among the 79% who have heard about recent agreement on Iran's nuclear program, confidence in U.S. & international agencies' monitoring of Iran's compliance

	Great deal/Fair amount	Not too much	None at all	DK/ Ref
	%	%	%	%
Total	45	33	21	1=100
18-29	55	33	12	0=100
30-49	48	32	19	1=100
50-64	40	34	26	1=100
65+	42	33	24	1=100
College grad+	50	30	19	1=100
Some college	43	34	23	*=100
HS or less	43	34	21	1=100
Republican	22	40	36	3=100
Conserv Rep	19	39	39	2=100
Mod/Lib Rep	26	41	28	4=100
Independent	42	35	22	*=100
Democrat	69	25	6	1=100
Conserv/Mod Dem	65	29	6	*=100
Liberal	74	20	4	1=100
Views of agreement				
Approve (38%)	75	23	2	*=100
Disapprove (48%)	21	41	37	1=100

Survey conducted July 14-20, 2015. Based on those who have heard about the agreement (N=1,672).

Few Anticipate Agreement Will Lead to Better U.S.-Iranian Relations

A 42% plurality of those who have heard about the agreement over Iran's nuclear program say they expect relations between the U.S. and Iran to change little if it is implemented; 28% expect that relations will worsen, and about as many (25%) predict they will improve.

Though about four-in-ten of those in all educational groups expect little change in the two countries' relationship, those with post-graduate degrees are more likely than those with less education to expect an improvement in U.S.-Iranian relations in the future (35% say this, compared with a quarter or fewer of those without graduate degrees).

Optimism about U.S.-Iranian relations in the wake of the agreement is most pronounced among supporters of the deal: 49% anticipate relations will get better, while 42% say they will stay about the same; just 6% say they will get worse. By comparison, half (50%) of those who disapprove of the deal think relations will worsen, while 42% say they will stay the same.

Wide Partisan and Ideological Gaps in Views of Future U.S.-Iran Relationship

If agreement is implemented, do you think the relationship between U.S. and Iran will ... (%)

	Improve	Stay about the same	Get worse	Don't know
	%	%	%	%
Total	25	42	28	5=100
Post-grad	35	43	16	5=100
College grad	25	43	26	6=100
Some college	23	43	29	5=100
HS or less	22	41	33	5=100
Republican	10	40	46	4=100
Conservative	9	39	48	4=100
Mod/Liberal	13	44	39	4=100
Independent	21	45	29	5=100
Democrat	40	40	14	6=100
Conserv/Mod	29	47	19	5=100
Liberal	53	32	7	7=100
Views of agreement				
Approve (38%)	49	42	6	4=100
Disapprove (48%)	6	42	50	2=100

Survey conducted July 14-20, 2015. Based on those who have heard about the agreement (N=1.672).

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Consistent with the partisan divide in support

for the deal, most Republicans say the agreement's implementation will either have little (40%) or a negative (46%) impact on U.S.-Iranian relations, while most Democrats say the deal will have either a positive (40%) or no (40%) effect. Independent opinions largely mirror overall views: A 45% plurality say there will be little change in relations between the two nations, although independents are somewhat more likely to say the agreement will worsen (29%), rather than improve (21%), relations.

Most Americans Familiar With Iran Agreement

While just 35% of Americans say they have heard a lot about the agreement over Iran's nuclear program, a sizable majority (79%) has heard at least a little about it.

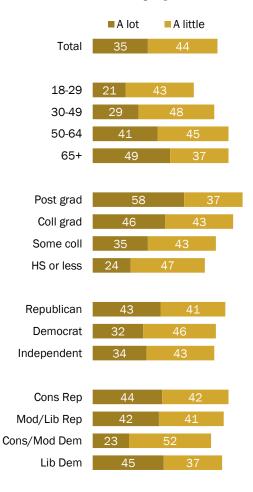
Older Americans are more likely to have heard about the agreement than younger people: 86% of those 65 and older have heard about the agreement, including about half (49%) who say they have heard a lot about it. By comparison, 64% of adults under 30 have heard about the agreement, including just 21% who say they have heard a lot about it.

Education is also strongly associated with awareness of the agreement: While 94% of those with post-graduate degrees have heard about the agreement (including 58% who say they have heard a lot), that compares with 71% of those who have not attended college (including only 24% who say they have heard a lot).

