# Methodology

## The American Trends Panel survey methodology

The American Trends Panel (ATP), created by Pew Research Center, is a nationally representative panel of randomly selected U.S. adults. Panelists participate via self-administered web surveys. Panelists who do not have internet access at home are provided with a tablet and wireless internet connection. The panel is being managed by Ipsos.

Data in this report are drawn from the panel wave conducted June 3 to June 17, 2019. A total of 4,272 panelists responded out of 5,869 who were sampled, for a response rate of 73%. This does

not include six panelists who were removed from the data due to extremely high rates of refusal or straightlining. The cumulative response rate accounting for nonresponse to the recruitment surveys and attrition is 5.1%. The break-off rate among panelists who logged onto the survey and completed at least one item is 1.7%. The margin of sampling error for the full sample of 4,272 respondents is plus or minus 1.9 percentage points.

American Trends Panel recruitment surveys				
Recruitment dates	Mode	Invited	Joined	Active panelists remaining
Jan. 23 to March 16, 2014	Landline/ cell RDD	9,809	5,338	2,503
Aug. 27 to Oct. 4, 2015	Landline/ cell RDD	6,004	2,976	1,464
April 25 to June 4, 2017	Landline/ cell RDD	3,905	1,628	801
Aug. 8 to Oct. 31, 2018	ABS/web	9,396	8,778	8,691
	Total	29,114	18,720	13,459

Note: Approximately once per year, panelists who have not participated in multiple consecutive waves or who did not complete an annual profiling survey are removed from the panel. Panelists also become inactive if they ask to be removed from the panel.

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The subsample from the ATP was selected by grouping panelists into five strata so demographic groups that are underrepresented in the panel had a higher probability of selection than overrepresented groups:

- Stratum A consists of panelists who are non-internet users. They were sampled at a rate of 100%.
- Stratum B consists of panelists with a high school education or less. They were sampled at a rate of 98.9%.
- Stratum C consists of panelists that are Hispanic, unregistered to vote, or non-volunteers. They were sampled at a rate of 44.8%.

- Stratum D consists of panelists that are black or 18-34 years old. They were sampled at a rate
  of 18.2%.
- Stratum E consists of the remaining panelists. They were sampled at a rate of 13.5%.

The ATP was created in 2014, with the first cohort of panelists invited to join the panel at the end of a large, national, landline and cellphone random-digit-dial survey that was conducted in both English and Spanish. Two additional recruitments were conducted using the same method in 2015 and 2017, respectively. Across these three surveys, a total of 19,718 adults were invited to join the ATP, of which 9,942 agreed to participate.

In August 2018, the ATP switched from telephone to address-based recruitment. Invitations were sent to a random, address-based sample (ABS) of households selected from the U.S. Postal Service's Delivery Sequence File. In each household, the adult with the next birthday was asked to go online to complete a survey, at the end of which they were invited to join the panel. For a random half-sample of invitations, households without internet access were instructed to return a postcard. These households were contacted by telephone and sent a tablet if they agreed to participate. A total of 9,396 were invited to join the panel, and 8,778 agreed to join the panel and completed an initial profile survey. Of the 18,720 individuals who have ever joined the ATP, 13,459 remained active panelists and continued to receive survey invitations at the time this survey was conducted.

The U.S. Postal Service's Delivery Sequence File has been estimated to cover as much as 98% of the population, although some studies suggest that the coverage could be in the low 90% range.

## Weighting

The ATP data were weighted in a multistep process that begins with a base weight incorporating the respondents' original survey selection probability and the fact that in 2014 and 2017 some respondents were subsampled for invitation to the panel. The next step in the weighting uses an iterative technique that aligns the sample to population benchmarks on the dimensions listed in the accompanying table.

Sampling errors and test of statistical-significance take into account the effect of weighting. Interviews are conducted in both English and Spanish, but the American Trends Panel's Hispanic sample is predominantly U.S. born and English speaking.

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.