More Republicans (84%) than Democrats or independents (78% each) say they have heard about the agreement. But conservative Republicans and liberal Democrats are about equally likely to have heard of the agreement.

More Educated, Older Americans More Familiar With the Iranian Nuclear Deal

% who say they have heard ____ about the recent agreement on Iran's nuclear program



Survey conducted July 14-20, 2015. Based on total.

Most Americans Continue to Say Diplomacy is Best Way to Ensure Peace

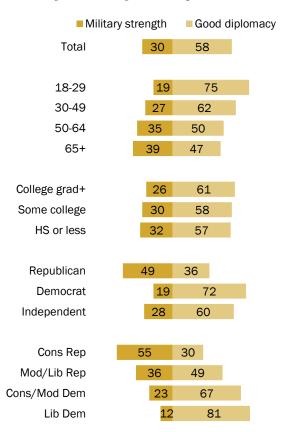
In general, the public continues to say that good diplomacy, rather than military strength, is the best way to ensure peace. Nearly six-inten (58%) say good diplomacy is the best way to ensure peace; 30% say the best way to ensure peace is through military strength. These views have changed only modestly since the question was first asked two decades ago.

Younger people are far more likely than older Americans to view good diplomacy as the best path to peace. Majorities of those under 30 (75%) and 30-49 (62%) say this, compared with about half of those 50-64(50%) and 65 and older (47%).

There continue to be wide partisan and ideological divides on this question: While 72% of Democrats (including 81% of liberal Democrats) say that good diplomacy provides the best path to peace, Republicans are more likely to say military might, rather than diplomacy, is the best way to ensure peace (49% vs. 36%).

Young People, Democrats Most Likely to Say Diplomacy the Best Path to Peace

% who say the best way to ensure peace is...



Survey conducted July 14-20, 2015. Based on total. Don't know responses not shown.

Question Wording and Views of the Iran Agreement

One week after the announcement of the Iran agreement, public opinion on the deal varies depending on how the issue is framed. The Pew Research Center question asks people first a general question about their familiarity with the deal: "How much, if anything, have you heard about a recent agreement on Iran's nuclear program between Iran, the United States and other nations?" and then asks people "From what you know, do you approve or disapprove of this agreement?" This question format finds that disapproval significantly outweighs approval, both

among the public overall (33% approve, 45% disapprove, 22% have no opinion), and among the 79% of the public who have heard about the deal (38% approve, 48% disapprove, 14% have no opinion).

A <u>Washington Post/ABC News</u> survey conducted over approximately the same field period finds significantly more support than opposition to the deal among the overall public (56% support, 37% oppose, 7% have no opinion). This question includes a description of the agreement: "As you may know, the U.S. and other countries have announced a deal to lift economic sanctions against Iran in exchange for Iran agreeing not to produce nuclear weapons.

International inspectors would monitor Iran's facilities, and if Iran is caught breaking the agreement economic sanctions would be imposed again. Do you support or oppose this agreement? Do you feel that way strongly or somewhat?"

The different findings on public views of the Iran nuclear agreement in the

Views of the Iran Deal Differ With Different Question Wording

Pew Research (July 14-20, 2015)

How much, if anything, have you heard about a recent agreement on Iran's nuclear program between Iran, the United States and other nations? Have you heard a lot, a little, or nothing at all?

From what you know, do you approve or disapprove of this agreement?

	Total	Rep	Dem	Ind	R-D diff
Based on total public	%	%	%	%	
Approve	33	13	50	31	-37
Disapprove	45	68	27	47	+41
Don't know/Refused	<u>22</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	
	100	100	100	100	
Based on those who have heard a lot/a little about the agreement					
Approve	38	14	59	36	-45
Disapprove	48	75	25	49	+50
Don't know/Refused	<u>14</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>14</u>	
	100	100	100	100	

Washington Post/ABC News (July 16-19, 2015)

As you may know, the U.S. and other countries have announced a deal to lift economic sanctions against Iran in exchange for Iran agreeing not to produce nuclear weapons. International inspectors would monitor Iran's facilities, and if Iran is caught breaking the agreement economic sanctions would be imposed again. Do you support or oppose this agreement? Do you feel that way strongly or somewhat?

Support	56	41	69	56	-28
Oppose	37	54	25	37	+29
No opinion	<u>7</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	
	100	100	100	100	

Pew Research Center survey conducted July 14-20, 2015. ABC/Washington Post survey conducted July 16-19, 2015.

Washington Post/ABC News and Pew Research Center surveys highlight how question wording – and the information provided in a question – can impact public opinion, particularly on issues where public views are still being shaped and information levels are relatively low. The Pew Research question, which does not describe the agreement, finds lower levels of support than the Post/ABC News question, which details the intention to monitor Iran's facilities and raises the possibility of re-imposition of sanctions if Iran does not comply.

In other questions, both the Washington Post/ABC survey and the Pew Research Center survey find substantial public skepticism about the agreement. The Pew Research Center survey <u>asks</u> <u>about confidence</u> in Iran's leadership to uphold their end of the deal and the ability of the U.S. and international agencies to monitor compliance, finding that majorities are not confident about either. And the Washington Post/ABC News poll asks people how confident they are "that this agreement will prevent Iran from developing nuclear weapons - very confident, somewhat confident, not so confident or not confident at all," finding that 64% are not confident in this.

Though levels of support for the agreement differ depending on how the question is asked, both questions find large divides between Democrats and Republicans in approval of the deal, although that division is more pronounced in the Pew Research question than in the Washington Post/ABC News question.

About the Survey

The analysis in this report is based on telephone interviews conducted July 14-20, 2015 among a national sample of 2,002 adults, 18 years of age or older, living in all 50 U.S. states and the District of Columbia (700 respondents were interviewed on a landline telephone, and 1,302 were interviewed on a cell phone, including 758 who had no landline telephone). The survey was conducted by interviewers at Princeton Data Source under the direction of Princeton Survey Research Associates International. A combination of landline and cell phone random digit dial samples were used; both samples were provided by Survey Sampling International. Interviews were conducted in English and Spanish. Respondents in the landline sample were selected by randomly asking for the youngest adult male or female who is now at home. Interviews in the cell sample were conducted with the person who answered the phone, if that person was an adult 18 years of age or older. For detailed information about our survey methodology, see http://www.pewresearch.org/methodology/u-s-survey-research/

The combined landline and cell phone sample are weighted using an iterative technique that matches gender, age, education, race, Hispanic origin and nativity and region to parameters from the 2013 Census Bureau's American Community Survey and population density to parameters from the Decennial Census. The sample also is weighted to match current patterns of telephone status (landline only, cell phone only, or both landline and cell phone), based on extrapolations from the 2014 National Health Interview Survey. The weighting procedure also accounts for the fact that respondents with both landline and cell phones have a greater probability of being included in the combined sample and adjusts for household size among respondents with a landline phone. The margins of error reported and statistical tests of significance are adjusted to account for the survey's design effect, a measure of how much efficiency is lost from the weighting procedures.

The following table shows the unweighted sample sizes and the error attributable to sampling that would be expected at the 95% level of confidence for different groups in the survey:

Group	Unweighted sample size	Plus or minus
Total sample	2,002	2.5 percentage points
Heard at least a little about Iran agreement	1,672	2.7 percentage points
Among those who have heard about the agreement		
Republican	405	5.6 percentage points
Democrat	535	4.9 percentage points
Independent	654	4.4 percentage points

Sample sizes and sampling errors for other subgroups are available upon request.

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.

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PEW RESEARCH CENTER JULY 2015 POLITICAL SURVEY FINAL TOPLINE JULY 14-20, 2015 N=2,002

QUESTIONS 1-2, 9-14, 21b HELD FOR FUTURE RELEASE

NO QUESTIONS 3-8, 15-20, 21a

ASK ALL:

Next,

Q.21 Which comes closer to your view — even if neither is exactly right. [READ AND RANDOMIZE PAIRS BUT NOT STATEMENTS WITHIN EACH PAIR]. Next, [NEXT PAIR] [IF NECESSARY: "Which statement comes closer to your views, even if neither is exactly right?"]