The following table shows the unweighted sample sizes and the error attributable to sampling that would be expected at the 95% level of confidence for different groups in the survey:

## **Weighting dimensions**

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Variable	Benchmark source
Gender	2017 American
Age	Community Survey
Education	,
Race/Hispanic	

origin Hispanic nativity Home internet access

Region x Metropolitan status	2018 CPS March Supplement
Volunteerism	2017 CPS Volunteering and Civic Life Supplement
Voter registration	2016 CPS Voting and Registration Supplement
Party affiliation	Average of the three most recent Pew Research Center telephone surveys.

Note: Estimates from the ACS are based on non-institutionalized adults. Voter registration is calculated using procedures from Hur, Achen (2013) and rescaled to include the total US adult population.

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Croun	Unweighted	Weighted	Plus or minus
<b>Group</b> Total sample	<b>sample size</b> 4,272	Percentage	1.9 percentage points
Ages 18-29	671		4.8 percentage points
30-49	1,314	3.3 percentage poin	
50-64	1,308		3.4 percentage points
65+	977		3.8 percentage points
Less than \$30,000	1,107		3.8 percentage points
\$30,000-\$74,999	1,469		3.2 percentage points
\$75,000+	1,496	1,496	
Form 1 sample	2,140		2.6 percentage points
Men	935		4.1 percentage points
Women	1,205		3.4 percentage points

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White, Non-Hispanic	1,445	1,445	
Black, Non-Hispanic	224		8.2 percentage points
Hispanic	309		7.9 percentage points
Ages 18-49	1,002		3.9 percentage points
50+	1,138		3.5 percentage points
Less than \$30K	551		5.4 percentage points
\$30-\$74,999	736		4.5 percentage points
\$75,000K+	756		4.3 percentage points
High school or less	735		4.6 percentage points
Some college	598		4.9 percentage points
College+	802		4.0 percentage points
Rep/Lean Rep	915	43	3.9 percentage points
Dem/Lean Dem	1,153	52	3.7 percentage points
DNA test users	365		6.3 percentage points
Non-DNA test users	1,775		2.9 percentage points

Sample sizes and sampling errors for other subgroups are available upon request.

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# **Topline questionnaire**

# 2019 PEW RESEARCH CENTER'S AMERICAN TRENDS PANEL WAVE 49 JUNE 2019 FINAL TOPLINE JUNE 3-17, 2019 TOTAL N=4,272

THE QUESTIONS PRESENTED BELOW ARE PART OF A LARGER SURVEY CONDUCTED ON THE AMERICAN TRENDS PANEL. OTHER QUESTIONS ON THIS SURVEY HAVE EITHER BEEN PREVIOUSLY RELEASED OR HELD FOR FUTURE RELEASE.

### ASK ALL2:

DNATEST Have you ever used a mail-in DNA testing service from a company such as

AncestryDNA or 23andMe?

June 3-17, 2019

Yes, have used this No, have not used this

\* No Answer

## **ASK ALL:**

## [RANDOMIZE ORDER OF QUESTIONS A-F]

DATAUSE Now thinking about other ways that private companies and government agencies

might use data or information they collect about people...

In your opinion, do you think the following uses of data or information are

acceptable or unacceptable?

		<u>Acceptable</u>	<u>Unacceptable</u>	Not sure	No Answer
c.	[FORM 1 [N=2,140]] DNA testing companies sharing their customers' genetic data with law enforcement agencies in order to help solve crimes				
	June 3-17, 2019	48	33	18	1

### **ASK ALL:**

<sup>2</sup> This question was asked on the Wave 50 survey to n=6,020 respondents who did not respond to Wave 49 of the American Trends Panel, conducted June 3-17, 2019. For the n=3,814 respondents who responded to both surveys, their response for DNATEST from Wave 49 was used and they were not asked the question as part of the Wave 50 survey.

PARTY In politics today, do you consider yourself a... **ASK IF INDEP/SOMETHING ELSE (PARTY=3 or 4 or REFUSED):**PARTYLN As of today do you lean more to...3

June 3-17, 2019	
26	Republican
32	Democrat
28	Independent
13	Something else
18	Lean Rep
20	Lean Dem
5	No answer to PARTYLN
2	No answer to PARTY

 $_{\rm 3}$  Party and Partyln asked in a prior survey.