C.	The best way to ensure peace is through military strength	Good diplomacy is the best way to ensure peace	(VOL.) Both/Neither/ <u>DK/Ref</u>
Jul 14-20, 2015	30	58	12
Jan 23-Mar 16, 2014	30	62	8
Dec 3-8, 2013	31	57	12
Feb 22-Mar 14, 2011	31	58	11
October, 2006	28	57	15
December, 2004	30	55	15
August, 1999	33	55	12
October, 1996	36	53	11
October, 1995	36	59	5
April, 1995	35	58	7
October, 1994	40	52	8
July, 1994	36	58	6

NO QUESTIONS 22-24, 26-33

QUESTION 25 HELD FOR FUTURE RELEASE

ASK ALL:

On another subject ...

Q.34 How much, if anything, have you heard about a recent agreement on Iran's nuclear program between Iran, the United States and other nations? Have you heard [READ IN ORDER]

Jul 14-20
2015
35 A lot
44 A little
21 Nothing at all
1 Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

Q. 34 CONTINUED...

TRENDS FOR COMPARISON: How much, if anything, have you heard about negotiations between the United States and Iran on Iran's nuclear program? Have you heard ...

				(VOL.)
			Nothing	Don't know/
	A lot	A little	<u>at all</u>	<u>Refused</u>
Mar 25-29, 2015	27	49	24	1
Dec 3-8, 2013 U.SIran Pact (U) ¹	24	48	28	1
Oct 30-Nov 6, 2013	24	49	26	1
Mar 7-11, 2012	41	38	21	*
Feb 8-12, 2012	38	39	23	*
Jan 11-16, 2012	42	41	15	2
Sept 30-Oct 4, 2009	41	41	18	*
Sep 2006	41	44	14	1
Feb 2006	32	46	21	1

ASK ALL:

Q.35 From what you know, do you approve or disapprove of this agreement? [IF NECESSARY: The recent agreement on Iran's nuclear program between Iran, the United States and other nations]

BASED ON BASED ON HEARD ABOUT TOTAL [N=2,002]: AGREEMENT [N=1,672]:

Jul 14-20	Jul 14-20	
<u>2015</u>	<u>2015</u>	
33	38	Approve
45	48	Disapprove
22	14	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

TRENDS FOR COMPARISON [BASED ON TOTAL]: From what you know, do you approve or disapprove of ...

Agreement between U.S. and Iran on Iran's nuclear program

U.S. negotiating directly with Iran over its nuclear program

(0)				
Dec 3-8		Mar 25-29	Sep 30-Oct 4	Sep
<u>2013</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2009</u>	2006 ²
32	Approve	49	63	54
43	Disapprove	40	28	32
25	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)	11	9	14

In December 2013, question referred to "the recent agreement between the United States and Iran on Iran's nuclear program." In November 2013, question referred to "recent international talks regarding Iran's nuclear enrichment program." From September 2006 to March 2012, question read: "How much, if anything, have you read or heard about the dispute over Iran's nuclear program? Have you heard...." In January 11-16, 2012, the question read: "...recent tensions between the U.S. and Iran over Iran's nuclear program and disputes in the Persian Gulf." In February 2006, question read: "The Iranian government recently said it will resume research on nuclear technology, despite opposition from other countries. How much, if anything, have you read or heard about this?"

In September 2006, question read: "From what you know, would you favor or oppose the United States negotiating directly with Iran over the issue of its nuclear program?"

ASK ALL:

Q.36 If this agreement is implemented, do you think the relationship between the U.S. and Iran will improve, get worse or stay about the same?

BASED ON BASED ON HEARD ABOUT TOTAL [N=2,002]: AGREEMENT [N=1,672]:

Jul 14-20	Jul 14-20	
<u>2015</u>	<u>2015</u>	
23	25	Improve
28	28	Get worse
40	42	Stay about the same
9	5	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

RANDOMIZE Q.37 AND Q.38

ASK ALL:

Q.37 How much confidence do you have that Iran's leaders will uphold their side of the agreement **[READ IN ORDER]**?

BASED ON BASED ON HEARD ABOUT TOTAL [N=2,002]: AGREEMENT [N=1,672]:

Jul 14-20	Jul 14-20	
<u>2015</u>	<u>2015</u>	
3	3	A great deal of confidence
22	23	A fair amount of confidence
34	35	Not too much confidence
37	38	No confidence at all
4	2	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

RANDOMIZE Q.37 AND Q.38 ASK ALL:

Q.38 How much confidence do you have in the U.S. and international agencies' ability to monitor Iran's compliance with the agreement **[READ IN ORDER]**?

BASED ON BASED ON HEARD ABOUT TOTAL [N=2,002]: AGREEMENT [N=1,672]:

Jul 14-20	Jul 14-20	
<u>2015</u>	<u>2015</u>	
12	11	A great deal of confidence
34	34	A fair amount of confidence
32	33	Not too much confidence
20	21	No confidence at all
3	1	Don't know/Refused (VOL.)

NO QUESTIONS 39-44, 51-53, 57a, 60, 66-74, 78-80

QUESTIONS 45-50, 54-56, 57b-e, 58-59, 61-65, 81-84 HELD FOR FUTURE RELEASE

QUESTIONS 75-77 PREVIOUSLY RELEASED

ASK ALL:

PARTY In politics TODAY, do you consider yourself a Republican, Democrat, or independent? **ASK IF INDEP/NO PREF/OTHER/DK/REF (PARTY=3,4,5,9):**PARTYLN As of today do you lean more to the Republican Party or more to the Democratic Party?

				(VOL.)	(VOL.)			
				No	Other	(VOL.)	Lean	Lean
	Republican	<u>Democrat</u>	<u>Independent</u>	<u>preference</u>	party	DK/Ref	<u>Rep</u>	<u>Dem</u>
Jul 14-20, 2015	22	32	41	4	*	1	15	19
May 12-18, 2015	24	32	38	3	1	2	15	18
Mar 25-29, 2015	25	30	39	4	*	2	15	17
Feb 18-22, 2015	24	31	38	4	1	1	18	17
Jan 7-11, 2015	21	30	44	3	1	1	19	18
Dec 3-7, 2014	24	31	39	3	1	2	17	17
Nov 6-9, 2014	27	32	36	2	*	1	15	16
Oct 15-20, 2014	24	33	38	4	*	1	13	17
Sep 2-9, 2014	24	33	38	3	1	2	15	15
Aug 20-24, 2014	24	31	37	4	1	4	15	16
Jul 8-14, 2014	25	34	37	2	1	1	16	15
Yearly Totals					_			
2014	23.2	31.5	39.5	3.1	.7	2.0	16.2	16.5
2013	23.9	32.1	38.3	2.9	.5	2.2	16.0	16.0
2012	24.7	32.6	36.4	3.1	.5	2.7	14.4	16.1
2011	24.3	32.3	37.4	3.1	.4	2.5	15.7	15.6
2010	25.2	32.7	35.2	3.6	.4	2.8	14.5	14.1
2009	23.9	34.4	35.1	3.4	.4	2.8	13.1	15.7
2008	25.7	36.0	31.5	3.6	.3	3.0	10.6	15.2
2007	25.3	32.9	34.1	4.3	.4	2.9	10.9	17.0
2006	27.8	33.1	30.9	4.4	.3	3.4	10.5	15.1
2005	29.3	32.8	30.2	4.5	.3	2.8	10.3	14.9
2004	30.0	33.5	29.5	3.8	.4	3.0	11.7	13.4
2003	30.3	31.5	30.5	4.8	.5	2.5	12.0	12.6
2002	30.4	31.4	29.8	5.0	.7	2.7	12.4	11.6
2001	29.0	33.2	29.5	5.2	.6	2.6	11.9	11.6
2001 Post-Sept 11	<i>30.9</i>	31.8	<i>27.9</i>	5.2	.6	3.6	11.7	9.4
2001 Pre-Sept 11	27.3	34.4	<i>30.9</i>	<i>5.1</i> 5.5	.6	1.7	12.1	13.5
2000	28.0	33.4	29.1		.5	3.6	11.6	11.7
1999 1998	26.6 27.9	33.5 33.7	33.7 31.1	3.9 4.6	.5 .4	1.9 2.3	13.0 11.6	14.5 13.1
1997	27.9	33.4	32.0	4.0	.4 .4	2.3	12.2	14.1
1996	28.9	33.4 33.9	31.8	3.0	.4 .4	2.3	12.2	14.1
1995	31.6	30.0	33.7	2.4	.6	1.3	15.1	13.5
1994	30.1	31.5	33.5	1.3		3.6	13.7	12.2
1993	27.4	33.6	34.2	4.4	1.5	2.9	11.5	14.9
1993	27.4	33.7	34.7	1.5	0	2.5	12.6	16.5
1992	30.9	33.7	33.2	0	1.4	3.0	14.7	10.5
1990	30.9	33.2	29.3	1.2	1.9	3.4	12.4	11.3
1989	33	33.2	34		1.9	J. 4	12.4	
1987	26	35 35	39					
100/	20	33	33	_	-	_	-	_

ASK ALL:

TEAPARTY2

From what you know, do you agree or disagree with the Tea Party movement, or don't you have an opinion either way?

				(VOL.)		Not
			No opinion	Haven't	(VOL.)	heard of/
	<u>Agree</u>	<u>Disagree</u>	either way	heard of	Refused	<u>DK</u>
Jul 14-20, 2015	15	27	55	2	1	
Jan 7-11, 2015	17	27	52	2	1	
Jan 23-Mar 16, 2014	18	28	51	1	2	
Oct 9-13, 2013	19	32	46	2	2	

TEAPARTY2 CONTINUED...

AKTTZ CONTINGED			()(01.)			Not
			(VOL.)	Hayon't	(\(\(\) \)	Not
	Aaroo	Dispares	No opinion	Haven't	(VOL.)	heard of/
Jul 17 21 2012	Agree	<u>Disagree</u> 25	<u>either way</u> 52	<u>heard of</u> 4	Refused	<u>DK</u>
Jul 17-21, 2013	18 22	25 29	46	2	1 2	
Jun 12-16, 2013	22 17	29	56	3	4	
May 23-26, 2013 Feb 14-17, 2013	19	26	50 52	2	1	
	18	29	52 50	2	1	
Dec 5-9, 2012 Oct 31-Nov 3, 2012 (RVs)	19	29 29	47	1	3	
Oct 4-7, 2012 (<i>RVS)</i>	19	25	52	2	2	
	18	26	53	2	2	
Sep 12-16, 2012	16	20 27	53 54	2	1	
Jul 16-26, 2012 Jun 28-Jul 9, 2012	19	27	49	3	2	
Jun 7-17, 2012	21	25	52	2	1	
May 9-Jun 3, 2012	16	25	52 54	2	3	
Apr 4-15, 2012	20	26	50	3	2	
Mar 7-11, 2012	20 19	29	48	2	2	
Feb 8-12, 2012	18	25	53	2	2	
Jan 11-16, 2012	20	24	52	2	2	
Jan 4-8, 2012	18	25	52 52	2	3	
Dec 7-11, 2011	19	27	50	2	2	
Nov 9-14, 2011	20	27	51	1	1	
Sep 22-Oct 4, 2011	19	27	51	2	1	
Aug 17-21, 2011	20	27	50	1	1	
Jul 20-24, 2011	20	24	53	1	1	
Jun 15-19, 2011	20	26	50	3	2	
May 25-30, 2011	18	23	54	2	2	
Mar 30-Apr 3, 2011	22	29	47	1	1	
Mar 8-14, 2011	19	25	54	1	1	
Feb 22-Mar 1, 2011	20	25	52	2	2	
Feb 2-7, 2011 ³	22	22	53	2	2	
Jan 5-9, 2011	24	22	50	2	1	
Dec 1-5, 2010	22	26	49	2	2	
Nov 4-7, 2010	27	22	49	1	1	
Oct 27-30, 2010 (RVs)	29	25	32		1	13
Oct 13-18, 2010 (RVs)	28	24	30		1	16
Aug 25-Sep 6, 2010 (RVs)	29	26	32		1	13
Jul 21-Aug 5, 2010	22	18	37		1	21
Jun 16-20, 2010	24	18	30		*	27
May 20-23, 2010	25	18	31		1	25
Mar 11-21, 2010	24	14	29		1	31
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Key to Pew Research trends noted in the topline:

(U) Pew Research Center/USA Today polls

In the February 2-7, 2011, survey and before, question read "...do you strongly agree, agree, disagree or strongly disagree with the Tea Party movement..." In October 2010 and earlier, question was asked only of those who had heard or read a lot or a little about the Tea Party. In May 2010 through October 2010, it was described as: "the Tea Party movement that has been involved in campaigns and protests in the U.S. over the past year." In March 2010 it was described as "the Tea Party protests that have taken place in the U.S. over the past year."